



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UTILITY APPLICATION AND APPLICATION FEE TRANSMITTAL (1.53(b))

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS BOX: PATENT APPLICATION Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing is the patent application of

Named Inventor(s) Address(es):	Masayuki Yanagi, 257 Congressional Lane, #402, Rockville, MD 20852 U.S.A.					
	Jens Bukh, 7 Center Drive, MSC 0740, Bethesda, MD 20892 USA					
	Suzanne U. Emerson, 18201 Woodcrest Drive, Rockville, MD 20852 USA					
	Robert H. Purcell, 17517 White Grounds Road, Boyds, MD 20841 USA					
For:	CLONED GENOMES OF INFECTIOUS HEPATITIS C VIRUSES AND USES					
	THEREOF					
Enclosed are:						
[X] <u>57</u> page(X] 57 page(s) of specification, 1 page(s) of Abstract, 4 page(s) of claims					
[X] 49 sheet(s) of drawings [X] formal [] informal						
[X] 61 sheet(s) of Sequence Listing						
[X] 3 page(s) of Declaration and Power of Attorney						
[] Unsigned [] Newly Executed [X] Copy from prior application						
[X] page copy of Associate Power of Attorney						
[X] 1 page copy of Change of Correspondence Address						
[] Deletion of inventors including Signed Statement under 37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d)(2)						
combined	Incorporation by Reference: The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the combined declaration and power of attorney is supplied herein, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is incorporated herein by reference.					
[] Microfiche	Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)					

[X]	_61	page(s) of Sequence Listing			
	[X]	computer readable disk containing Sequence Listing			
	[X]	Statement under 37 C.F.R. § 1.821(f) that computer and paper copies of the Sequence Listing are the same.			
	[]	Transfer the computer readable disk containing the sequence listing from the parent application to this application.			
[]	Claim for Priority				
[]	Certified copy of Priority Document(s)				
	[]	English translation documents			
[X]	Inforr	Information Disclosure Statement (3 pages)			
	[X]	Copy of 17 cited references			
	[X]	PTO-1449 forms (4 pages).			
[X]	Preliminary Amendment				
[X]	Return receipt postcard (MPEP 503)				
[X]	Assignment Papers (assignment cover sheet and assignment documents)				
	[]	A check in the amount of \$40.00 for recording the Assignment.			
	[X]	Assignment papers filed in parent application Serial No. <u>09/014.416</u> .			
	[]	Certification of chain of title pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b).			
[X]	This is a [] continuation [X] divisional [] continuation-in-part (C-I-P) of co-pending application Serial No. $\underline{09/014.416}$.				
	[X]	Cancel in this application original claims $\underline{141}$ of the parent application before calculating the filing fee. (At least one original independent claim must be retained for filing purposes.)			
	[X]	A preliminary Amendment is enclosed. (Claims added by this Amendment have been properly numbered consecutively beginning with the number following the highest numbered original claim in the prior application.			
[X]	The status of the parent application is as follows:				
	[]	A Petition For Extension of Time and a Fee therefor has been or is being filed in the parent application to extend the term for action in the parent application until			
	[]	A copy of the Petition for Extension of Time in the co-pending parent application is attached.			
	[X]	No Petition For Extension of Time and Fee therefor are necessary in the co-pending parent application.			
[]	Please abandon the parent application at a time while the parent application is pending or at a time when the petition for extension of time in that application is granted and while this application is pending has been granted a filing date, so as to make this application co-pending.				

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- [] Please abandon the parent application at a time while the parent application is pending or at a time when the petition for extension of time in that application is granted and while this application is pending has been granted a filing date, so as to make this application co-pending.
 - [] Transfer the drawing(s) from the patent application to this application.
- [X] Amend the specification by inserting before the first line the sentence:
 This is a [] continuation [X] divisional [] continuation-in-part of co-pending application Serial No. 09/014/416.

CALCULATION OF APPLICATION FEE (For Other Than A Small Entity)								
				Basic Fee				
Number Filed		Number Extra	Rate	\$690.00				
26	-20=	6	x\$18.00	108.00				
4	- 3=	1	x\$78.00	78.00				
Multiple Dependent Claims								
[X] yes		Additional Fee = Add'1 Fee =	\$260.00 NONE	260.00				
	Number Filed 26 4 ndent Claims [X] yes	Number Filed 26 -20= 4 -3= ndent Claims [X] yes	Number Filed Number Extra 26 -20= 6 4 -3= 1 ndent Claims [X] yes Additional Fee	Number Filed Number Extra Rate 26 -20= 6 x\$18.00 4 -3= 1 x\$78.00 ndent Claims [X] yes Additional Fee \$260.00				

Total: \$1,136.00

- [X] A check in the amount of \$1,136.00 in payment of the application filing fees is attached.
- [X] The Assistant Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required for filing this application, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 13-4500, Order No. 2026-4276US1. A DUPLICATE COPY OF THIS SHEET IS ATTACHED.

Respectfully submitted,

MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P.

Dated: September 14, 2000

By: Kathryn M. Brow Reg. No. 34,556

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P. 345 Park Avenue New York, New York 10154 (212) 758-4800

(212) 751-6849 Facsimile

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant(s)

Yanagi et al

Group Art Unit: To be assigned

Serial No.

Div. of 09/014,416

Examiner: To be assigned

Filed

September 14, 2000

For

CLONED GENOMES OF INFECTIOUS HEPATITIS

C VIRUSES AND USES THEREOF

EXPRESS MAIL CERTIFICATE

Express Mail Label No. EL632223629US

Date of Deposit September 14, 2000

I hereby certify that the following attached paper(s) and/or fee

- 1. Utility Application and Application Fee Transmittal,
- Preliminary Amendment,
- Copy of specification (57 pages), claims (4 pages, 43 claims), abstract (1 page), drawings (49 sheets, formal), Declaration, Associate Power of Attorney, Change of Correspondence Address and Assignment,
- Substitute Paper Sequence Listing (Exhibit A).
- Substitute Computer Readable Sequence Listing (Exhibit B).
- 6. Statement That Content of the Paper and Computer Readable Copies
 - Are The Same (37 CFR §1.821(f) and 1/821(g)) (Exhibit C),
- 7. Information Disclosure Statement,
- Form PTO 1449,
- Copy of 17 references,
- 10. Check in the amount of \$1,136.00, and
- 11. Return Receipt Postcard

is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under

37 C.F.R. §1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Commissioner for Patents, Washington,

D.C., Box Patent Application, 20231.

Francisco Garcia

(Typed or printed name of person

mailing paper(s) and/or fee)

(Signature of person mailing paper(s) and/or fee)

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS: MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P. 345 Park Avenue New York, New York 10154 (212) 758-4800

(212) 751-6849 Facsimile

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant(s): Yanagi et al.

Group Art Unit: To be assigned

Serial No. :

Divisional of 09/014,416

Examiner: To be assigned

Filed

: September 14, 2000

For

: CLONED GENOMES OF INFECTIOUS HEPATITIS C

VIRUSES AND USES THEREOF

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS

Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination on the merits, Applicants respectfully request entry of the following Preliminary Amendment.

IN THE SPECIFICATION

On page 1, line 4, after the recitation of "This application", insert – is a divisional of U.S. Serial No. 09/014.416 filed January 27, 1998 which –.

On page 9, line 8 after recitation of "sequence" and prior to the recitation of "of a H77C clone" insert -- (SEQ ID NO:2) --.

On page 9, line 9 after recitation of "amino acid sequence" insert -- (SEQ ID NO:1)--.

On page 9, line 29 after recitation of "Figure 7" insert — A through 7D —.

On page 10, line 20 after recitation of "HVR1" insert — (SEQ ID NOS:28,

30, 32, 34, 36-38, 41, 43 and 45) --; at line 21 after recitation of "HVR2" insert -- (SEQ ID NOS:29, 31, 33, 35, 39, 40, 42, 44 and 46) --.

On page 10, line 32 after recitation of "1b (pCV-J4L6S)." insert -- 5' UTR for HC-J4 is SEQ ID NO:47, 5' UTR for pCV -- J4L6S is SEQ ID NO:48, 5' UTR for pCV-H77C is SEQ ID NO: 49, 3' UTR - 3' variable region for HC-J4 is SEQ ID NO 50 and 53, 3' UTR - 3' variable region for pCV-J4L6S is SEQ ID NO:51 and 54, 3' UTR - 3' variable region for pCV-H77C is SEQ ID NO:52 and 54; 3' UTR - 3' conserved region for H77, pCV-J4L6S and pCV -- H77C is SEQ ID NO 55.

On page 12, last line after recitation of Accession No. insert — 209596 --.

On page 11, line 20 after recitation of "strain HC-J4" insert — (SEQ ID NO:4) --.

On page 11, line 21 after recitation of "amino acid sequence" insert – (SEQ ID NO:3) –.

On page 11, line 29 after recitation of "clone pH 77CV-J4" insert — (SEQ ID NO:6) —.

On page 11, line 31 after recitation of "chimeric 1a/1b clone" insert -- (SEQ ID NO:5) --.

On page 11, line 34 after recitation of "1a infectious clone pCV-H77C" insert – (pCV-H77C has SEQ ID NOS:56, 57 and 58; pCV-H77C (-98X) has SEQ ID NO:59; pCV-H77C (-42X) has SEQ ID NO:60; pCV-H77C (X-52) has SEQ ID NO:61; pCV-H77C (X) has SEQ ID NO:62; pCV-H77C (+49X) has SEQ ID NO:63; pCV-H77C (VR-24) has SEQ ID NO:64; and pCV-H77C (-U/UC) has SEQ ID NO:65).

On page 29, Table 1, line 4, after recitation of "H9261F" insert -- SEQ ID NO:7 --; at line 5 after recitation of "H3' x 58R" insert -- SEQ ID NO:8 --; at line 6 after recitation of "H9282F" insert -- SEQ ID NO:9 --; at line 7 after recitation "H3' X 45R" insert -- SEQ ID NO:10 --; at line 8 after recitation of "H9375F" insert -- SEQ ID NO:11 --;

at line 9 after recitation of "H3' X –35R" insert -- SEQ ID NO:12; at line 10 after recitation of "H9386F" insert -- SEQ ID NO:13 --; at line 11 after recitation of "H3' X – 38R" insert -- SEQ ID NO:14 --; at line 12 after recitation of "H1" insert -- SEQ ID NO:15 --; at line 13 after recitation of "H9417R" insert -- SEQ ID NO:17 --.

On page 41, line 1 after recitation of "(5'-GCCTATTGGCCTGGAGTGGTT

AGCTC - 3') insert -- SEQ ID NO:18 --; at line 6 after recitation of:

AGGATGGCCTTAAGG CCTGGAGTGGTTAGCTCCCCGTTCA - 3')" insert -- SEQ ID

NO:19 --

On page 51, line 1, after recitation of "H2751S (Cla I/Nde I)" insert --SEQ ID NO:20 --; at line 3 after recitation of "H2870R" insert -- SEQ ID NO:21 --; at line 5 after recitation of "H7851S" insert -- SEQ ID NO:22 --; at line 7 after recitation of "H9173 R(P-M)" insert -- SEQ ID NO:23 --; at line 9 after the recitation of "H9140S (P-M)" insert -- SEQ ID NO:24 --; at line 11 after the recitation of "H9417R" insert -- SEQ ID NO:25 --; at line 14 after recitation of "J4-2271S" insert -- SEQ ID NO:26 --; at line 16 after recitation of "J4-2776R (Nde I)" insert -- SEQ ID NO:27 --.

After page 62 of the "Abstract of the Disclosure" insert -- Sequence Listing -- page number 1 through 61.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 1-41 without prejudice.

Please amend the following claims:

42. (Amended) A composition comprising a <u>purified and isolated</u>
nucleic acid molecule [of claim 1] suspended in a suitable amount of a pharmaceutically
acceptable diluent or excipient, <u>said nucleic acid molecule encodes human hepatitis C</u>

virus, wherein expression of said molecule in transfected cells results in production of virus when transfected into cells.

43. (Amended) A method for treating hepatitis C viral infection comprising the administration to [a] an animal in need thereof of a clinically effective amount of the composition of claim 42.

Please add the following new claims:

- -- 44. The composition of claim 42, wherein the molecule encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:3 shown in Figures 14G-14H.
- 45. The composition of claim 42, wherein the molecule comprises the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:4 shown in Figures 14A-14F.
- The composition of claim 42, wherein the molecule encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 shown in Figures 4G-4H.
- The composition of claim 42, wherein the molecule comprises the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:2 shown in Figures 4A-4F.
- 48. A composition comprising a purified and isolated nucleic acid molecule suspended in a suitable amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or excipient, said nucleic acid molecule encodes human hepatitis C virus, wherein expression of said molecule in transfected cells results in production of virus, wherein a fragment of said molecule which encodes the structural region of hepatitis C virus has been replaced by the structural region from the genome of another hepatitis C virus strain.
- 49. The composition according to claim 48, wherein the molecule encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5 shown in Figures 16G-16H.

- The composition according to claim 48, wherein the molecule comprises the nucleic acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6 shown in Figures 16A-16F.
- 51. A composition comprising a purified and isolated nucleic acid molecule suspended in a suitable amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or excipient, said nucleic acid molecule encodes human hepatitis C virus, wherein expression of said molecule in transfected cells results in production of virus, wherein a fragment of the nucleic acid molecule which encodes at least one HCV protein has been replaced by a fragment of the genome of another hepatitis C virus strain which encodes the corresponding protein.
- The composition of claim 51, wherein the protein is selected from the group consisting of NS3 protease, E1 protein, E2 protein and NS4 protein.
- 53. A composition comprising a purified and isolated nucleic acid molecule suspended in a suitable amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or excipient, said nucleic acid molecule encodes human hepatitis C virus, wherein expression of said molecule in transfected cells results in production of virus, wherein a fragment of the molecule encoding all or part of an HCV protein has been deleted and, wherein the HCV protein is selected from the group consisting of P7, NS4B and NS5A proteins.
- 54. The composition according to claims 40 or 48, wherein the nucleic acid molecule encodes an HCV protease selected from the group consisting of NS3 domain protease, NS3-NS4 fusion polypeptide and NS2-NS3 protease.
- 55. A method of immunizing an animal against hepatitis C virus comprising administration of a composition of claim 42, 48, 51 or 53 in an amount effective to induce immunity against hepatitis C virus.

- The method according to claim 55, wherein the composition is provided prophylactically.
- The method according to claim 55, wherein the composition is provided to an animal infected with a hepatitis C virus. --

REMARKS

A restriction requirement was placed on the claims in the parent application Serial No. 09/014,416. Applicants are pursuing herein the claims of Group VII, claims 42 and 43, in the present divisional application.

New claims 44-57 have been added, which find support from the specification and original claims. Claims 44-50 are supported by claims 2-8, respectively. Claims 51-52 are supported by claims 9 and 10. Claims 53-54 are supported by claims 11, 12 and 28. Claims 55-57 are supported by claim 43 and at page 6, lines 16-30 and page 7, lines 4-5.

No new matter has been added by the Preliminary Amendment. Entry thereof is respectfully requested.

Applicants have also filed herein a sequence listing in compliance with the sequence rules under 37 C.F.R. §1.821-§1.825 (Exhibit A), a computer readable sequence listing (Exhibit B) and a statement under 37 C.F.R. §1.821(f) and §1.821(g) which states that the content of the paper sequence and the computer readable sequence listings are identical and that no new matter has been added (Exhibit C).

Entry and favorable action by the Examiner is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P.

Dated: September 14, 2000

By: Nathryn M. Brown Reg. No. 34,556

MORGAN & FINNEGAN, L.L.P. 345 Park Avenue New York, New York 10154 (212) 758-4800 Telephone (212) 751-6849 Facsimile · KING +

Title Of Invention

Cloned Genomes Of Infectious Hepatitis C Viruses And Uses Thereof

This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/053,062 filed July 18, 1997.

Field Of Invention

The present invention relates to molecular approaches to the production of nucleic acid sequences which comprise the genome of infectious hepatitis C viruses. In particular, the invention provides nucleic acid sequences which comprise the genomes of infectious hepatitis C viruses of genotype la and lb strains. The invention therefore relates to the use of these sequences, and polypeptides encoded by all or part of these sequences, in the development of vaccines and diagnostic assays for HCV and in the development of screening assays for the identification of antiviral agents for HCV.

Background Of Invention

Hepatitis C virus (HCV) has a positive-sense single-strand RNA genome and is a member of the virus family Flaviviridae (Choo et al., 1991; Rice, 1996). As for all positive-stranded RNA viruses, the genome of HCV functions as mRNA from which all viral proteins necessary for propagation are translated.

The viral genome of HCV is approximately 9600 nucleotides (nts) and consists of a highly conserved 5' untranslated region (UTR), a single long open reading frame (ORF) of approximately 9,000 nts and a complex 3' UTR. The 5' UTR contains an internal ribosomal entry site (Tsukiyama-Kohara et al., 1992; Honda et al., 1996). The 3' UTR consists of a short variable region, a polypyrimidine tract of variable length and, at the 3' end, a highly conserved region of approximately 100 nts (Kolykhalov et al., 1996; Tanaka et al., 1995; Tanaka et

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al., 1996; Yamada et al., 1996). The last 46 nucleotides of this conserved region were predicted to form a stable stem-loop structure thought to be critical for viral replication (Blight and Rice, 1997; Ito and Lai, 1997; Tsuchihara et al., 1997). The ORF encodes a large polypeptide precursor that is cleaved into at least 10 proteins by host and viral proteinses (Rice, 1996). The predicted envelope proteins contain several conserved N-linked glycosylation sites and cysteine residues (Okamoto et al., 1992a). The NS3 gene encodes a serine protease and an RNA helicase and the NS5B gene encodes an RNA-dependent RNA polymerase.

Globally, six major HCV genotypes (genotypes 1-6) and multiple subtypes (a, b, c, etc.) have been identified (Bukh et al., 1993; Simmonds et al., 1993). The most divergent HCV isolates differ from each other by more than 30% over the entire genome (Okamoto et al., 1992a) and HCV circulates in an infected individual as a quasispecies of closely related genomes (Bukh et al., 1995; Farci et al., 1997).

At present, more than 80% of individuals infected with HCV become chronically infected and these chronically infected individuals have a relatively high risk of developing chronic hepatitis, liver cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma (Hoofnagle, 1997). In the U.S., HCV genotypes 1a and 1b constitute the majority of infections while in many other areas, especially in Europe and Japan, genotype 1b predominates.

The only effective therapy for chronic hepatitis C, interferon (IFN), induces a sustained response in less than 25% of treated patients (Fried and Hoofnagle, 1995). Consequently, HCV is currently the most common cause of end stage liver failure and the reason for about 30% of liver transplants performed in the U.S. (Hoofnagle, 1997). In addition, a number of recent studies suggested that the severity of liver disease and the outcome of therapy may

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be genotype-dependent (reviewed in Bukh et al., 1997). In particular, these studies suggested that infection with HCV genotype 1b was associated with more severe liver disease (Brechot, 1997) and a poorer response to IFN therapy (Fried and Hoofnagle, 1995). As a result of the inability to develop a universally effective therapy against HCV infection, it is estimated that there are still more than 25,000 new infections yearly in the U.S. (Alter 1997) Moreover, since there is no vaccine for HCV, HCV remains a serious public health problem.

However, despite the intense interest in the development of vaccines and therapies for HCV, progress has been hindered by the absence of a useful cell culture system and the lack of any small animal model for laboratory study. For example, while replication of HCV in several cell lines has been reported, such observations have turned out not to be highly reproducible. In addition, the chimpanzee is the only animal model, other than man, for this disease. Consequently, HCV has been able to be studied only by using clinical materials obtained from patients or experimentally infected chimpanzees (an animal model whose availability is very limited).

However, several researchers have recently reported the construction of infectious cDNA clones of HCV, the identification of which would permit a more effective search for susceptible cell lines and facilitate molecular analysis of the viral genes and their function. For example, Dash et al., (1997) and Yoo et al., (1995) reported that RNA transcripts from cDNA clones of HCV-1 (genotype 1a) and HCV-N (genotype 1b), respectively, resulted in viral replication after transfection into human hepatoma cell lines. Unfortunately, the viability of these clones was not tested in vivo and concerns were raised about the infectivity of these cDNA clones in vitro (Fausto, 1997). In addition, both clones did not contain

the terminal 98 conserved nucleotides at the very 3^{\prime} end of the UTR.

Kolykhalov et al., (1997) and Yanagi et al. (1997) reported the derivation from HCV strain H77 (which is genotype la) of cDNA clones of HCV that are infectious for chimpanzees. However, while these infectious clones will aid in studying HCV replication and pathogenesis and will provide an important tool for development of in vitro replication and propagation systems, it is important to have infectious clones of more than one genotype given the extensive genetic heterogeneity of HCV and the potential impact of such heterogeneity on the development of effective therapies and vaccines for HCV.

Summary Of The Invention

The present invention relates to nucleic acid sequences which comprise the genome of infectious hepatitis C viruses and in particular, nucleic acid sequences which comprise the genome of infectious hepatitis C viruses of genotype la and lb strains. It is therefore an object of the invention to provide nucleic acid sequences which encode infectious hepatitis C viruses. Such nucleic acid sequences are referred to throughout the application as "infectious nucleic acid sequences".

For the purposes of this application, nucleic acid sequence refers to RNA, DNA, cDNA or any variant thereof capable of directing host organism synthesis of a hepatitis C virus polypeptide. It is understood that nucleic acid sequence encompasses nucleic acid sequences, which due to degeneracy, encode the same polypeptide sequence as the nucleic acid sequences described herein.

The invention also relates to the use of the infectious nucleic acid sequences to produce chimeric genomes consisting of portions of the open reading frames of infectious nucleic acid sequences of other genotypes (including, but not limited to, genotypes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

and 6) and subtypes (including, but not limited to, subtypes 1a, 1b, 2a, 2b, 2c, 3a 4a-4f, 5a and 6a) of HCV. For example infectious nucleic acid sequence of the 1a and 1b strains H77 and HC-J4, respectively, described herein can be used to produce chimeras with sequences from the genomes of other strains of HCV from different genotypes or subtypes. Nucleic acid sequences which comprise sequence from the open-reading frames of 2 or more HCV genotypes or subtypes are designated "chimeric nucleic acid sequences".

The invention further relates to mutations of the infectious nucleic acid sequences of the invention where mutation includes, but is not limited to, point mutations, deletions and insertions. In one embodiment, a gene or fragment thereof can be deleted to determine the effect of the deleted gene or genes on the properties of the encoded virus such as its virulence and its ability to replicate. In an alternative embodiment, a mutation may be introduced into the infectious nucleic acid sequences to examine the effect of the mutation on the properties of the virus in the host cell.

The invention also relates to the introduction of mutations or deletions into the infectious nucleic acid sequences in order to produce an attenuated hepatitis C virus suitable for vaccine development.

The invention further relates to the use of the infectious nucleic acid sequences to produce attenuated viruses via passage in <u>vitro</u> or in <u>vivo</u> of the viruses produced by transfection of a host cell with the infectious nucleic acid sequence.

The present invention also relates to the use of the nucleic acid sequences of the invention or fragments thereof in the production of polypeptides where "nucleic acid sequences of the invention" refers to infectious nucleic acid sequences, mutations of infectious nucleic acid sequences, chimeric nucleic acid sequences and

sequences which comprise the genome of attenuated viruses produced from the infectious nucleic acid sequences of the invention. The polypeptides of the invention, especially structural polypeptides, can serve as immunogens in the development of vaccines or as antigens in the development of diagnostic assays for detecting the presence of HCV in biological samples.

The invention therefore also relates to vaccines for use in immunizing mammals especially humans against hepatitis C. In one embodiment, the vaccine comprises one or more polypeptides made from a nucleic acid sequence of the invention or fragment thereof. In a second embodiment, the vaccine comprises a hepatitis C virus produced by transfection of host cells with the nucleic acid sequences of the invention.

The present invention therefore relates to methods for preventing hepatitis C in a mammal. In one embodiment the method comprises administering to a mammal a polypeptide or polypeptides encoded by a nucleic acid sequence of the invention in an amount effective to induce protective immunity to hepatitis C. In another embodiment, the method of prevention comprises administering to a mammal a hepatitis C virus of the invention in an amount effective to induce protective immunity against hepatitis C.

In yet another embodiment, the method of protection comprises administering to a mammal a nucleic acid sequence of the invention or a fragment thereof in an amount effective to induce protective immunity against hepatitis C.

The invention also relates to hepatitis C viruses produced by host cells transfected with the nucleic acid sequences of the present invention.

The invention therefore also provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising the nucleic acid sequences of the invention and/or their encoded hepatitis

C viruses. The invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising polypeptides encoded by the nucleic acid sequences of the invention or fragments thereof. The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may be used prophylactically or therapeutically.

The invention also relates to antibodies to the hepatitis C viruses of the invention or their encoded polypeptides and to pharmaceutical compositions comprising these antibodies.

The present invention further relates to polypeptides encoded by the nucleic acid sequences of the invention fragments thereof. In one embodiment, said polypeptide or polypeptides are fully or partially purified from hepatitis C virus produced by cells transfected with nucleic acid sequence of the invention. In another embodiment, the polypeptide or polypeptides are produced recombinantly from a fragment of the nucleic acid sequences of the invention. In yet another embodiment, the polypeptides are chemically synthesized.

The invention also relates to the use of the nucleic acid sequences of the invention to identify cell lines capable of supporting the replication of HCV \underline{in} vitro.

The invention further relates to the use of the nucleic acid sequences of the invention or their encoded proteases (e.g. NS3 protease) to develop screening assays to identify antiviral agents for HCV.

Brief Description Of Figures

Figure 1 shows a strategy for constructing full-length cDNA clones of HCV strain H77. The long PCR products amplified with H1 and H9417R primers were cloned directly into pGEM-9zf(-) after digestion with Not I and Xba I (pH21, and pH50,). Next, the 3' UTR was cloned into both pH21, and pH50, after digestion with Afl II and Xba I (pH21 and pH50). pH21 was tested for infectivity in a chimpanzee. To improve the efficiency of cloning, we

constructed a cassette vector with consensus 5' and 3' termini of H77. This cassette vector (pCV) was obtained by cutting out the BamHI fragment (nts 1358-7530 of the H77 genome) from pH50, followed by religation. Finally, the long PCR products of H77 amplified with primers H1 and H9417R (H product) or primers A1 and H9417R (A product) were cloned into pCV after digestion with Age I and Afl II or with Pin AI and Bfr I. The latter procedure yielded multiple complete cDNA clones of strain H77 of HCV.

Figure 2 shows the results of gel electrophoresis of long RT-PCR amplicons of the entire ORF of H77 and the transcription mixture of the infectious clone of H77. The complete ORF was amplified by long RT-PCR with the primers H1 or A1 and H9417R from 10^5 GE of H77. A total of $10~\mu g$ of the consensus chimeric clone (pCV-H77C) linearized with Xba I was transcribed in a $100~\mu l$ reaction with T7 RNA polymerase. Five μl of the transcription mixture was analyzed by gel electrophoresis and the remainder of the mixture was injected into a chimpanzee. Lane 1, molecular weight marker; lane 2, products amplified with primers H1 and H9417R; lane 3, products amplified with primers A1 and H9417R; lane 4, transcription mixture containing the RNA transcripts and linearized clone pCV-H77C (12.5 kb).

Figure 3 is a diagram of the genome organization of HCV strain H77 and the genetic heterogeneity of individual full-length clones compared with the consensus sequence of H77. Solid lines represent as changes. Dashed lines represent silent mutations. A * in pH21 represents a point mutation at nt 58 in the 5' UTR. In the ORF, the consensus chimeric clone pCV-H77C had 11 nt differences [at positions 1625 (C+T), 2709 (T+C), 3380 (A+G), 3710 (C+T), 3914 (G+A), 4463 (T+C), 5058 (C+T), 5834 (C+T), 6734 (T+C), 7154 (C+T), and 7202 (T+C)] and one as change (F + L at as 790) compared with the consensus sequence of H77. This clone was infectious.

Clone pH21 and pCV-H11 had 19 nts (7 aa) and 64 nts (21 aa) differences respectively, compared with the consensus sequence of H77. These two clones were not infectious. A single point mutation in the 3' UTR at nucleotide 9406 (G-A) introduced to create an Afl II cleavage site is not shown

Figures **4A-4F** show the complete nucleotide sequence of a H77C clone produced according to the present invention and Figures **4G-4H** show the amino acid sequence encoded by the H77C clone.

Figure 5 shows an agarose gel of long RT-PCR amplicons and transcription mixtures. Lanes 1 and 4: Molecular weight marker (Lambda/HindIII digest). Lanes 2 and 3: RT-PCR amplicons of the entire ORF of HC-J4. Lane 5: pCV-H77C transcription control (Yanagi et al., 1997). Lanes 6, 7, and 8: 1/40 of each transcription mixture of pCV-J4L2S, pCV-J4L4S and pCV-J4L6S, respectively, which was injected into the chimpanzee.

Figure 6 shows the strategy utilized for the construction of full-length cDNA clones of HCV strain HC-J4. The long PCR products were cloned as two separate fragments (L and S) into a cassette vector (pCV) with fixed 5' and 3' termini of HCV (Yanagi et al., 1997). Full-length cDNA clones of HC-J4 were obtained by inserting the L fragment from three pCV-J4L clones into three identical pCV-J4S9 clones after digestion with PinAI (isoschizomer of AgeI) and BfrI (isoschizomer of AfIII).

Pigure 7 shows amino acid positions with a quasispecies of RC-J4 in the acute phase plasma pool obtained from an experimentally infected chimpanzee. Cons-p9: consensus amino acid sequence deduced from analysis of nine L fragments and nine S fragments (see Fig. 6). Cons-D: consensus sequence derived from direct sequencing of the PCR product. A, B, C: groups of similar viral species. Dot: amino acid identical to that in Cons-

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p9. Capital letter: amino acid different from that in Cons-p9. Cons-F: composite consensus amino acid sequence combining Cons-p9 and Cons-D. Boxed amino acid: different from that in Cons-F. Shaded amino acid: different from that in all species A sequences. An *: defective ORF due to a nucleotide deletion (clone L1, aa 1097) or insertion (clone L7, aa 2770). Diagonal lines: fragments used to construct the infectious clone.

Figure 8 shows comparisons (percent difference) of nucleotide (nts. 156 - 8935) and predicted amino acid sequences (aa 1 - 2864) of L clones (species A, B, and C, this study), HC-J4/91 (Okamoto et al., 1992b) and HC-J4/83 (Okamoto et al., 1992b). Differences among species A sequences and among species B sequences are shaded.

Figure 9 shows UPGMA ("unweighted pair group method with arithmetic mean") trees of HC-J4/91 (Okamoto et al., 1992b), HC-J4/83 (Okamoto et al., 1992b), two prototype strains of genotype 1b (HCV-J, Kato et al., 1990; HCV-BK, Takamizawa et al., 1991), and L clones (this study).

Figure 10 shows the alignment of the HVR1 and HVR2 amino acid sequences of the E2 sequences of nine L clones of HC-J4 (species A, B, and C) obtained from an early acute phase plasma pool of an experimentally infected chimpanzee compared with the sequences of eight clones (HC-J4/91-20 through HC-J4/91-27, Okamoto et al., 1992b) derived from the inoculum. Dot: an amino acid identical to that in the top line. Capital letters: amino acid different from that in the top line.

Figure 11 shows the alignment of the 5' UTR and the 3' UTR sequences of infectious clones of genotype 1a (pCV-H77C) and 1b (pCV-J4L6S). Top line: consensus sequence of the indicated strain. Dot: identity with consensus sequence. Capital letter: different from the consensus sequence. Dash: deletion. Underlined: PinAI and BfrI cleavage site. Numbering corresponds to the HCV

sequence of pCV-J4L6S.

Figure 12 shows a comparison of individual full-length cDNA clones of the ORF of HCV strain HC-J4 with the consensus sequence (see Fig. 7). Solid lines: amino acid changes. Dashed lines: silent mutations. Clone pCV-J4L6S was infectious in vivo whereas clones pCV-J4L2S and pCV-J4L4S were not.

Figure 13 shows biochemical (ALT levels) and PCR analyses of a chimpanzee following percutaneous intrahepatic transfection with RNA transcripts of the infectious clone of pCV-J4L2S, pCV-J4L4S and pCV-J4L6S. The ALT serum enzyme levels were measured in units per liter (u/1). For the PCR analysis, "HCV RNA" represented by an open rectangle indicates a serum sample that was negative for HCV after nested PCR; "HCV RNA" represented by a closed rectangle indicates that the serum sample was positive for HCV and HCV GE titer on the right-hand y-axis represents genome equivalents.

Figures 14A-14F show the nucleotide sequence of the infectious clone of genotype 1b strain HC-J4 and Figures 14G-14H show the amino acid sequence encoded by the HC-J4 clone.

Figure 15 shows the strategy for constructing a chimeric HCV clone designated pH77CV-J4 which contains the nonstructural region of the infectious clone of genotype la strain H77 and the structural region of the infectious clone of genotype 1b strain HC-J4.

Figures 16A-16F show the nucleotide sequence of the chimeric 1a/1b clone pH77CV-J4 of Figure 15 and Figures 16G-16H show the amino acid sequence encoded by the chimeric la/1b clone.

Figures 17A and 17B show the sequence of the 3' untranslated region remaining in various 3' deletion mutants of the 1a infectious clone pCV-H77C and the strategy utilized in constructing each 3' deletion mutant (Figures 17C-17G).

Of the seven deletion mutants shown, two (pCV-H77C(-98X) and (-42X)) have been constructed and tested for infectivity in chimpanzees (see Figures 17A and 17C) and the other six are to be constructed and tested for infectivity as described in Figures 17D-17G.

Figures 18A and 18B show biochemical (ALT levels), PCR (HCV RNA and HCV GE titer), serological (anti-HCV) and histopathological (Fig. 18B only) analyses of chimpanzees 1494 (Fig. 18A) and 1530 (Fig. 18B) following transfection with the infectious cDNA clone pCV-H77C.

The ALT serum enzyme levels were measured in units per ml (u/l). For the PCR analysis, "HCV RNA" represented by an open rectangle indicates a serum sample that was negative for HCV after nested PCR; "HCV RNA" represented by a closed rectangle indicates that the serum sample was positive for HCV; and HCV GE titer on the right-hand y-axis represents genome equivalents.

The bar marked "anti-HCV" indicates samples that were positive for anti-HCV antibodies as determined by commercial assays. The histopathology scores in Figure 18B correspond to no histopathology (O), mild hepatitis (Θ) and moderate to severe hepatitis (Φ) .

DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to nucleic acid sequences which comprise the genome of an infectious hepatitis C virus. More specifically, the invention relates to nucleic acid sequences which encode infectious hepatitis C viruses of genotype la and lb strains. In one embodiment, the infectious nucleic acid sequence of the invention has the sequence shown in Figures 4A-4F of this application. In another embodiment, the infectious nucleic acid sequence has the sequence shown in Figures 14A-14F and is contained in a plasmid construct deposited with the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) on January 26, 1998 and having ATCC accession number _____.

The invention also relates to "chimeric nucleic acid sequences" where the chimeric nucleic acid sequences consist of open-reading frame sequences taken from infectious nucleic acid sequences of hepatitis C viruses of different genotypes or subtypes.

In one embodiment, the chimeric nucleic acid sequence consists of sequence from the genome of an HCV strain belonging to one genotype or subtype which encodes structural polypeptides and sequence of an HCV strain belonging to another genotype strain or subtype which encodes nonstructural polypeptides. Such chimeras can be produced by standard techniques of restriction digestion, PCR amplification and subcloning known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

In a preferred embodiment, the sequence encoding nonstructural polypeptides is from an infectious nucleic acid sequence encoding a genotype la strain where the construction of a chimeric 1a/1b nucleic acid sequence is described in Example 9 and the chimeric 1a/1b nucleic acid sequence is shown in Figures 16A-16F. It is believed that the construction of such chimeric nucleic acid sequences will be of importance in studying the growth and virulence properties of hepatitis C virus and in the production of hepatitis C viruses suitable to confer protection against multiple genotypes of HCV. For example, one might produce a "multivalent" vaccine by putting epitopes from several genotypes or subtypes into one clone. Alternatively one might replace just a single gene from an infectious sequence with the corresponding gene from the genomic sequence of a strain from another genotype or subtype or create a chimeric gene which contains portions of a gene from two genotypes or subtypes. Examples of genes which could be replaced or which could be made chimeric, include, but are not limited to, the E1, E2 and NS4 genes.

The invention further relates to mutations of the infectious nucleic acid sequences where "mutations"

includes, but is not limited to, point mutations, deletions and insertions. Of course, one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that the size of the insertions would be limited by the ability of the resultant nucleic acid sequence to be properly packaged within the virion. Such mutation could be produced by techniques known to those of skill in the art such as site-directed mutagenesis, fusion PCR, and restriction digestion followed by religation.

In one embodiment, mutagenesis might be undertaken to determine sequences that are important for viral properties such as replication or virulence. For example, one may introduce a mutation into the infectious nucleic acid sequence which eliminates the cleavage site between the NS4A and NS4B polypeptides to examine the effects on viral replication and processing of the polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more of the 3 amino acids encoded by the infectious 1b nucleic acid sequence shown in Figures 14A-14F which differ from the HC-J4 consensus sequence may be back mutated to the corresponding amino acid in the HC-J4 consensus sequence to determine the importance of these three amino acid changes to infectivity or virulence. In yet another embodiment, one or more of the amino acids from the noninfectious 1b clones pCV-J4L2S and pCV-J4L4S which differ from the consensus sequence may be introduced into the infectious 1b sequence shown in Figures 14A-14F.

In yet another example, one may delete all or part of a gene or of the 5' or 3' nontranslated region contained in an infectious nucleic acid sequence and then transfect a host cell (animal or cell culture) with the mutated sequence and measure viral replication in the host by methods known in the art such as RT-PCR. Preferred genes include, but are not limited to, the P7, NS4B and NS5A genes. Of course, those of ordinary skill in the art will understand that deletion of part of a gene,

preferably the central portion of the gene, may be preferable to deletion of the entire gene in order to conserve the cleavage site boundaries which exist between proteins in the HCV polyprotein and which are necessary for proper processing of the polyprotein.

In the alternative, if the transfection is into a host animal such as a chimpanzee, one can monitor the virulence phenotype of the virus produced by transfection of the mutated infectious nucleic acid sequence by methods known in the art such as measurement of liver enzyme levels (alanine aminotransferase (ALT) or isocitrate dehydrogenase (ICD)) or by histopathology of liver biopsies. Thus, mutations of the infectious nucleic acid sequences may be useful in the production of attenuated HCV strains suitable for vaccine use.

The invention also relates to the use of the infectious nucleic acid sequences of the present invention to produce attenuated viral strains via passage <u>in vitro</u> or <u>in vivo</u> of the virus produced by transfection with the infectious nucleic acid sequences.

The present invention therefore relates to the use of the nucleic acid sequences of the invention to identify cell lines capable of supporting the replication of HCV.

In particular, it is contemplated that the mutations of the infectious nucleic acid sequences of the invention and the production of chimeric sequences as discussed above may be useful in identifying sequences critical for cell culture adaptation of HCV and hence, may be useful in identifying cell lines capable of supporting HCV replication.

Transfection of tissue culture cells with the nucleic acid sequences of the invention may be done by methods of transfection known in the art such as electroporation, precipitation with DEAE-Dextran or calcium phosphate or liposomes.

In one such embodiment, the method comprises the growing of animal cells, especially human cells, in vitro and transfecting the cells with the nucleic acid of the invention, then determining if the cells show indicia of HCV infection. Such indicia include the detection of viral antigens in the cell, for example, by immunofluorescent procedures well known in the art; the detection of viral polypeptides by Western blotting using antibodies specific therefor; and the detection of newly transcribed viral RNA within the cells via methods such as RT-PCR. The presence of live, infectious virus particles following such tests may also be shown by injection of cell culture medium or cell lysates into healthy, susceptible animals, with subsequent exhibition of the symptoms of HCV infection.

Suitable cells or cell lines for culturing HCV include, but are not limited to, lymphocyte and hepatocyte cell lines known in the art.

Alternatively, primary hepatocytes can be cultured, and then infected with HCV; or, the hepatocyte cultures could be derived from the livers of infected chimpanzees. In addition, various immortalization methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art can be used to obtain cell-lines derived from hepatocyte cultures. For example, primary hepatocyte cultures may be fused to a variety of cells to maintain stability.

The present invention further relates to the \underline{in} \underline{vitro} and \underline{in} \underline{vivo} production of hepatitis C viruses from the nucleic acid sequences of the invention.

In one embodiment, the sequences of the invention can be inserted into an expression vector that functions in eukaryotic cells. Eukaryotic expression vectors suitable for producing high efficiency gene transfer in vivo are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art and include, but are not limited to, plasmids, vaccinia viruses, retroviruses, adenoviruses and adeno-

associated viruses.

In another embodiment, the sequences contained in the recombinant expression vector can be transcribed <u>in vitro</u> by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art in order to produce RNA transcripts which encode the hepatitis C viruses of the invention. The hepatitis C viruses of the invention may then be produced by transfecting cells by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art with either the <u>in vitro</u> transcription mixture containing the RNA transcripts (see Example 4) or with the recombinant expression vectors containing the nucleic acid sequences described herein.

The present invention also relates to the construction of cassette vectors useful in the cloning of viral genomes wherein said vectors comprise a nucleic acid sequence to be cloned, and said vector reading in the correct phase for the expression of the viral nucleic acid to be cloned. Such a cassette vector will, of course, also possess a promoter sequence, advantageously placed upstream of the sequence to be expressed. Cassette vectors according to the present invention are constructed according to the procedure described in Figure 1, for example, starting with plasmid pCV. Of course, the DNA to be inserted into said cassette vector can be derived from any virus, advantageously from HCV, and most advantageously from the H77 strain of HCV. The nucleic acid to be inserted according to the present invention can, for example, contain one or more open reading frames of the virus, for example, HCV. The cassette vectors of the present invention may also contain, optionally, one or more expressible marker genes for expression as an indication of successful transfection and expression of the nucleic acid sequences of the vector. To insure expression, the cassette vectors of the present invention will contain a promoter sequence for binding of the appropriate cellular RNA polymerase, which will depend on

the cell into which the vector has been introduced. For example, if the host cell is a bacterial cell, then said promoter will be a bacterial promoter sequence to which the bacterial RNA polymerases will bind.

The hepatitis C viruses produced from the sequences of the invention may be purified or partially purified from the transfected cells by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. In a preferred embodiment, the viruses are partially purified prior to their use as immunogens in the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines of the present invention.

The present invention therefore relates to the use of the hepatitis C viruses produced from the nucleic acid sequences of the invention as immunogens in live or killed (e.g., formalin inactivated) vaccines to prevent hepatitis C in a mammal.

In an alternative embodiment, the immunogen of the present invention may be an infectious nucleic acid sequence, a chimeric nucleic acid sequence, or a mutated infectious nucleic acid sequence which encodes a hepatitis C virus. Where the sequence is a cDNA sequence, the cDNAs and their RNA transcripts may be used to transfect a mammal by direct injection into the liver tissue of the mammal as described in the Examples.

Alternatively, direct gene transfer may be accomplished via administration of a eukaryotic expression vector containing a nucleic acid sequence of the invention.

In yet another embodiment, the immunogen may be a polypeptide encoded by the nucleic acid sequences of the invention. The present invention therefore also relates to polypeptides produced from the nucleic acid sequences of the invention or fragments thereof. In one embodiment, polypeptides of the present invention can be recombinantly produced by synthesis from the nucleic acid sequences of the invention or isolated fragments thereof, and purified,

or partially purified, from transfected cells using methods already known in the art. In an alternative embodiment, the polypeptides may be purified or partially purified from viral particles produced via transfection of a host cell with the nucleic acid sequences of the invention. Such polypeptides might, for example, include either capsid or envelope polypeptides prepared from the sequences of the present invention.

When used as immunogens, the nucleic acid sequences of the invention, or the polypeptides or viruses produced therefrom, are preferably partially purified prior to use as immunogens in pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines of the present invention. When used as a vaccine, the sequences and the polypeptide and virus products thereof, can be administered alone or in a suitable diluent, including, but not limited to, water, saline, or some type of buffered medium. The vaccine according to the present invention may be administered to an animal, especially a mammal, and most especially a human, by a variety of routes, including, but not limited to, intradermally, intramuscularly, subcutaneously, or in any combination thereof.

Suitable amounts of material to administer for prophylactic and therapeutic purposes will vary depending on the route selected and the immunogen (nucleic acid, virus, polypeptide) administered. One skilled in the art will appreciate that the amounts to be administered for any particular treatment protocol can be readily determined without undue experimentation. The vaccines of the present invention may be administered once or periodically until a suitable titer of anti-HCV antibodies appear in the blood. For an immunogen consisting of a nucleic acid sequence, a suitable amount of nucleic acid sequence to be used for prophylactic purposes might be expected to fall in the range of from about 100 µg to about 5 mg and most preferably in the range of from about

500 μ g to about 2mg. For a polypeptide, a suitable amount to use for prophylactic purposes is preferably 100 ng to 100 μ g and for a virus 10^2 to 10^6 infectious doses. Such administration will, of course, occur prior to any sign of HCV infection.

A vaccine of the present invention may be employed in such forms as capsules, liquid solutions, suspensions or elixirs for oral administration, or sterile liquid forms such as solutions or suspensions. Any inert carrier is preferably used, such as saline or phosphatebuffered saline, or any such carrier in which the HCV of the present invention can be suitably suspended. vaccines may be in the form of single dose preparations or in multi-dose flasks which can be utilized for massvaccination programs of both animals and humans. purposes of using the vaccines of the present invention reference is made to Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, Pa., Osol (Ed.) (1980); and New Trends and Developments in Vaccines, Voller et al. (Eds.), University Park Press, Baltimore, Md. (1978), both of which provide much useful information for preparing and using vaccines. Of course, the polypeptides of the present invention, when used as vaccines, can include, as part of the composition or emulsion, a suitable adjuvant, such as alum (or aluminum hydroxide) when humans are to be vaccinated, to further stimulate production of antibodies by immune cells. When nucleic acids or viruses are used for vaccination purposes, other specific adjuvants such as CpG motifs (Krieg, A.K. et al. (1995) and (1996)), may prove useful.

When the nucleic acids, viruses and polypeptides of the present invention are used as vaccines or inocula, they will normally exist as physically discrete units suitable as a unitary dosage for animals, especially mammals, and most especially humans, wherein each unit will contain a predetermined quantity of active material

calculated to produce the desired immunogenic effect in association with the required diluent. The dose of said vaccine or inoculum according to the present invention is administered at least once. In order to increase the antibody level, a second or booster dose may be administered at some time after the initial dose. The need for, and timing of, such booster dose will, of course, be determined within the sound judgment of the administrator of such vaccine or inoculum and according to sound principles well known in the art. For example, such booster dose could reasonably be expected to be advantageous at some time between about 2 weeks to about 6 months following the initial vaccination. Subsequent doses may be administered as indicated.

The nucleic acid sequences, viruses and polypeptides of the present invention can also be administered for purposes of therapy, where a mammal, especially a primate, and most especially a human, is already infected, as shown by well known diagnostic measures. When the nucleic acid sequences, viruses or polypeptides of the present invention are used for such therapeutic purposes, much of the same criteria will apply as when it is used as a vaccine, except that inoculation will occur post-infection. Thus, when the nucleic acid sequences, viruses or polypeptides of the present invention are used as therapeutic agents in the treatment of infection, the therapeutic agent comprises a pharmaceutical composition containing a sufficient amount of said nucleic acid sequences, viruses or polypeptides so as to elicit a therapeutically effective response in the organism to be treated. Of course, the amount of pharmaceutical composition to be administered will, as for vaccines, vary depending on the immunogen contained therein (nucleic acid, polypeptide, virus) and on the route of administration.

The therapeutic agent according to the present

invention can thus be administered by, subcutaneous, intramuscular or intradermal routes. One skilled in the art will certainly appreciate that the amounts to be administered for any particular treatment protocol can be readily determined without undue experimentation. Of course, the actual amounts will vary depending on the route of administration as well as the sex, age, and clinical status of the subject which, in the case of human patients, is to be determined with the sound judgment of the clinician.

The therapeutic agent of the present invention can be employed in such forms as capsules, liquid solutions, suspensions or elixirs, or sterile liquid forms such as solutions or suspensions. Any inert carrier is preferably used, such as saline, phosphate-buffered saline, or any such carrier in which the HCV of the present invention can be suitably suspended. The therapeutic agents may be in the form of single dose preparations or in the multi-dose flasks which can be utilized for mass-treatment programs of both animals and humans. Of course, when the nucleic acid sequences, viruses or polypeptides of the present invention are used as therapeutic agents they may be administered as a single dose or as a series of doses, depending on the situation as determined by the person conducting the treatment.

The nucleic acids, polypeptides and viruses of the present invention can also be utilized in the production of antibodies against HCV. The term "antibody" is herein used to refer to immunoglobulin molecules and immunologically active portions of immunoglobulin molecules. Examples of antibody molecules are intact immunoglobulin molecules, substantially intact immunoglobulin molecules and portions of an immunoglobulin molecule, including those portions known in the art as Fab, F(ab')₂ and F(v) as well as chimeric antibody molecules.

Thus, the polypeptides, viruses and nucleic acid sequences of the present invention can be used in the generation of antibodies that immunoreact (i.e., specific binding between an antigenic determinant-containing molecule and a molecule containing an antibody combining site such as a whole antibody molecule or an active portion thereof) with antigenic determinants on the surface of hepatitis C virus particles.

The present invention therefore also relates to antibodies produced following immunization with the nucleic acid sequences, viruses or polypeptides of the present invention. These antibodies are typically produced by immunizing a mammal with an immunogen or vaccine to induce antibody molecules having immunospecificity for polypeptides or viruses produced in response to infection with the nucleic acid sequences of the present invention. When used in generating such antibodies, the nucleic acid sequences, viruses, or polypeptides of the present invention may be linked to some type of carrier molecule. The resulting antibody molecules are then collected from said mammal. Antibodies produced according to the present invention have the unique advantage of being generated in response to authentic, functional polypeptides produced according to the actual cloned HCV genome.

The antibody molecules of the present invention may be polyclonal or monoclonal. Monoclonal antibodies are readily produced by methods well known in the art. Portions of immunoglobin molecules, such as Fabs, as well as chimeric antibodies, may also be produced by methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art of generating such antibodies.

The antibodies according to the present invention may also be contained in blood plasma, serum, hybridoma supernatants, and the like. Alternatively, the antibody of the present invention is isolated to the

extent desired by well known techniques such as, for example, using DEAE Sephadex. The antibodies produced according to the present invention may be further purified so as to obtain specific classes or subclasses of antibody such as IgM, IgG, IgA, and the like. Antibodies of the IgG class are preferred for purposes of passive protection.

The antibodies of the present invention are useful in the prevention and treatment of diseases caused by hepatitis C virus in animals, especially mammals, and most especially humans.

In providing the antibodies of the present invention to a recipient mammal, preferably a human, the dosage of administered antibodies will vary depending on such factors as the mammal's age, weight, height, sex, general medical condition, previous medical history, and the like.

In general, it will be advantageous to provide the recipient mammal with a dosage of antibodies in the range of from about 1 mg/kg body weight to about 10 mg/kg body weight of the mammal, although a lower or higher dose may be administered if found desirable. Such antibodies will normally be administered by intravenous or intramuscular route as an inoculum. The antibodies of the present invention are intended to be provided to the recipient subject in an amount sufficient to prevent, lessen or attenuate the severity, extent or duration of any existing infection.

The antibodies prepared by use of the nucleic acid sequences, viruses or polypeptides of the present invention are also highly useful for diagnostic purposes. For example, the antibodies can be used as in vitro diagnostic agents to test for the presence of HCV in biological samples taken from animals, especially humans. Such assays include, but are not limited to, radioimmunoassays, EIA, fluorescence, Western blot

analysis and ELISAs. In one such embodiment, the biological sample is contacted with antibodies of the present invention and a labeled second antibody is used to detect the presence of HCV to which the antibodies are bound.

Such assays may be, for example, a direct protocol (where the labeled first antibody is immunoreactive with the antigen, such as, for example, a polypeptide on the surface of the virus), an indirect protocol (where a labeled second antibody is reactive with the first antibody), a competitive protocol (such as would involve the addition of a labeled antigen), or a sandwich protocol (where both labeled and unlabeled antibody are used), as well as other protocols well known and described in the art.

In one embodiment, an immunoassay method would utilize an antibody specific for HCV envelope determinants and would further comprise the steps of contacting a biological sample with the HCV-specific antibody and then detecting the presence of HCV material in the test sample using one of the types of assay protocols as described above. Polypeptides and antibodies produced according to the present invention may also be supplied in the form of a kit, either present in vials as purified material, or present in compositions and suspended in suitable diluents as previously described.

In a preferred embodiment, such a diagnostic test kit for detection of HCV antigens in a test sample comprises in combination a series of containers, each container a reagent needed for such assay. Thus, one such container would contain a specific amount of HCV-specific antibody as already described, a second container would contain a diluent for suspension of the sample to be tested, a third container would contain a positive control and an additional container would contain a negative control. An additional container could contain a blank.

For all prophylactic, therapeutic and diagnostic uses, the antibodies of the invention and other reagents, plus appropriate devices and accessories, may be provided in the form of a kit so as to facilitate ready availability and ease of use.

The present invention also relates to the use of nucleic acid sequences and polypeptides of the present invention to screen potential antiviral agents for antiviral activity against HCV. Such screening methods are known by those of skill in the art. Generally, the antiviral agents are tested at a variety of concentrations, for their effect on preventing viral replication in cell culture systems which support viral replication, and then for an inhibition of infectivity or of viral pathogenicity (and a low level of toxicity) in an animal model system.

In one embodiment, animal cells (especially human cells) transfected with the nucleic acid sequences of the invention are cultured in vitro and the cells are treated with a candidate antiviral agent (a chemical, peptide etc.) for antiviral activity by adding the candidate agent to the medium. The treated cells are then exposed, possibly under transfecting or fusing conditions known in the art, to the nucleic acid sequences of the present invention. A sufficient period of time would then be allowed to pass for infection to occur, following which the presence or absence of viral replication would be determined versus untreated control cells by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Such methods include, but are not limited to, the detection of viral antigens in the cell, for example, by immunofluorescent procedures well known in the art; the detection of viral polypeptides by Western blotting using antibodies specific therefor; the detection of newly transcribed viral RNA within the cells by RT-PCR; and the detection of the presence of live, infectious virus particles by injection

of cell culture medium or cell lysates into healthy, susceptible animals, with subsequent exhibition of the symptoms of HCV infection. A comparison of results obtained for control cells (treated only with nucleic acid sequence) with those obtained for treated cells (nucleic acid sequence and antiviral agent) would indicate, the degree, if any, of antiviral activity of the candidate antiviral agent. Of course, one of ordinary skill in the art would readily understand that such cells can be treated with the candidate antiviral agent either before or after exposure to the nucleic acid sequence of the present invention so as to determine what stage, or stages, of viral infection and replication said agent is effective against.

In an alternative embodiment, a protease such as NS3 protease produced from a nucleic acid sequence of the invention may be used to screen for protease inhibitors which may act as antiviral agents. The structural and nonstructural regions of the HCV genome, including nucleotide and amino acid locations, have been determined, for example, as depicted in Houghton, M. (1996), Fig. 1; and Major, M.E. et al. (1997), Table 1.

Such above-mentioned protease inhibitors may take the form of chemical compounds or peptides which mimic the known cleavage sites of the protease and may be screened using methods known to those of skill in the art (Houghton, M. (1996) and Major, M.E. et al. (1997)). For example, a substrate may be employed which mimics the protease's natural substrate, but which provides a detectable signal (e.g. by fluorimetric or colorimetric methods) when cleaved. This substrate is then incubated with the protease and the candidate protease inhibitor under conditions of suitable pH, temperature etc. to detect protease activity. The proteolytic activities of the protease in the presence or absence of the candidate inhibitor are then determined.

In yet another embodiment, a candidate antiviral agent (such as a protease inhibitor) may be directly assayed in vivo for antiviral activity by administering the candidate antiviral agent to a chimpanzee transfected with a nucleic acid sequence of the invention and then measuring viral replication in vivo via methods such as RT-PCR. Of course, the chimpanzee may be treated with the candidate agent either before or after transfection with the infectious nucleic acid sequence so as to determine what stage, or stages, of viral infection and replication the agent is effective against.

The invention also provides that the nucleic acid sequences, viruses and polypeptides of the invention may be supplied in the form of a kit, alone or in the form of a pharmaceutical composition.

All scientific publication and/or patents cited herein are specifically incorporated by reference. The following examples illustrate various aspects of the invention but are in no way intended to limit the scope thereof.

EXAMPLES

MATERIALS AND METHODS

For Examples 1-4

Collection of Virus

Hepatitis C virus was collected and used as a source for the RNA used in generating the cDNA clones according to the present invention. Plasma containing strain H77 of HCV was obtained from a patient in the acute phase of transfusion-associated non-A, non-B hepatitis (Feinstone et al (1981)). Strain H77 belongs to genotype 1a of HCV (Ogata et al (1991), Inchauspe et al (1991)). The consensus sequence for most of its genome has been determined (Kolyakov et al (1996), Ogata et al (1991), Inchauspe et al (1991) and Farci et al (1996)).

RNA Purification

Viral RNA was collected and purified by conventional means. In general, total RNA from 10 μ l of H77 plasma was extracted with the TRIzol system (GIBCO BRL). The RNA pellet was resuspended in 100 μ l of 10 mM dithiothreitol (DTT) with 5% (vol/vol) RNasin (20 - 40 units/ μ l) (available from Promega) and 10 μ l aliquots were stored at -80°C. In subsequent experiments RT-PCR was performed on RNA equivalent to 1 μ l of H77 plasma, which contained an estimated 10 5 genome equivalents (GE) of HCV (Yanaqi et al (1996)).

Primers used in the RT-PCR process were deduced from the genomic sequences of strain H77 according to procedures already known in the art (see above) or else were determined specifically for use herein. The primers generated for this purpose are listed in Table 1.

Table 1. Oligonucleotides used for PCR amplification of strain H77 of HCV

Designation	Sequence (5' → 3')*
H9261F H3'X58R H9282F H3'X45R H9375F H3'X-35R H9386F	GGCTACAGCGGGGGGAGACATTTATCACAGC TCATGCGGCTCACGGACCTTTCACAGCTAG GTCCAAGCTTATCACAGCGTGTCTCATGCCCGGCCCCG CCTCTCTACAGGACCTTTCACAGCTAGCCGTGACTAGGG TGAAGGTTGGGGTAAACACTCCGGCCTCTTAGGCCATT ACATGATCTGCAGAGAGGCCAGTATCAGACACTCTC GTCCAAGCTTACGCGTAAACACTCCGGCCTCCTTAAGCCATTCCTG
H3'X-38R H1	CGTCTCTAGACATGATCTGCAGAGAGGCCAGTATCAGCACTCTCTGC TTTTTTTTGCGGCCGCTAATACGACTCACTATAGCCAGCC
A1 H9417R	GGGGCGACACTCCACCATG ACTGTCTTCACGCAGAAAGCGTCTAGCCAT CGTC <u>TCTAGA</u> CAGGAAATGG <u>CTTAAG</u> AGGCCGGAGTGTTTACC

^{*} HCV sequences are shown in plain text, non-HCV-specific sequences are shown in boldface and artificial cleavage sites used for cDNA cloning are underlined. The core sequence of the T7 promoter in primer H1 is shown in italics.

Primers for long RT-PCR were size-purified. cDNA Synthesis

The RNA was denatured at 65°C for 2 min, and cDNA synthesis was performed in a 20 μl reaction volume with Superscript II reverse transcriptase (from GIBCO/BRL) 344936.1

at 42 °C for 1 hour using specific antisense primers as described previously (Tellier et al (1996)). The cDNA mixture was treated with RNase H and RNase T1 (GIBCO/BRL) for 20 min at 37 °C.

Amplification and Cloning of the 3' UTR

The 3' UTR of strain H77 was amplified by PCR in two different assays. In both of these nested PCR reactions the first round of PCR was performed in a total volume of 50 μ l in 1 x buffer, 250 μ mol of each deoxynucleoside triphosphate (dNTP; Pharmacia), 20 pmol each of external sense and antisense primers, 1 μ l of the Advantage KlenTaq polymerase mix (from Clontech) and 2 μ l of the final cDNA reaction mixture. In the second round of PCR, 5 μ l of the first round PCR mixture was added to 45 μ l of PCR mixture prepared as already described. Each round of PCR (35 cycles), which was performed in a Perkin Elmer DNA thermal cycler 480, consisted of denaturation at 94 °C for 1 min (in 1st cycle 1 min 30 sec), annealing at 60°C for 1 min and elongation at 68°C for 2 min. experiment a region from NS5B to the conserved region of the 3' UTR was amplified with the external primers H9261F and H3'X58R, and the internal primers H9282F and H3'X45R (Table 1). In another experiment, a segment of the variable region to the very end of the 3' UTR was amplified with the external primers H9375F and H3'X-35R, and the internal primers H9386F and H3'X-38R (Table 1, Fig. 1). Amplified products were purified with QIAquick PCR purification kit (from QIAGEN), digested with Hind III and Xba I (from Promega), purified by either gel electrophoresis or phenol/chloroform extraction, and then cloned into the multiple cloning site of plasmid pGEM-9zf(-) (Promega) or pUC19 (Pharmacia). Cloning of cDNA into the vector was performed with T4 DNA ligase (Promega) by standard procedures.

Amplification of Near Full-Length H77 Genomes by Long PCR

The reactions were performed in a total volume of 50 μ l in 1 x buffer, 250 μ mol of each dNTP, 10 pmol each of sense and antisense primers, 1 μ l of the Advantage KlenTaq polymerase mix and 2 μ l of the cDNA reaction mixture (Tellier et al (1996)). A single PCR round of 35 cycles was performed in a Robocycler thermal cycler (from Stratagene), and consisted of denaturation at 99 °C for 35 sec, annealing at 67 °C for 30 sec and elongation at 68 °C for 10 min during the first 5 cycles, 11 min during the next 10 cycles, 12 min during the following 10 cycles and 13 min during the last 10 cycles. To amplify the complete ORF of HCV by long RT-PCR we used the sense primers H1 or A1 deduced from the 5' UTR and the antisense primer H9417R deduced from the variable region of the 3' UTR (Table 1, Fig. 1).

Construction of Full-Length H77 cDNA Clones

The long PCR products amplified with H1 and H9417R primers were cloned directly into pGEM-9zf(-) after digestion with Not I and Xba I (from Promega) (as per Fig. 1). Two clones were obtained with inserts of the expected size, pH21, and pH50,. Next, the chosen 3' UTR was cloned into both pH21, and pH50, after digestion with Afl II and Xba I (New England Biolabs). DH5\alpha competent cells (GIBCO/BRL) were transformed and selected with LB agar plates containing 100 µg/ml ampicillin (from SIGMA). Then the selected colonies were cultured in LB liquid containing ampicillin at 30°C for ~18-20 hrs (transformants containing full-length or near full-length cDNA of H77 produced a very low yield of plasmid when cultured at 37 °C or for more than 24 hrs). After small scale preparation (Wizard Plus Minipreps DNA Purification Systems, Promega) each plasmid was retransformed to select a single clone, and large scale preparation of plasmid DNA was performed with a QIAGEN plasmid Maxi kit.

Cloning of Long RT-PCR Products Into a Cassette Vector

To improve the efficiency of cloning, a vector with consensus 5' and 3' termini of HCV strain H77 was constructed (Fig. 1). This cassette vector (pCV) was obtained by cutting out the BamHI fragment (nts 1358 - 7530 of the H77 genome) from pH50, followed by religation. Next, the long PCR products of H77 amplified with H1 and H9417R or A1 and H9417R primers were purified (Geneclean spin kit; BIO 101) and cloned into pCV after digestion with Age I and Afl II(New England Biolabs) or with Pin AI (isoschizomer of Age I) and Bfr I (isoschizomer of Afl II) (Boehringer Mannheim). Large scale preparations of the plasmids containing full-length cDNA of H77 were performed as described above.

Construction of H77 Consensus Chimeric cDNA Clone

A full-length cDNA clone of H77 with an ORF encoding the consensus amino acid sequence was constructed by making a chimera from four of the cDNA clones obtained above. This consensus chimera, pCV-H77C, was constructed in two ligation steps by using standard molecular procedures and convenient cleavage sites and involved first a two piece ligation and then a three piece ligation. Large scale preparation of pCV-H77C was performed as already described.

In Vitro Transcription

Plasmids containing the full-length HCV cDNA were linearized with Xba I (from Promega), and purified by phenol/chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation. A 100 μ l reaction mixture containing 10 μ g of linearized plasmid DNA, 1 x transcription buffer, 1 mM ATP, CTP, GTP and UTP, 10mM DTT , 4% (v/v) RNasin (20-40 units/ μ l) and 2 μ l of T7 RNA polymerase (Promega) was incubated at 37 °C for 2 hrs. Five μ l of the reaction mixture was analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis followed by ethidium bromide staining. The transcription reaction mixture was diluted with 400 μ l of ice-cold phosphate-buffered saline

without calcium or magnesium, immediately frozen on dry ice and stored at -80 °C. The final nucleic acid mixture was injected into chimpanzees within 24 hrs.

Intrahepatic Transfection of Chimpanzees

Laparotomy was performed and aliquots from two transcription reactions were injected into 6 sites of the exposed liver (Emerson et al (1992). Serum samples were collected weekly from chimpanzees and monitored for liver enzyme levels and anti-HCV antibodies. Weekly samples of 100 μ l of serum were tested for HCV RNA in a highly sensitive nested RT-PCR assay with AmpliTaq Gold (Perkin Elmer) (Yanagi et al (1996); Bukh et al (1992)). The genome titer of HCV was estimated by testing 10-fold serial dilutions of the extracted RNA in the RT-PCR assay (Yanagi et al (1996)). The two chimpanzees used in this study were maintained under conditions that met all requirements for their use in an approved facility.

The consensus sequence of the complete ORF from HCV genomes recovered at week 2 post inoculation (p.i) was determined by direct sequencing of PCR products obtained in long RT-PCR with primers A1 and H9417R followed by nested PCR of 10 overlapping fragments. The consensus sequence of the variable region of the 3' UTR was determined by direct sequencing of an amplicon obtained in nested RT-PCR as described above. Finally, we amplified selected regions independently by nested RT-PCR with AmpliTag Gold.

Sequence Analysis

Both strands of DNA from PCR products, as well as plasmids, were sequenced with the ABI PRISM Dye Termination Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit using Taq DNA polymerase (Perkin Elmer) and about 100 specific sense and antisense sequence primers.

The consensus sequence of HCV strain H77 was determined in two different ways. In one approach, overlapping PCR products were directly sequenced, and

amplified in nested RT-PCR from the H77 plasma sample. The sequence analyzed (nucleotides (nts) 35-9417) included the entire genome except the very 5' and 3' termini. In the second approach, the consensus sequence of nts 157-9384 was deduced from the sequences of 18 full-length cDNA clones.

EXAMPLE 1

Variability in the sequence of the 3' UTR of HCV strain H77

The heterogeneity of the 3' UTR was analyzed by cloning and sequencing of DNA amplicons obtained in nested RT-PCR. 19 clones containing sequences of the entire variable region, the poly U-UC region and the adjacent 19 nt of the conserved region, and 65 clones containing sequences of the entire poly U-UC region and the first 63 nts of the conserved region were analyzed. This analysis confirmed that the variable region consisted of 43 nts, including two conserved termination codons (Han et al (1992)). The sequence of the variable region was highly conserved within H77 since only 3 point mutations were found among the 19 clones analyzed. A poly U-UC region was present in all 84 clones analyzed. However, its length varied from 71-141 nts. The length of the poly U region was 9-103 nts, and that of the poly UC region was 35-85 nts. The number of C residues increased towards the 3' end of the poly UC region but the sequence of this region is not conserved. The first 63 nts of the conserved region were highly conserved among the clones analyzed, with a total of only 14 point mutations. To confirm the validity of the analysis, the 3' UTR was reamplified directly from a full-length cDNA clone of HCV (see below) by the nested-PCR procedure with the primers in the variable region and at the very 3' end of the HCV genome and cloned the PCR product. Eight clones had 1-7 nt deletions in the poly U region. Furthermore, although the C residues of the poly UC region were maintained, the

spacing of these varied because of 1-2 nt deletions of U residues. These deletions must be artifacts introduced by PCR and such mistakes may have contributed to the heterogeneity originally observed in this region. However, the conserved region of the 3' UTR was amplified correctly, suggesting that the deletions were due to difficulties in transcribing a highly repetitive sequence.

One of the 3' UTR clones was selected for engineering of full-length cDNA clones of H77. This clone had the consensus variable sequence except for a single point mutation introduced to create an Afl II cleavage site, a poly U-UC stretch of 81 nts with the most commonly observed UC pattern and the consensus sequence of the complete conserved region of 101 nts, including the distal 38 nts which originated from the antisense primer used in the amplification. After linearization with Xba I, the DNA template of this clone had the authentic 3' end.

EXAMPLE_2

The Entire Open Reading Frame of H77 Amplified in One Round of Long RT-PCR

It had been previously demonstrated that a 9.25 kb fragment of the HCV genome from the 5' UTR to the 3' end of NS5B could be amplified from 104 GE (genome equivalents) of H77 by a single round of long RT-PCR (Tellier et al (1996a)). In the current study, by optimizing primers and cycling conditions, the entire ORF of H77 was amplified in a single round of long RT-PCR with primers from the 5' UTR and the variable region of the 3' UTR. In fact, 9.4 kb of the H77 genome (H product: from the very 5' end to the variable region of the 3' UTR) could be amplified from 105GE or 9.3 kb (A product: from within the 5' UTR to the variable region of the 3' UTR) from 104GE or 105GE, in a single round of long RT-PCR (Fig. 2). The PCR products amplified from 105GE of H77 were used for engineering full-length cDNA clones (see below).

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EXAMPLE 3

Construction of Multiple Full-Length cDNA Clones of H77 in a Single Step by Cloning of Long RT-PCR Amplicons Directly into a Cassette Vector with Fixed 5' and 3' Termini

Direct cloning of the long PCR products (H), which contained a 5' T7 promoter, the authentic 5' end, the entire ORF of H77 and a short region of the 3' UTR, into pGEM-9zf(-) vector by Not I and Xba I digestion was first attempted. However, among the 70 clones examined all but two had inserts that were shorter than predicted. Sequence analysis identified a second Not I site in the majority of clones, which resulted in deletion of the nts past position 9221. Only two clones (pH21, and pH50,) were missing the second Not I site and had the expected 5' and 3' sequences of the PCR product. Therefore, full-length cDNA clones (pH21 and pH50) were constructed by inserting the chosen 3' UTR into pH21, and pH50,, respectively. Sequence analysis revealed that clone pH21 had a complete full-length sequence of H77; this clone was tested for infectivity. The second clone, pH50, had one nt deletion in the ORF at position 6365; this clone was used to make a cassette vector.

The complete ORF was amplified by constructing a cassette vector with fixed 5' and 3' termini as an intermediate of the full-length cDNA clones. This vector (pCV) was constructed by digestion of clone pH50 with BamHI, followed by religation, to give a shortened plasmid readily distinguished from plasmids containing the full-length insert. Attempts to clone long RT-PCR products (H) into pCV by Age I and Afl II yielded only 1 of 23 clones with an insert of the expected size. In order to increase the efficiency of cloning, we repeated the procedure but used Pin A I and Bfr I instead of the respective isoschizomers Age I and Afl II. By this protocol, 24 of 31 H clones and 30 of 35 A clones had the full-length cDNA

of H77 as evaluated by restriction enzyme digestion. A total of 16 clones, selected at random, were each retransformed, and individual plasmids were purified and completely sequenced.

EXAMPLE 4

Demonstration of Infectious Nature of Transcripts of a cDNA Clone Representing the Consensus Sequence of Strain H77

A consensus chimera was constructed from 4 of the full-length cDNA clones with just 2 ligation steps. The final construct, pCV-H77C, had 11 nt differences from the consensus sequence of H77 in the ORF (Fig. 3). However, 10 of these nucleotide differences represented silent mutations. The chimeric clone differed from the consensus sequence at only one amino acid [L instead of F at position 790]. Among the 18 ORFs analyzed above, the F residue was found in 11 clones and the L residue in 7 clones. However, the L residue was dominant in other isolates of genotype 1a, including a first passage of H77 in a chimmanzee (Inchauspe et al (1991)).

To test the infectivity of the consensus chimeric clone of H77 intrahepatic transfection of a chimpanzee was performed. The pCV-H77C clone was linearized with Xba I and transcribed in vitro by T7 RNA polymerase (Fig. 2). The transcription mixture was next injected into 6 sites of the liver of chimpanzee 1530. The chimpanzee became infected with HCV as measured by detection of 10² GE/ml of viral genome at week 1 p.i. Furthermore, the HCV titer increased to 10⁴ GE/ml at week 2 p.i., and reached 10⁶ GE/ml by week 8 p.i. The viremic pattern observed in the early phase of the infection with the recombinant virus was similar to that observed in chimpanzees inoculated intravenously with strain H77 or other strains of HCV (Shimizu (1990)).

The sequence of the HCV genomes from the serum sample collected at week 2 p.i. was analyzed. The

consensus sequence of nts 298-9375 of the recovered genomes was determined by direct sequencing of PCR products obtained in long RT-PCR followed by nested PCR of 10 overlapping fragments. The identity to clone pCV-H77C sequence was 100%. The consensus sequence of nts 96-291,1328-1848, 3585-4106, 4763-5113 and 9322-9445 was determined from PCR products obtained in different nested RT-PCR assays. The identity of these sequences with pCV-H77C was also 100%. These latter regions contained 4 mutations unique to the consensus chimera, including the artificial Af1 II cleavage site in the 3' UTR. Therefore, RNA transcripts of this clone of HCV were infectious.

The infectious nature of the consensus chimera indicates that the regions of the 5' and 3' UTRs incorporated into the cassette vector do not destroy viability. This makes it highly advantageous to use the cassette vector to construct infectious cDNA clones of other HCV strains when the consensus sequence for each ORF is inserted.

In addition, two complete full-length clones (dubbed pH21 and pCV-H11) constructed were not infectious, as shown by intrahepatic injection of chimpanzees with the corresponding RNA transcripts. Thus, injection of the transcription mixture into 3 sites of the exposed liver resulted in no observable HCV replication and weekly serum samples were negative for HCV RNA at weeks 1 - 17 p.i. in a highly sensitive nested RT-PCR assay. The cDNA template injected along with the RNA transcripts was also not detected in this assay.

Moreover, the chimpanzee remained negative for antibodies to HCV throughout the follow-up. Subsequent sequence analysis revealed that 7 of 16 additional clones were defective for polyprotein synthesis and all clones had multiple amino acid mutations compared with the consensus sequence of the parent strain. For example, clone pH21, which was not infectious, had 7 amino acid

substitutions in the entire predicted polyprotein compared with the consensus sequence of H77 (Fig. 3). The most notable mutation was at position 1026, which changed L to Q, altering the cleavage site between NS2 and NS3 (Reed (1995)). Clone pCV-H11, also non-infectious, had 21 amino acid substitutions in the predicted polyprotein compared with the consensus sequence of H77 (Fig. 3). The amino acid mutation at position 564 eliminated a highly conserved C residue in the E2 protein (Okamoto (1992a)).

EXAMPLE 4A

The chimpanzee of Example 4, designated 1530, was monitored out to 32 weeks p.i. for serum enzyme levels (ALT) and the presence of anti-HCV antibodies, HCV RNA, and liver histopathology. The results are shown in Figure 18B.

A second chimp, designated 1494, was also transfected with RNA transcripts of the pCV-H77C clone and monitored out to 17 weeks p.i. for the presence of anti-HCV antibodies, HCV RNA and elevated serum enzyme levels. The results are shown in Figure 18A.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

for Examples 5-10

Source Of HCV Genotype 1b

An infectious plasma pool (second chimpanzee passage) containing strain HC-J4, genotype 1b, was prepared from acute phase plasma of a chimpanzee experimentally infected with serum containing HC-J4/91 (Okamoto et al., 1992b). The HC-J4/91 sample was obtained from a first chimpanzee passage during the chronic phase of hepatitis C about 8 years after experimental infection. The consensus sequence of the entire genome, except for the very 3' end, was determined previously for HC-J4/91 (Okamoto et al., 1992b).

Preparation Of HCV RNA

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. Viral RNA was extracted from 100 μl aliquots of the HC-J4 plasma pool with the TRIzol system (GIBCO BRL).

The RNA pellets were each resuspended in 10 μ l of 10 mM dithiothreitol (DTT) with 5% (vol/vol) RNasin (20-40 units/ μ l) (Promega) and stored at -80°C or immediately used for cDNA synthesis.

Amplification And Cloning Of The 3' UTR

A region spanning from NS5B to the conserved region of the 3' UTR was amplified in nested RT-PCR using the procedure of Yanagi et al., (1997).

In brief, the RNA was denatured at 65°C for 2 minutes, and cDNA was synthesized at 42°C for 1 hour with Superscript II reverse transcriptase (GIBCO BRL) and primer H3'X58R (Table 1) in a 20 μ l reaction volume. cDNA mixture was treated with RNase H and RNase T1 (GIBCO BRL) at 37°C for 20 minutes. The first round of PCR was performed on 2 μ l of the final cDNA mixture in a total volume of 50 μ l with the Advantage cDNA polymerase mix (Clontech) and external primers H9261F (Table 1) and H3'X58R (Table 1). In the second round of PCR [internal primers H9282F (Table 1) and H3'X45R (Table 1)], 5 μ l of the first round PCR mixture was added to 45 μl of the PCR reaction mixture. Each round of PCR (35 cycles), was performed in a DNA thermal cycler 480 (Perkin Elmer) and consisted of denaturation at 94°C for 1 minute (1st cycle: 1 minute 30 sec), annealing at 60°C for 1 minute and elongation at 68°C for 2 minutes. After purification with QIAquick PCR purification kit (QIAGEN), digestion with HindIII and XbaI (Promega), and phenol/chloroform extraction, the amplified products were cloned into pGEM-9zf(-) (Promega) (Yanagi et al., 1997). Amplification And Cloning Of The Entire ORF

A region from within the 5' UTR to the variable region of the 3' UTR of strain HC-J4 was amplified by long RT-PCR (Fig. 1) (Yanagi et al., 1997). The cDNA was synthesized at 42°C for 1 hour in a 20 μ l reaction volume with Superscript II reverse transcriptase and primer J4-

9405R (5'-GCCTATTGGCCTGGAGTGGTTAGCTC-3'), and treated with RNases as above. The cDNA mixture (2 μ l) was amplified by long PCR with the Advantage cDNA polymerase mix and primers Al (Table 1) (Bukh et al., 1992; Yanagi et al., 1997) and J4-9398R (5'-

AGGATGGCCTTAAGGCCTGGAGTGGTTAGCTCCCCGTTCA-3'). Primer J4-9398R contained extra bases (bold) and an artificial AfIII cleavage site (underlined). A single PCR round was performed in a Robocycler thermal cycler (Stratagene), and consisted of denaturation at 99°C for 35 seconds, annealing at 67°C for 30 seconds and elongation at 68°C for 10 minutes during the first 5 cycles, 11 minutes during the next 10 cycles, 12 minutes during the following 10 cycles and 13 minutes during the last 10 cycles.

After digesting the long PCR products obtained from strain HC-J4 with PinAI (isoschizomer of AgeI) and BfrI (isoschizomer of AfIII) (Boehringer Mannheim), attempts were made to clone them directly into a cassette vector (pCV), which contained the 5' and 3' termini of strain H77 (Figure 1) but no full-length clones were obtained. Accordingly, to improve the efficiency of cloning, the PCR product was further digested with BglII (Boehringer Mannheim) and the two resultant genome fragments [L fragment: PinAI/BglII, nts 156 - 8935; S fragment: BglII/BrfI, nts 8936 - 9398] were separately cloned into pCV (Figure 6).

DH5 α competent cells (GIBCO BRL) were transformed and selected on LB agar plates containing 100 μ g/ml ampicillin (SIGMA) and amplified in LB liquid cultures at 30 °C for 18-20 hours.

Sequence analysis of 9 plasmids containing the S fragment (miniprep samples) and 9 plasmids containing the L fragment (maxiprep samples) were performed as described previously (Yanagi et al., 1997). Three L fragments, each encoding a distinct polypeptide, were cloned into pCV-J4S9 (which contained an S fragment encoding the consensus

amino acid sequence of HC-J4) to construct three chimeric full-length HCV cDNAs (pCV-J4L2S, pCV-J4L4S and pCV-J4L6S) (Fig. 6). Large scale preparation of each clone was performed as described previously with a QIAGEN plasmid Maxi kit (Yanagi et al., 1997) and the authenticity of each clone was confirmed by sequence analysis.

Both strands of DNA were sequenced with the ABI PRISM Dye Termination Cycle Sequencing Ready Reaction Kit using Taq DNA polymerase (Perkin Elmer) and about 90 specific sense and antisense primers. Analyses of genomic sequences, including multiple sequence alignments and tree analyses, were performed with GeneWorks (Oxford Molecular Group) (Bukh et al., 1995).

The consensus sequence of strain HC-J4 was determined by direct sequencing of PCR products (nts 11 - 9412) and by sequence analysis of multiple cloned L and S fragments (nts 156 -9371). The consensus sequence of the 3' UTR (3' variable region, polypyrimidine tract and the first 16 nucleotides of the conserved region) was determined by analysis of 24 cDNA clones. Intrahepatic Transfection Of A Chimpanzee With Transcribed RNA

Two in vitro transcription reactions were performed with each of the three full-length clones. In each reaction 10 μg of plasmid DNA linearized with Xba I (Promega) was transcribed in a 100 μl reaction volume with T7 RNA polymerase (Promega) at 37°C for 2 hours as described previously (Yanagi et al., 1997). Five μl of the final reaction mixture was analyzed by agarose gel electrophoresis and ethidium bromide staining (Fig. 5). Each transcription mixture was diluted with 400 μl of ice-cold phosphate-buffered saline without calcium or magnesium and then the two aliquots from the same cDNA clone were combined, immediately frozen on dry ice and stored at -80°C. Within 24 hours after freezing the

transcription mixtures were injected into the chimpanzee by percutaneous intrahepatic injection that was guided by ultrasound. Each inoculum was individually injected (5-6 sites) into a separate area of the liver to prevent complementation or recombination. The chimpanzee was maintained under conditions that met all requirements for its use in an approved facility.

Serum samples were collected weekly from the chimpanzee and monitored for liver enzyme levels and anti-HCV antibodies. Weekly samples of 100 μ l of serum were tested for HCV RNA in a sensitive nested RT-PCR assay (Bukh et al., 1992, Yanagi et al., 1996) with AmpliTaq Gold DNA polymerase. The genome equivalent (GE) titer of HCV was determined by testing 10-fold serial dilutions of the extracted RNA in the RT-PCR assay (Yanagi et al., 1996) with 1 GE defined as the number of HCV genomes present in the highest dilution which was positive in the RT-nested PCR assay.

To identify which of the three clones was infectious <u>in vivo</u>, the NS3 region (nts 3659 - 4110) from the chimpanzee serum was amplified in a highly sensitive and specific nested RT-PCR assay with AmpliTaq Gold DNA polymerase and the PCR products were cloned with a TA cloning kit (Invitrogen). In addition, the consensus sequence of the nearly complete genome (nts 11 - 9441) was determined by direct sequencing of overlapping PCR products.

EXAMPLE 5

Sequence Analysis Of Infectious Plasma Pool Of Strain HC-J4 Used As The Cloning Source

As an infectious cDNA clone of a genotype la strain of HCV had been obtained only after the ORF was engineered to encode the consensus polypeptide (Kolykhalov et al., 1997; Yanagi et al., 1997), a detailed sequence analysis of the cloning source was performed to determine the consensus sequence prior to constructing an infectious cDNA clone of a 1b genotype.

A plasma pool of strain HC-J4 was prepared from acute phase plasmapheresis units collected from a chimpanzee experimentally infected with HC-J4/91 (Okamoto et al., 1992b). This HCV pool had a PCR titer of 10^4 - 10^5 GE/ml and an infectivity titer of approximately 10^3 chimpanzee infectious doses per ml.

The heterogeneity of the 3' UTR of strain HC-J4 was determined by analyzing 24 clones of nested RT-PCR product. The consensus sequence was identical to that previously published for HC-J4/91 (Okamoto et al., 1992b), except at position 9407 (see below). The variable region consisted of 41 nucleotides (nts. 9372 - 9412), including two in-frame termination codons. Furthermore, its sequence was highly conserved except at positions 9399 (19 A and 5 T clones) and 9407 (17 T and 7 A clones). The poly U-UC region varied slightly in composition and greatly in length (31-162 nucleotides). In the conserved region, the first 16 nucleotides of 22 clones were identical to those previously published for other genotype 1 strains, whereas two clones each had a single point mutation. These data suggested that the structural organization at the 3' end of HC-J4 was similar to that of the infectious clone of a genotype la strain of Yanagi et al (1997).

Next, the entire ORF of HC-J4 was amplified in a single round of long RT-PCR (Figure 5). The original plan was to clone the resulting PCR products into the PinAI and BrfI site of a HCV cassette vector (pCV), which had fixed 5' and 3' termini of genotype 1a (Yanagi et al., 1997) but since full-length clones were not obtained, two genome fragments (L and S) derived from the long RT-PCR products (Figure 6) were separately subcloned into pCV.

To determine the consensus sequence of the ORF, the sequence of 9 clones each of the L fragment (pCV-J4L) $\,$

and of the S fragment (pCV-J4S) was determined and quasispecies were found at 275 nucleotide (3.05 %) and 78 amino acid (2.59 %) positions, scattered throughout the 9030 nts (3010 aa) of the ORF (Figure 7). Of the 161 nucleotide substitutions unique to a single clone, 71% were at the third position of the codon and 72 % were silent.

Each of the nine L clones represented the near complete ORF of an individual genome. The differences among the L clones were 0.30 - 1.53% at the nucleotide and 0.31 - 1.47% at the amino acid level (Figure 8). clones. L1 and L7, had a defective ORF due to a single nucleotide deletion and a single nucleotide insertion, respectively. Even though the HC-J4 plasma pool was obtained in the early acute phase, it appeared to contain at least three viral species (Figure 9). Species A contained the L1, L2, L6, L8 and L9 clones, species B the L3. L7 and L10 clones and species C the L4 clone. Although each species A clone was unique all A clones differed from all B clones at the same 20 amino acid sites and at these positions, species C had the species A sequence at 14 positions and the species B sequence at 6 positions (Figure 7).

Okamoto and coworkers (Okamoto et al., 1992b) previously determined the nearly complete genome consensus sequence of strain HC-J4 in acute phase serum of the first chimpanzee passage (HC-J4/83) as well as in chronic phase serum collected 8.2 years later (HC-J4/91). In addition, they determined the sequence of amino acids 379 to 413 (including HVR1) and amino acids 468 to 486 (including HVR2) of multiple individual clones (Okamoto et al., 1992b).

It was found by the present inventors that the sequences of individual genomes in the plasma pool collected from a chimpanzee inoculated with HC-J4/91 were all more closely related to HC-J4/91 than to HC-J4/83

(Figures 8, 9) and contained HVR amino acid sequences closely related to three of the four viral species previously found in HC-J4/91 (Figure 10).

Thus, the data presented herein demonstrate the occurrence of the simultaneous transmission of multiple species to a single chimpanzee and clearly illustrates the difficulties in accurately determining the evolution of HCV over time since multiple species with significant changes throughout the HCV genome can be present from the onset of the infection. Accordingly, infection of chimpanzees with monoclonal viruses derived from the infectious clones described herein will make it possible to perform more detailed studies of the evolution of HCV in vivo and its importance for viral persistence and pathogenesis.

EXAMPLE 6

Determination Of The Consensus Sequence Of HC-J4 In The Plasma Pool

The consensus sequence of nucleotides 156-9371 of HC-J4 was determined by two approaches. In one approach, the consensus sequence was deduced from 9 clones of the long RT-PCR product. In the other approach the long RT-PCR product was reamplified by PCR as overlapping fragments which were sequenced directly. The two "consensus" sequences differed at 31 (0.34%) of 9216 nucleotide positions and at 11 (0.37%) of 3010 deduced amino acid positions (Figure 7). At all of these positions a major quasispecies of strain HC-J4 was found in the plasma pool. At 9 additional amino acid positions the cloned sequences displayed heterogeneity and the direct sequence was ambiguous (Figure 7). Finally, it should be noted that there were multiple amino acid positions at which the consensus sequence obtained by direct sequencing was identical to that obtained by cloning and sequencing even though a major quasispecies

was detected (Figure 7).

For positions at which the two "consensus" sequences of HC-J4 differed, both amino acids were included in a composite consensus sequence (Figure 7). However, even with this allowance, none of the 9 L clones analyzed (aa 1 - 2864) had the composite consensus sequence: two clones did not encode the complete polypeptide and the remaining 7 clones differed from the consensus sequence by 3 - 13 amino acids (Figure 7).

EXAMPLE 7

Construction Of Chimeric Full-Length cDNA Clones Containing The Entire ORF Of HC-J4

The cassette vector used to clone strain H77 was used to construct an infectious cDNA clone containing the ORF of a second subtype.

In brief, three full-length cDNA clones were constructed by cloning different L fragments into the PinAI/BgIII site of pCV-J4S9, the cassette vector for genotype la (Figure 6), which also contained an S fragment encoding the consensus amino acid sequence of HC-J4. Therefore, although the ORF was from strain HC-J4, most of the 5' and 3' terminal sequences originated from strain H77. As a result, the 5' and 3' UTR were chimeras of genotypes la and 1b (Figure 11).

The first 155 nucleotides of the 5' UTR were from strain H77 (genotype 1a), and differed from the authentic sequence of HC-J4 (genotype 1b) at nucleotides 11, 12, 13, 34 and 35. In two clones (pCV-J4L2S, pCV-J4L6S) the rest of the 5' UTR had the consensus sequence of HC-J4, whereas the third clone (pCV-J4L4S) had a single nucleotide insertion at position 207. In all 3 clones the first 27 nucleotides of the 3' variable region of the 3' UTR were identical with the consensus sequence of HC-J4. The remaining 15 nucleotides of the variable region, the poly U-UC region and the 3' conserved region of the 3' UTR

had the same sequence as an infectious clone of strain H77 (Figure 11).

None of the three full-length clones of HC-J4 had the ORF composite consensus sequence (Figures 7, 12). The pCV-J4L6S clone had only three amino acid changes: Q for R at position 231 (E1), V for A at position 937 (NS2) and T for S at position 1215 (NS3). The pCV-J4L4S clone had 7 amino acid changes, including a change at position 450 (E2) that eliminated a highly conserved N-linked glycosylation site (Okamoto et al., 1992a). Finally, the pCV-J4L2S clone had 9 amino acid changes compared with the consensus sequence of HC-J4. A change at position 304 (E1) mutated a highly conserved cysteine residue (Bukh et al., 1993; Okamoto et al., 1992a).

EXAMPLE 8

Transfection Of A Chimpanzee By In Vitro Transcripts Of A Chimeric cDNA

The infectivity of the three chimeric HCV clones was determined by ultra-sound-guided percutaneous intrahepatic injection into the liver of a chimpanzee of the same amount of cDNA and transcription mixture for each of the clones (Figure 5). This procedure is a less invasive procedure than the laparotomy procedure utilized by Kolykhalov et al. (1997) and Yanagi et al. (1997) and should facilitate in vivo studies of cDNA clones of HCV in chimpanzees since percutaneous procedures, unlike laparotomy, can be performed repeatedly.

As shown in Figure 13, the chimpanzee became infected with HCV as measured by increasing titers of 10^2 GE/ml at week 1 p.i., 10^3 GE/ml at week 2 p.i. and 10^4 - 10^5 GE/ml during weeks 3 to 10 p.i.

The viremic pattern found in the early phase of the infection was similar to that observed for the recombinant H77 virus in chimpanzees (Bukh et al., unpublished data; Kolykhalov et al., 1997; Yanagi et al., 1997). The chimpanzee transfected in the present study was chronically infected with hepatitis G virus (HGV/GBV-C) (Bukh et al., 1998) and had a titer of 10⁶ GE/ml at the time of HCV transfection. Although HGV/GBV-C was originally believed to be a hepatitis virus, it does not cause hepatitis in chimpanzees (Bukh et al., 1998) and may not replicate in the liver (Laskus et al., 1997). The present study demonstrated that an ongoing infection of HGV/GBV-C did not prevent acute HCV infection in the chimpanzee model.

However, to identify which of the three full-length HC-J4 clones were infectious, the NS3 region (nts. 3659 - 4110) of HCV genomes amplified by RT-PCR from serum samples taken from the infected chimpanzee during weeks 2 and 4 post-infection (p.i.) were cloned and sequenced. As the PCR primers were a complete match with each of the original three clones, this assay should not have preferentially amplified one virus over another. Sequence analysis of 26 and 24 clones obtained at weeks 2 and 4 p.i., respectively, demonstrated that all originated from the transcripts of pCV-J4L6S.

Moreover, the consensus sequence of PCR products of the nearly complete genome (nts. 11-9441), amplified from serum obtained during week 2 p.i., was identical to the sequence of pCV-J4L6S and there was no evidence of quasispecies. Thus, RNA transcripts of pCV-J4L6S, but not of pCV-J4L2S or pCV-J4L4S, were infectious in vivo. The data in Figure 13 is therefore the product of the transfection of RNA transcripts of pCV-J4L6S.

In addition, the chimeric sequences of genotypes la and 1b in the UTRs were maintained in the infected chimpanzee. The consensus sequence of nucleotides 11 - 341 of the 5' UTR and the variable region of the 3' UTR, amplified from serum obtained during weeks 2 and 4 p.i., had the expected chimeric sequence of genotypes 1a and 1b (Fig. 11). Also three of four clones of the 3' UTR

obtained at week 2 p.i. had the chimeric sequence of the variable region, whereas a single substitution was noted in the fourth clone. However, in all four clones the poly U region was longer (2-12 nts) than expected. Also, extra C and G residues were observed in this region. For the most part, the number of C residues in the poly UC region was maintained in all clones although the spacing varied. As shown previously, variations in the number of U residues can reflect artifacts introduced during PCR amplification (Yanagi et al., 1997). The sequence of the first 19 nucleotides of the conserved region was maintained in all four clones. Thus, with the exception of the poly U-UC region, the genomic sequences recovered from the infected chimpanzee were exactly those of the chimeric infectious clone pCV-J4BL6S.

The results presented in Figure 13 therefore demonstrate that HCV polypeptide sequences other than the consensus sequence can be infectious and that a chimeric genome containing portions of the H77 termini could produce an infectious virus. In addition, these results showed for the first time that it is possible to make infectious viruses containing 5' and 3' terminal sequences specific for two different subtypes of the same major genotype of HCV.

EXAMPLE 9

Construction Of A Chimeric 1a/lb Infectious Clone

A chimeric 1a/1b infectious clone in which the structural region of the genotype 1b infectious clone is inserted into the 1a clone of Yanagi et al. (1997) is constructed by following the protocol shown in Figure 15. The resultant chimera contains nucleotides 156-2763 of the 1b clone described herein inserted into the 1a clone of Figures 4A-4F. The sequences of the primers shown in Figure 15 which are used in constructing this chimeric clone, designated pH77CV-J4, are presented below.

H2751S (Cla I/Nde I)

CGT CAT CGA TCC TCA GCG GGC ATA TGC ACT GGA CAC GGA

2. H2870R

CAT GCA CCA GCT GAT ATA GCG CTT GTA ATA TG

3. H7851S

TCC GTA GAG GAA GCT TGC AGC CTG ACG CCC

4. H9173 R(P-M)

GTA CTT GCC ACA TAT AGC AGC CCT GCC TCC TCT G

5. H9140S (P-M)

CAG AGG AGG CAG GGC TGC TAT ATG TGG CAA GTA C

6. H9417R

CGT CTC TAG ACA GGA AAT GGC TTA AGA GGC CGG AGT GTT TAC C

7. J4-2271S

TGC AAT TGG ACT CGA GGA GAG CGC TGT AAC TTG GAG

J4-2776R (Nde I)

CGG TCC AAG GCA TAT GCT CGT GGT GGT AAC GCC AG

Transcripts of the chimeric la/1b clone (whose sequence is shown in Figures 16A-16F) are then produced and transfected into chimpanzees by the methods described in the Materials and Methods section herein and the transfected animals are then be subjected to biochemical (ALT levels), histopathological and PCR analyses to determine the infectivity of the chimeric clone.

EXAMPLE 10

Construction of 3' Deletion Mutants Of The 1a Infectious Clone pCV-H77C

Seven constructs having various deletions in the 3' untranslated region (UTR) of the la infectious clone pCV-H77C were constructed as described in Figures 17A-17B. The 3' untranslated sequence remaining in each of the seven constructs following their respective deletions is shown in Figures 17A-17B.

Construct pCV-H77C(-98X) containing a deletion of the 3'-most 98 nucleotide sequences in the 3'-UTR was transcribed in <u>vitro</u> according to the methods described

herein and 1 ml of the diluted transcription mixture was percutaneously transfected into the liver of a chimpanzee with the aid of ultrasound. After three weeks, the transfection was repeated. The chimpanzee was observed to be negative for hepatitis C virus replication as measured by RT-PCR assay for 5 weeks after transfection. These results demonstrate that the deleted 98 nucleotide 3'-UTR sequence was critical for production of infectious HCV and appear to contradict the reports of Dash et al. (1996) and Yoo et al. (1995) who reported that RNA transcripts from cDNA clones of HCV-1 and HCV-N lacking the terminal 98 conserved nucleotides at the very 3' end of the 3'-UTR resulted in viral replication after transfection into human hematoma cell lines.

Transcripts of the (-42X) mutant (Figure 17C) were also produced and transfected into a chimpanzee and transcripts of the other five deletion mutants shown in Figures 17D-17G) are to be produced and transfected into chimpanzees by the methods described herein. All transfected animals are to then be assayed for viral replication via RT-PCR.

Discussion

In two recent reports on transfection of chimpanzees, only those clones engineered to have the independently determined and slightly different consensus amino acid sequence of the polypeptide of strain H77 were infectious (Kolykhalov et al., 1997; Yanagi et al., 1997). Although the two infectious clones differed at four amino acid positions, these differences were represented in a major component of the quasispecies of the cloning source. In the present study, a single consensus sequence of strain HC-J4 could not be defined because the consensus sequence obtained by two different approaches (direct sequencing and sequencing of cloned products) differed at 20 amino acid positions, even though the same genomic PCR product was analyzed. The infectious clone differed at

two positions from the composite amino acid consensus sequence, from the sequence of the 8 additional HC-J4 clones analyzed in this study and from published sequences of earlier passage samples. An additional amino acid differed from the composite consensus sequence but was found in two other HC-J4 clones analyzed in this study. The two non-infectious full-length clones of HC-J4 differed from the composite consensus sequence by only 7 and 9 amino acid differences. However, since these clones had the same termini as the infectious clone (except for a single nucleotide insertion in the 5' UTR of pCV-J4L4S), one or more of these amino acid changes in each clone was apparently deleterious for the virus.

It was also found in the present study that HC-J4, like other strains of genotype 1b (Kolykhalov et al., 1996; Tanaka et al., 1996; Yamada et al., 1996), had a poly U-UC region followed by a terminal conserved element. The poly U-UC region appears to vary considerably so it was not clear whether changes in this region would have a significant effect on virus replication. On the other hand, the 3' 98 nucleotides of the HCV genome were previously shown to be identical among other strains of genotypes 1a and 1b (Kolykhalov et al., 1996; Tanaka et al., 1996). Thus, use of the cassette vector would not alter this region except for addition of 3 nucleotides found in strain H77 between the poly UC region and the 3' 98 conserved nucleotides.

In conclusion, an infectious clone representing a genotype 1b strain of HCV has been constructed. Thus, it has been demonstrated that it was possible to obtain an infectious clone of a second strain of HCV. In addition, it has been shown that a consensus amino acid sequence was not absolutely required for infectivity and that chimeras between the UTRs of two different genotypes could be viable.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A purified and isolated nucleic acid molecule which encodes human hepatitis C virus, said molecule capable of expressing said virus when transfected into cells.
- The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein said molecule encodes the amino acid sequence shown in Figures 14G-14H.
- 3. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 2, wherein said molecule comprises the nucleic acid sequence shown in Figures 14A-14F.
- 4. The nucleic acid molecule acid molecule of claim 1, wherein said molecule encodes the amino acid sequence shown in Figures 4G-4H.
- 5. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 4, wherein said molecule comprises the nucleic acid sequence shown in Figures 4A-4F.
- 6. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein a fragment of said molecule which encodes the structural region of hepatitis C virus has been replaced by the structural region from the genome of another hepatitis C virus strain.
- The nucleic acid molecule of claim 6, wherein said molecule encodes the amino acid sequence shown in Figures 16G-16H.
- 8. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 7, wherein said molecule comprises the nucleic acid sequence shown in Figures 16A-16F.
- 9. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein a fragment of the nucleic acid molecule which encodes at least one HCV protein has been replaced by a fragment of the genome of another hepatitis C virus strain which encodes the corresponding protein.
- 10. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 9, wherein the protein is selected from the group consisting of E1, E2 or NS4 proteins.

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- 11. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, wherein a fragment of the molecule encoding all or part of an HCV protein has been deleted.
- 12. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 11, wherein the HCV protein is selected from the group consisting of P7, NS4B or NS5A proteins.
- 13. A DNA construct comprising a nucleic acid molecule according to claims 1, 3, 5 or 8.
- $$14.\;$ An RNA transcript of the DNA construct of claim 13.
- 15. A cell transfected with the DNA construct of claim 13.
- 16. A cell transfected with RNA transcript of claim 14.
- 17. A hepatitis C virus polypeptide produced by the cell of claim 15.
- 18. A hepatitis C virus polypeptide produced by the cell of claim 16.
- 19. A hepatitis C virus produced by the cell of claim 13.
- 20. A hepatitis C virus produced by the cell of claim 14.
- 21. A hepatitis C virus whose genome comprises a nucleic acid molecule according to claims 1, 3, 5, 6, 8, or 9.
- 22. A method for producing a hepatitis C virus comprising transfecting a host cell with the RNA transcript of claim 14.
- 23. A polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid sequence according to claims 1, 2, 4 or 7 or a fragment thereof.
- 24. The polypeptide of claim 23, wherein said polypeptide is selected from the group consisting of NS3 protease, E1 protein, E2 protein or NS4 protein.
- 25. A method for assaying candidate antiviral agents for activity against HCV, comprising

- a) exposing a cell containing the hepatitis C virus of claim 21 to the candidate antiviral agent; and
- measuring the presence or absence of hepatitis C virus replication in the cell of step (a).
- 26. The method of claim 25, wherein said replication in step (b) is measured by at least one of the following: negative strand RT-PCR, quantitative RT-PCR, Western blot, immunofluoresence, or infectivity in a susceptible animal.
- 27. A method for assaying candidate antiviral agents for activity against HCV, comprising:
 - a) exposing an HCV protease encoded by a nucleic acid sequence according to claims
 1, 2, 4, or 7, or a fragment thereof to the candidate antiviral agent in the presence of a protease substrate; and
 - b) measuring the protease activity of said protease.
- 28. The method of claim 27, wherein said HCV protease is selected from the group consisting of an NS3 domain protease, an NS3-NS4A fusion polypeptide, or an NS2-NS3 protease.
- 29. An antiviral agent identified as having antiviral activity for HCV by the method of claim 25.
- 30. An antiviral agent identified as having antiviral activity for HCV by the method of claim 27.
 - 31. Antibody to the polypeptide of claim 23.
- 32. Antibody to the hepatitis C virus of claim 21.
- 33. A method for determining the susceptibility of cells in vitro to support HCV infection, comprising the steps of:
 - a. growing animal cells in vitro;
 - b. transfecting into said cells the nucleic

acid of claim 1; and

- determining if said cells show indicia of HCV replication.
- 34. The method according to claim 33, wherein said cells are human cells.
- 35. A cassette vector for cloning viral genomes, comprising, inserted therein, the nucleic acid sequence according to claim 2, said vector reading in the correct phase for the expression of said inserted sequence and having an active promoter sequence upstream thereof.
- 36. The cassette vector of claim 35, wherein the cassette vector is produced from plasmid pCV.
- 37. The cassette vector of claim 35, wherein the vector also contains one or more expressible marker genes.
- 38. The cassette vector of claim 35, wherein the inserted DNA sequence contains at least one ORF of the HCV genome from any strain.
- $\,$ 39. The cassette vector of claim 35, wherein the promoter is a bacterial promoter.
- 40. A composition comprising a polypeptide of claim 23 suspended in a suitable amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or excipient.
- 41. A method for treating hepatitis C viral infection comprising the administration to a animal in need thereof of a clinically effective amount of the composition of claim 40.
- 42. A composition comprising a nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 suspended in a suitable amount of a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or excipient.
- 43. A method for treating hepatitis C viral infection comprising the administration to an animal in need thereof of a clinically effective amount of the composition of claim 42.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention discloses nucleic acid sequences which encode infectious hepatitis C viruses and the use of these sequences, and polypeptides encoded by all or part of these sequences, in the development of vaccines and diagnostics for HCV and in the development of screening assays for the identification of antiviral agents for HCV.

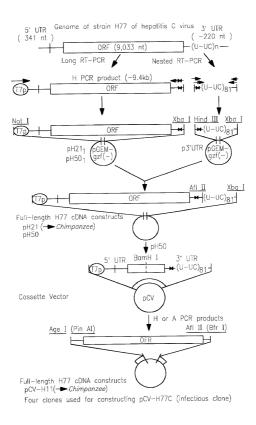


FIG. I

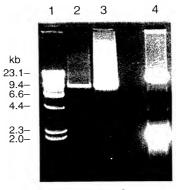
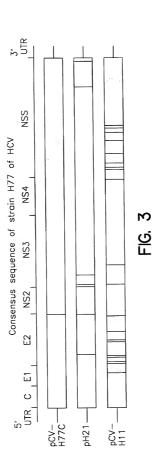


FIG. 2



10 20 30 40 50	
1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890	
GCCAGCCCCC TGATGGGGGC GACACTCCAC CATGAATCAC TCCCCTGTGA	50
GCAACTACTG TCTTCACGCA GAAAGOGTCT AGCCATGGCG TTAGTATGAG	100
TGICGICCAG CCICCAGGAC CCCCCCTCCC GGGAGAGCCA TAGIGGICIG	150
CGCAACCGGT CAGTACACCG CAATTGCCAG CACCACCGGG TCCTTTCTTG	200
CATAAACCCC CTCAATGCCT GCACATTIGG GCGIGCCCCC GCAACACIGC	250
TAGCCGAGIA GIGITGGGIC GCCAAAGGCC TIGIGGIACT GCCIGATAGG	300
GTGCTTGCGA GTGCCCCGGG AGGTCTCGTA GACCGTGCAC CATGAGCACG	350
AATOCTAAAC CTCAAAGAAA AACCAAACGT AACACCAACC GTCGCCCACA	400
CCACGICAAG TICCCGGGIG GCGGICACAT CGITGGIGGA GITTACTIGT	450
TGCCCCCCAG GCCCCTAGA TTGCGTGTGC GCGCCACCAG CAAGACTTCC	500
CACCCCTCCC AACCTCCACC TACACCTCAC CCTATCCCCA ACCCACCTCC	550
GCCCGAGGCC AGGACCTGGG CTCAGCCCGG GTACCCTTGG CCCCTCTATG	600
CCAATGAGGG TIGCGGGIGG GCGGGAIGGC TCCIGICICC CCGIGGCICI	650
CCCCCIACCT CCCCCCAC ACACCCCCCG CGIACGICCC CCAAITIGCG	700
TRACCICATO CATACOCTTA OCTOCOCCTT OCCOCACCTO ATGGGGTACA	750
TACCCCTCGT CGGCGCCCT CTTGGAGGCG CTGCCAGGGC CCTGGCGCAT	800
GGCGICCGGG TICIGGAACA CGGCGIGAAC TAIGCAACAG GGAACCITCC	850
TEGITECICT TICICIATCT TCCTTCIGGC CCTGCTCTCT TGCCTGACTG	900
TGCCCGCTTC AGCCIACCAA GIGCGCAATT CCTCGGGGCT TIACCATGIC	950
ACCAATGATT GCCCIAACTC GAGIATTGTG TACGAGGCGG CCGATGCCAT	1000
CCTGCACACT CCGGGGTGTG TCCCTTGCGT TCGCGAGGGT AACGCCTCGA	1050
GETGITICCET GECCCICACC CCCACCGTCG CCACCACCAC	1100
CCCACAACGC AGCTTCGACG TCATATCGAT CTGCTTGTCG GGAGCGCCAC	1150
CCTCTCCTCG CCCCTCTACG TCCCCCACCT GTCCCCGGTCT GTCTTTCTTG	1200
TICCICAACT GITTACCITC TCTCCCAGGC GCCACTGGAC GACGCAAGAC	1250
TECAATTETT CTATCTATCC CESCCATATA ACCOGTCATC CCATECCATE	1300
GCATATCATG ATCAACTGGT CCCCTACGGC AGCGFTGGTG GTAGCTCAGC	1350
TECTICEGEAT COCACAAGCC ATCATGGACA TGATCGCTGG TGCTCACTGG	1400
GGAGICCIGG CGGCCATAGC GIAITICICC AIGGIGGGGA ACIGGGGGAA	1450
CGICCICGIA GICCICCICC TATTICCCCG CGICCACCCG CAAACCCACG	1500
TCACCGGGG AAATGCCGGC CGCACCACGG CTGGGCTTGT TGGTCTCCTT	1550
ACACCAGGGG CCAAGCAGAA CATCCAACTG ATCAACACCA ACGGCAGTTG	1600
CCACATCAAT ACCACCCCCT TGAATTGCAA TGAAAGCCTT AACACCGCCT	1650
CGITTACCACG CCICITICIAT CAACACAAAT TCAACTCITIC ACCCIGICCT	1700
CACAGGTTOG CCAGCTGCCG ACCCCTTACC CATTTTGCCC ACCCCTGCCG	1750
TCCTATCAGT TATGCCAACG GAAGCGGCCT CGACGAACGC CCCTACTCCT	1800
GGCACTACCC TOCAAGACCT TGTGGCATTG TGCCCGCAAA GAGCGTGTGT	1850
GCCCCGGIAT ATTICCTTCAC TCCCAGCCCC GTGGTGGTGG GAACGACCGA	1900
EIO 44	

FIG. 4A

10	20	30	40	50	
	1234567890				
	GOGOCTACCT				1950
	CAACACCAGG				2000
TCGATGAACT	CAACTGGATT	CACCAAAGIG	TGCGGAGCGC	CCCLIGIGI	2050
CATCGGAGGG	GIGGGCAACA	ACACCTIGCT	CIGCCCCACT	CATTCCTTCC	2100
GCAAACATCC			GCCGCTCCCGG		2150
ACACCCAGGI	GCATGGTCGA	CTACCCGTAT	AGGCTTTGGC	ACTATCCTTG	2200
TACCATCAAT			GATGTACGTG		2250
	GGAAGCGGCC				2300
	CCCACACCTC				2350
ACAGTGGCAG	GICCITCCGI				2400
CCGGCCTCAT			TGGACGIGCA		2450
GGGGTAGGGT			ATTAAGTGGG		2500
TCTCCTGTTC			CCICICCICC		2550
TGATGITACT			CTTTGGAGAA		2600
CTCAATGCAG	CATCCCTGGC				2650
GITCITCIGC				CCCCGGAGCCGG	2700
TCTACGCCCI				CICCCCTTC	2750
CCTCAGCGGG				CGIGIGGCCG	2800
CGTTGTTCTT			TCTGTCGCCA		2850
GCTATATCAC				GACCAGAGIA	2900
GAAGCGCAAC				CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	2950
				CIGGIATTIG	3000
				GATICTICAA	3050
				COCTTCTCCC	3100
GATCTGCGCC	CTACCCCCC	AGATAGCCCC	AGGICATIAC	GIGCAAAIGG	3150
				TAACCATCIC	3200
				TOCCCTTCCC	3250
TGTGGAACC	A GIOGICITO				3300
CCCCACATA(r cccccicici	3350
CCCCGIAGG				GAATGGICIC	3400
CAAGGGGIG	G AGGITGCTC	G COCCCATCA		CAGCAGACGA	3450
CACCCTCC		A ATCACCAGO		G GGACAAAAAC	3500
CAAGIGGAG	G GIGAGGICC	A GATOGIGIC		C AAACCTICCT	3550
CCCAACCTC		G TATOCICCA		C GGGGCCGGAA	3600
OGAGGACCA	T CGCATCACO	C AAGOGICCI		r grataccaat	3650
GTGGACCAA	G ACCTIGICS	G CIGGCCCCC		r cccccrcatt	3700
GACACCCTG		T CCTCGGACC		C ACGAGGCACG	3750
CCCATGTCA	T TCCCGIGCG	C CGGGGAGGI	G ATACCACCO	G TACCCICCIT	3800

FIG. 4B

10 20 30 40 50	
1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890	
TOGCCCCGGC CCATTICCTA CTICAAAGGC TOCTCGGGGG GTCCGCTGTT	3850
GTGCCCCCCC GCACACCCCC TGCCCCTATT CACCCCCCCC GTGTGCACCC	3900
GIGGAGIGGC TAAAGCGGIG GACTITATCC CIGIGGAGAA CCTAGGGACA	3950
ACCATGAGAT CCCCGGIGIT CACGGACAAC TCCTCTCCAC CAGCAGIGCC	4000
CCACACCTIC CACGIGGCCC ACCIGCATOC TCCCACCGCC ACCGGIAACA	4050
CCACCAACCT CCCCCCTCCC TACCCACCCC ACCCCTACAA CCTCTTCCTC	4100
CICAACCCCT CIGITGCIGC AACGCIGGGC TITGGIGCTT ACATGICCAA	4150
GCCCCATGGG GITGATCCTA ATATCAGGAC CGGGGTGAGA ACAATTACCA	4200
CTGGCAGCCC CATCACGIAC TOCACCIACG GCAAGITCCT TGCCGACGGC	4250
GGGIGCTCAG GAGGIGCTTA TCACATAATA ATTIGICACG AGIGCCACTC	4300
CACGGATGCC ACATCCATCT TGGGCATCGG CACTGTOCTT GACCAAGCAG	4350
AGACTOCOGO COCCACACTO GITGIOCICO CCACTOCTAC CCCTCCGGGC	4400
TCCGICACIG TGICCCATCC TAACATCCAG CAGGITGCIC TGICCACCAC	4450
COCACACATC CCCTTTTACG CCAAGGCTAT CCCCCTCCAG GTCATCAACG	4500
GGGCAAGACA TCTCATCTTC TGCCACTCAA ACAAGAGTG CCACGAGCTC	4550
GCCGCGAAGC TGGTCGCATT GGGCATCAAT GCCGTGGCCT ACTACCGCGG	4600
TOTICACGIG TOTGICATOO CGACCAGOOG CGATGITGIC GIOGIGICCA	4650
COCATECTOT CATCACTESC TTTACCESCG ACTTCCACTC TGTCATACAC	4700
TGCAACACGT GTGTCACTCA GACAGTCGAT TTCAGCCTTG ACCCTACCTT	4750
TACCATTGAG ACAACCACCC TCCCCCACCA TCCTGTCTCC ACCACTCAAC	4800
GCCGGGGCAG GACTGGCAGG GCCAAGCCAG GCATCTATAG ATTTGTGGCA	4850
COGGGGAGE GCCCTCCGG CATGITCGAC TCGTCCGTCC TCTGTCAGTG	4900
CTATGACGCG GCCTGTGCTT GCTATGACCT CACGCCCGCC GAGACTACAG	4950
TTACCCTACG ACCGTACATG AACACCCCCG GCCTTCCCCGT GTGCCAGGAC	5000
CATCTTGAAT TITIGGGAGGG CGTCTTTAGG GGCCTCACTC ATATAGATGC	5050
CCACTITITA TCCCAGACAA AGCAGAGTOG GCAGAACTIT CCTTACCTGG	5100
TAGOGIACCA AGCCACOGIG TGCGCIAGGG CICAAGCCCC TCCCCCATCG	5150
TCCCACCACA TGTCCAAGTG TTTCATCCCC CTTAAACCCA CCCTCCATCG	5200
GCCAACACCC CTGCTATACA GACTGGGCGC TGTTCAGAAT GAAGTCACCC	5250
TGACGCACCC AATCACCAAA TACATCATGA CATGCATGIC GGCCGACCTG	5300
CACGICGICA CGACCACCIG CGICCICGIT CCCCCCGCICC TCCCICCICT	5350
GCCCCCCTAT TGCCTGTCAA CAGGCTGCGT GGTCATAGTG GGCAGGATCG	5400
TCTTGTCCGG GAAGCCGGCA ATTIATIACCTG ACAGGCAGGT TCTCTACCAG	5450
CAGTICCATG AGATCCAACA GIGCTCTCAG CACTTACCGT ACATCCAGCA	5500
ACCCATGATG CTCCCTCACC ACTTCAACCA CAACCCCCTC CCCCTCCTCC	5550
AGACCECGIC CCGCCATGCA GACGITATCA CCCCTGCTGT CCAGACCAAC	5600
TOGCAGAAAC TOGAGGICIT TIGOCOCAAG CACATGICCA ATTICATCAG	5650
TGGGATACAA TACTTGGCGG GCCTGTCAAC GCTGCCTGGT AACCCCGCCA	5700

FIG. 4C

10 20 30 40 50	
1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890 1234567890	
TTGCTTCATT GATGGCTTTT ACAGCTGCCG TCACCAGCCC ACTAACCACT	5750
GCCCAAACCC TCCTCTTCAA CATATTGGGG GGGTGGGTGG CTGCCCAGCT	5800
CCCCCCCCC GGTGCCCCTA CTGCCTTTGT GGGTGCTGGC CTAGCTGGCG	5850
CCGCCATCGG CAGCGITGGA CTGCGCGAAGG TCCTCGTGGA CATTCTTGCA	5900
GCGIATGGCG CGGCCGIGGC GGCAGCICIT GIAGCATTCA ACATCATGAG	5950
COGTICAGGIC COCTOCACOG AGGACCIGGI CAATCIGCIG CCCGCCATCC	6000
TCTCCCCTGG ACCCCTTGTA GTCCGTGTGG TCTCCCCAGC AATACTCCCC	6050
CCCCACCITIC CCCCCCCCA CCCCCACTIC CAATCCATCA ACCCCCTAAT	6100
AGCCTTCGCC TCCCGGGGGA ACCATGTTTC CCCCACGCAC TACGTGCCGG	6150
AGAGCGATGC AGCCGCCCGC GTCACTGCCA TACTCAGCAG CCTCACTGTA	6200
ACCCACCTCC TGAGGCGACT GCATCAGTGG ATTAAGCTCGG AGTGTACCAC	6250
TOCATGOTOC GGITTOCTGGC TAAGGGACAT CTGGGACTGG ATATGCGAGG	6300
TECTEAGCEA CTTTAACACC TECCTEAAAG CCAACCTCAT CCCACAACTG	6350
CCTGGGATTC CCTTTGTGTC CTGCCAGCGC GGGTATAGGG GGGTCTGGCG	6400
AGGAGACGOC ATTATGCACA CTCCCTGCCA CTGTGGAGCT GAGATCACTG	6900
GACATGTCAA AAACGGGACG ATGAGGATCG TCGGTCCTAG GACCTGCAGG	6950
AACATGTGGA GTGGGACGTT CCCCATTAAC GCCTACACCA CGGGCCCCTG	6550
TACTOCCCTT CCTGCGCCCA ACTATAAGTT CGCGCTGTGG AGGGTGTCTG	6600
CAGAGGAATA CGIGGAGATA AGGCGGGIGG GGGACTICCA CTACGIATCG	6650
GGTATGACTA CTGACAATCT TAAATGCCCG TGCCAGATCC CATCGCCCGA	6700
ATTITICACA GAATIGGACG GGGIGCGCCT ACACAGGITT GCGCCCCCTT	6750
GCAAGCCCTT GCTGCGGCAG CAGGTATCAT TCAGAGTAGG ACTCCACGAG	6800
TACCCCCTCG CCTCCCAATT ACCTTCCCAG CCCCAACCCG ACCTACCCCT	68 5 0
GITGACGICC ATGCICACIG ATCCCICCCA TATAACAGCA GAGGCGGCCG	6900
GGAGAAGGIT GGCGAGAGGG TCACCCCCTT CTATGGCCAG CTCCTCGGCT	6950
AGCCAGCTGT CCGCTCCATC TCTCAAGGCA ACTTGCACCG CCAACCATGA	7000
CTCCCCTGAC GCCCAGCTCA TACAGGCTAA CCTCCTGTGG AGGCAGCACA	7050
TGGGGGGCAA CATCACCAGG GITCAGTCAG ACAACAAAGT GGTGATTCTG	7100
CACTOCITICG ATCCCCTTGT CCCACACCAC CATCACCCCG ACGICTCCCGT	7150
ACCTGCAGAA ATTCTGCCCA AGTCTCCCAG ATTCGCCCCG GCCCTGCCCCG	7200
TCTGGGGGG GCCGGACTAC AACCCCCCGC TAGTACACAC GTGGAAAAAG	7250
CCTGACTACG AACCACCTGT GGTCCATGGC TGCCCGCTAC CACCTCCACG	7300
GICCCCICCT GIGCCICCCC CICCCAAAAA CCGTACCGIG GICCICACCG	7350
AATCAACCCT ATCTACTGCC TTGGCCGAGC TTGCCACCAA AAGTTTTGGC	7400
ACCTOCTOAA CTTOOGOCAT TACGGGGGGAC AATACGACAA CATCCTCTGA	7450
COCCCCCCT TOTCCCTCCC CCCCCCACTC CCACCTTCAG TCCTATTCTT	7500
CCATGCCCCC CCTGCAGGGG GAGCCTGGGG ATCCGCATCT CAGCGACGGC	7550
TCATOGTOGA COGTCAGTAG TOGGGGCCCAC ACCGAACATG TCGTGTGCTG	7600

FIG. 4D

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
CICAAIGICI	TATICCICGA	CAGGCGCACT	CGTCACCCCG	TGCGCTGCGG	7650
AAGAACAAAA	ACTGCCCATC	AACGCACTGA	GCAACIOGIT	CCTACCCCAT	7700
CACAATCTGG	TGTATTCCAC	CACTICACGC	AGTGCTTGCC	AAAGGCAGAA	7750
GAAAGTCACA	TTTCACAGAC	TGCAAGITCT	CCACAGCCAT	TACCAGGACG	7800
TGCTCAAGGA	GGTCAAAGCA	GCGGCGICAA	AAGIGAAGGC	TAACITGCIA	7850
TCCGTAGAGG	AAGCTTGCAG	CCTGACGCCC	CCACATTCAG	CCAAATCCAA	7900
GITTGGCTAT	CCCCAAAAG	ACGICCCTTG	CCATCCCACA	AAGGCCGTAG	7950
CCCACATCAA	CICCGIGICG	AAAGACCTTC	TOGAAGACAG	TGTAACACCA	8000
ATAGACACTA	CCATCATGGC	CAAGAACGAG	GITTICIGOG	TICAGCCIGA	8050
CAACCCCCCT	CGTAAGCCAG	CICCICICAT	CCICITOCCC	CACCICCCC	8100
TOCOCCICIC	CGAGAAGATG	GCCCIGIACG	ACGIGGITAG	CAAGCTCCCC	8150
CTGGCCGTGA	TGGGAAGCTC	CTACGGATTC	CAATACTCAC	CAGGACAGCG	8200
GGTTGAATTC	CTCGTGCAAG	CGIGGAAGIC	CAAGAAGACC	CCCATCCCCT	8250
TCTCGTATGA	TACCCCCTGT	TTTGACTCCA	CAGTCACTGA	GAGCGACATC	8300
CCTACCGACG	AGGCAATTTA	CCAATGITGT	GACCTGGACC	CCCAAGCCCG	8350
			TTATGTTGGG		8400
CCAATTCAAG	GGGGGAAAAC	TGCGGCTACC	GCAGGIGCCG	CGCGAGCGGC	8450
GTACTGACAA	CTACCIGIGG	TAACACCCTC	ACTIGCTACA	TCAAGGCCCG	8500
CCCACCCICT	CGAGCCGCAG	GGCTCCAGGA	CICCACCAIG	CICGIGIGIG	8550
CCCACCACTT	AGTOGITATO	TGIGAAAGIG	CGGGGGTCCA	GCACCACCCC	8600
GCCAGCCTGA	GAGCCTTCAC	GGAGGCTATG	ACCAGGIACI	caecacacac	8650
CCCCCACCCC	CCACAACCAG	AATACGACTT	GGAGCITATA	ACATCATCCT	8700
CCICCAACGI	GICAGICGCC	CACGACGGGG	CIGGAAAGAG	GGICTACTAC	8750
CTTACCCGTG	ACCCTACAAC	CCCCTCGCG	AGAGCCGCGI	GGGAGACAGC	8800
AAGACACACT	CCAGTCAATT	CCIGGCIAGG	CAACATAATC	AIGITIGOCC	8850
			COCATTICTI		8900
ATAGCCAGGG				TCTACGGAGC	8950
CIGCIACICC				CAAAGACICC	9000
ATGGCCTCAG				TGAAAICAAT	9050
AGGGTGGCCG	CATGCCTCAG	AAAACTTGG	G1000000001	TOCCACCITG	9100
GAGACACCGG	CCCCCCCACCC	TCCGCGCTAC		AGAGGAGGCA	9150
				AAGAACAAAG	9200
CICAAACICA	. CTCCAATAGC	C GEOCGELIGES	COGCTOGACT	TGICCGGIIG	9250
GTTCACGGCT	GGCTACAGOC	GOGGAGACA1	TIMICACAGO	GIGICICAIG	9300
0003330000	CIGGIICIG	TITIGOCIA	C TOCTOCTOCK	C TOCAGOOGIA	9350
OGCATCTACC	TOCTOCCA	A CCCATGAAC	G TTGGGGTAAA	A CACTCCGGCC	9400
TCTTAAGCCA					9450
TITTTTCT	TOCITICOT	CITITITIC	TITETITI	COTTOTTEAA	9500

FIG. 4E

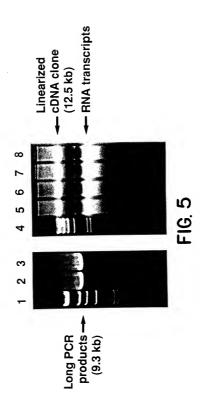
10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
	ATCTTAGCCC				9550
GCCGCATGAC	TGCAGAGAGT	GCTGATACTG	CCCICICIOC	AGATCATGT	9599

FIG. 4F

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890					
MSTINPKPQRK					50
KTSERSQPRG	RRQPIPKARR	PEGRIWAQPG	YPWPLYGNEG	COWAGWLLSP	100
	DPRRRSRNLG				150
	GVNYATGNLP			~	200
	SIVYEAADAI				250
	HIDLLVGSAT				300
~	GHIIGHRMAW		-		350
	YFSMVGNWAK				400
	IQLININGSW				450
	RLIDFAQGWG				500
	PSPVVVGIID				550
CCIWMNSTGF	TKVCGAPPCV	IGGVGNNITT	CPIDCFRKHP	EATYSRCGSG	600
PWITPROMVD	YPYRLWHYPC	TINYTIFKVR	MYVGGVEHRL	EAACIWIRGE	650
RCDLEDRDRS	ELSPLLLSTT	QWQVLPCSFT	TLPALSIGLI	MTHÖNIADAĞ	700
YLYGVGSSIA	SWAIKWEYVV	LLFLLLADAR	VCSCLWMLL	ISQAEAALEN	750
	CIHCLVSFLV				800
LALPQRAYAL	DTEVAASCGG	VVLVGLMALT	LSPYYKRYIS	WOMWILQYFL	850
TRVEAQLHW	VPPLNVRGGR	DAVILLIMOV	HPILVFDITK	LLIATFGPLW	900
ILQASLLKVP	YFVRVQGLLR	ICALARKIAG	GHYVQMAII K	LGALTGTYVY	950
NHLTPLRDWA	HNGLRDLAVA	VEPVVFSRME	TKLITWGADT	AACGDIINGL	1000
PVSARRGQEI	LLGPADGMVS	KGWRLLAPIT	AYAQQTRGLL	CCITTSLITCER	1050
DKNQVEGEVQ	IVSTATQIFL	ATCINGVOWT	VYHGAGIRII	ASPKGPVIQM	1100
YTNVDQDLVG	WPAPQGSRSL	TPCTCGSSDL	YLVIRHADVI	PVRRRGDSRG	1150
SLLSPRPISY	LKGSSGGPLL	CPACHAVGLF	RAAVCIRGVA	KAVDFIPVEN	1200
LGTIMRSPVF	TONSSPPAVP	QSFQVAHLHA	. PIGSGKSIKV	PAAYAAQGYK	1250
				ITYSTYCKFL	1300
ADGGCSGGAY	DITICDECHS	TDATSILGIG	TVLDQAETAG	ARLXVLATAT	1350
PPGSVIVSHE	NIEEVALSIT	GEIPFYCKAI	PLEVIKOGRH	LIFCHSKKKC	1400
DELAAKLVAL	GINAVAYYRG	LDVSVIPISC	DVVVVSTDAL	MIGFIGDEDS	1450
				TGRGKPGIYR	1500
				AYMNTPGLPV	1550
				ATVCARAQAP	1600
				ITKYIMIOMS	1650
				KPAIIPDREV	1700
				RHAEVITPAV	1750
				MAFTAAVTSP	1800
~	~			SVGLGKVLVD	1850
ILAGYGAGV	A GALVAFKIMS	GEVPSTEDLY	/ NLLPAILSPO	ALVVGVVCAA	1900

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
ILRRHVGPGE	GAVQWMNRLI	AFASRGNHVS	PIHYVPESDA	AARVIAILSS	1950
LIVIQLLERL	HOWISSECIT	PCSGSWLRDI	WDWICEVLSD	FKIWLKAKLM	2000
POLPGIPFVS	CORGYRGVWR	GDGIMHIRCH	CGAETTCHVK	NGIMRIVGPR	2050
TCRNMWSGIF	PINAYTIGPC	TPLPAPNYKF	ALWRVSAEEY	VEIRRVCDFH	2100
YVSGMITINL	KCPCQIPSPE	FFTELDGVRL	HRFAPPCKPL	LREEVSFRVG	2150
LHEYPVGSOL	PCEPEPDVAV	LTSMLTDPSH	TTAEAAGRRL	ARGSPPSMAS	2200
SSASOLSAPS	LKATCTANHD	SPDAELIEAN	LLWRQEMGGN	TTRVESENKV	2250
	AEEDEREVSV				2300
WKKPDYEPPV	VHQCPLPPPR	SPPVPPPRKK	RIVVLIESIL	STALAFLATK	2350
SFGSSSTSGI	TCINITISSE	PAPSGCPPDS	DVESYSSMPP	LEGEPGDPDL	2400
SDGSWSTVSS	GADIEDVVCC	SMSYSWIGAL	VTPCAAEEQK	LPINALSNSL	2450
LRHHNLVYST	TSRSACQRQK	KVTFDRLQVL	DSHYQDVLKE	VKAAASKVKA	2500
NLLSVEEACS	LTPPHSAKSK	FGYGAKDVRC	HARKAVAHIN	SWKDLLEDS	2550
VIPIDITIMA	KNEVFCVQPE	KOGRKPARLI	VFPDLGVRVC	EKMALYDVVS	2600
KLPLAVMGSS	YGFQYSPGQR	VEFLVQAWKS	KKTPMGFSYD	TRCFDSTVIE	2650
SDIRTEFALY	QCCDLDPQAR	VAIKSLITERL	YVGGPLIINSR	GENCGYRRCR	2700
ASGVLITSCO	NILICYIKAR	AACRAAGLQD	CIMIVOGDDL	VVICESAGVQ	2750
	EAMTRYSAPP				2800
	PLARAAWETA				2850
	QALNCEIYGA				2900
EINRVAACLE	R KLGVPPLRAW	RHRARSVRAF	LLSRGGRAAI	CCKYLFNWAV	2950
				WFWFCILLLA	3000
AGVGIYLLPN					3011
			A11		

FIG. 4H



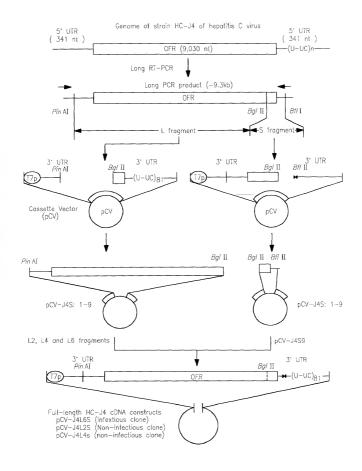


FIG. 6

														_
Cons-F	Z			A,T	R,0	A	æ	œ	O	Z	Z	ш	O	A
Cons-D				Т	R,Q									
L4(C)				_										
L10(B)				_	Õ		Ξ		A	٥				⊢
(8) /1					o				A					•
L3(B)			•	_	0		I		٨					-
(A)67)												4		
L8(A)			Ь					0	,					
L6(A)								c	,				ŀ	
L2(A)	,)							C	,					
L1* (A)		S		-										
Cons-p9		Z			0	2	c a	< 0	2	۶	2 2	2 1.	ے د	> <
fraament	1000000	15	32	200	20	180	105	130	167	667	407	200	304	379
		Ore	5					<u>.</u>						

FIG. 7A

Cons-F	٧	>	- H	ς.	R,G	>	V,A		U	0 =	5	٦,٠	Α,	S	c.	/\ V	A. C.	-	K,E	I,V	>	>	_		o	٧
ConsD	FT	>		S.	9		>						-	•		3.17	\.		ш	-						
L4(C)							>	0		-		-		۵					ш			•			•	
L10(B)	-	- 1	>	S	9	4		c	<		I	-	_			•	>		w	1						
(B) (A)	-	-	>	S	9			٥	< 0	_	Ξ	_	-				>	•	لنبا	I	A		>			>
L3(B)	-		>	S	0			c			T		_				>	x	ш	_						
(A)61		1					>	-								•					⋖			>		
L8(A)							>	>	-		•				1.	z									۵	
L6(A)		•										•											ŀ			
(A)						-		-		•												2				
L1* (A)	2							>	-															>		
Cons-p9	- 1	ш	1		- 0	2 2	>	A	Ε	S	o		Δ		2	S	⋖	>	×	<u> </u>	. >	>	-	-	1 0	7 <
framment	Lingilleni	384	386	188	200	2030	180	285	394	405	434	4.38	444	1	420	458	466	47.0	328	407	534	120	200	200	272	787
		F.3	!	1_			1			_		_	L				_	-			-1	_				7.0

FIG. 7B

			Γ	Γ	Γ	Γ		Γ													
Cons-F	0	×	¥	>	⋖	A.D	۵.	<	I'A	ΞĊ	-	9	v:	L	A	-∀	×	-	>	-	
Cons-D						Q				0.H											
L4(C)									_												
L10(B)						a									>			S			
(8) (7	S		~			0		-	_	Ŧ											
L3(B)		-				۵			-	T								S			
(A)e1				_					-	Ξ											
L8(A)				-			S														
L6(A)					>				_				-								
L2(A)														S							6
L1* (A)											×	~				>	z			A	
Cons-p9	O	Σ	×	>	٧	∀	۵	٧	>	ø	_	9	S	Ŀ	¥	A	¥	L	>-		
L fragment	820	857	927	934	937	878	1028	1031	1043	1067	1097	1188	1215	1223	1226	1339	1399	1503	1528	1535	0000
	NS.						NS3					t									110.44

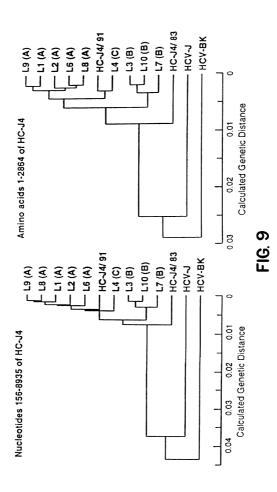
FIG. 7C

_	_			_	т-	_	_			_	_	_	_		_		,	_	_			_
Cons-F	~	Z. I	v:	>	×	¥.			F.D	>	. O'T	>	z	A	O	_	4		9	S	0	S
Cons-D		z				ΤA			ED		F.0											
L4(C)		z	а.		~							-						Se		9	9	
L10(B)		z		-		A			0		0							S4		9		
(B) (D)						٧			٥		o		S					S10	s	9		
L3(B)		z		,		٧	а.	LL	٥	_	o						>	88	S	9		
(A)67)				>														S7				
L8(A)																		S3				ш
L6(A)		z				•	•											SZ	•			Ŀ
L2(A)	Ь														æ	>		S9				Ŀ
L1* (A)	٠			٠														SS				
Cons-p9	¥	Ι	S	M	¥	Τ			ш	>	T	>	Z	A	C	I	A	/	G	S	D	S
L fragment	1753	1805	1949	2105	2136	2146	2226	5259	2262	2334	2371	2385	2692	2757	2785	2824	2861	S fragment	2968	2975	2978	2999
	NS4B			NS5A									NS58									

FIG. 7D

<u> </u>	_	_	-		_					_	
HC-J4/83	1.79	1.77	1.58	1.62	1.66	1.51	1.54	1.42	1.73	1.22	
HC-J4/91	0.83	0.82	0.68	0.65	0.75	0.90	0.95	0.85	0.76		1.40
L4 (C)	0.95	0.98	0.80	0.79	0.91	1.43	1.47	1.37		0.52	1.71
L10 (B)	1.46	1.45	1.29	1.28	1.38	0.30	0.57		10.1	99 0	1.61
(8)	1.53	1.51	1.38	1.34	1.42	0.61		0.56	1.08	0.73	1.61
L3 (B)	1.50	1.49	1.33	1.32	1.42		99.0	0.31	1.12	0.77	1.75
(A) eJ	0.33	0.50	0.55	0.31		1.36	1.22	1.26	1.26	0.87	1.82
L8 (A)	0.36	0.35	0.31		0.35	1.33	1.22	1.22	0.63	08.0	1.85
L6 (A)	09'0	0.55		0.31	0.45	1.15	1.05	0.59	0.59	0.63	1.68
L2 (A)	0.56		0.42	0.38	0.52	1.43	1.33	1.33	0.80	0.91	1.89
L1 (A)	/	0.59	0.52	0.42	0.35	1.47	1.36	1.36	0.77	0.94	1.96
) 00 01	L1 (A)	L2 (A)	L6 (A)	L8 (A)	(A) 6J	L3 (B)	(8)	L10 (B)	L4 (C)	HC-J4/91	HC-J4/83

FIG. 8



.

	379		413	468	486
HC-J4L6 (A) :	AGVDG E	AGVDG ETHTTGRVAGHTTSGFTSLFSSGAS QKIQL	QKIQL	GWGPIT Y	GWGPIT YTKPNSS DORPYC
HC-J4L2 (A) :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		:		
HC-J4/91-20 :	:	R	: : : : :	:	E
HC-J4L1 (A) :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	v	:	:	
HC-J4L8 (A) :	:	v	:	:	
HC-J4L9 (A) :	:		:	:	
HC-J4/91-21 :	:	v	:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
HC-J4L4 (C) :	:	V.R.	:		
	:	v.R.	:	:	
HC-J4/91-22 :	:	: V.R	:		AE
HC-J4L7 (B) :	H	T.Y.S.GR	:		
HC-J4L10 (B) :	T T	Y.S.GAR	:	:	: ::
HC-J4L3 (B) :	T T	Y.S.G R	:	:	H.E
HC-J4/91-26:	T T	T T.Y.S.GR	:		G.D.L
HC-J4/91-25 :	A	Y.S.G R	:	:	E
HC-J4/91-24 :	A :::	A.Y.S.GR	:	:	В
HC-J4/91 :	A	A.Y.S.GR	:	:	EP
HC-J4/91-27 :	×	K.Y.S.GA.SRPR	 		ESG.R
	:	Y.S.GA.STLAP	. В		E.D.P
	•	HVR1 FIG. 10	<u>o</u>	•	HVR2

Const. of grad the grad three to see to the grad to the grad the grad three to the grad three to the grad three three to the grad three th

5' Untrans	5' Untranslated Region								U6
HC-J4 pCV-J4L68 pCV-H77C	1 :GCCAGCCCC 5:	GATTGGGGGC TGA	GACACTCCAC	CATAGATCAC GA	HC-14 :GCCAGCCCCC GATTGGGGGC GACACTCCAC CATAGATCAC TCCCCTGTGA GGAACTACGG TCTTCACGGA GAAAGGCTT AGCCATGGGC PCV-J4168: TGA	TACTG T	CITCACGCA	GAAAGCGTCT	AGCCATGGCG
HC-J4 pCV-J4L6S pCV-H77C	91 :TTAGTATGAG S:	TGTCGTGCAG	CCTCCAGGAC	CCCCCTCCC	91 HC-J4 :TTAGTATGAG TGTCGTGCAG CCTCCAGGAC CCCCCTCC GGGAGAGCCA TAGTGGTCTG CGGA <u>ACCGGT</u> GAGTACACCG GAATTGCCAG PQV-J4168: PCV-J4168:	GTCTG C	SGAACCGGT	SAGTACACCG	180 SAATTGCCAG
HC-J4 pCV-J4L6S pCV-H77C	181 :GACGACCGGG S:	TCCTTTCTTG	GATCAACCCG	CTCAATGCCT	1181 HG-J4 :GACGACGGG TCCTITCITG GATCAACCCG CICAATGCCI GGAGATITGG GCGTGCCCCC GCGAGTGC TAGCCGAGTA GTGTTGGGTC POV-J4168: PCV-H77C :		CGAGACTGC	TAGCCGAGTA	270 GTGTTGGGTC
HC-J4 pCV-J4L6S pCV-H77C	271 :GCGAAAGGCC 5:	TTGTGGTACT	GCCTGATAGG	GTGCTTGCGA	271 HG-J4 SGCAAAGCC TTGTGGTACT GCCTGATAGG GTGCTTGCGA GTGCCCGGG AGGTCTCGTA GACCGTGGAC C PCV-J4168: PCV-H777	TCGTA G	34 PACCGTGCAC	 	

3' Untranslated Region

3' conserved region (Cont.)

H77 :CCCTAGTCAC GGCTAGCTGT GAAAGGTCCG TGAGCCGCAT GACTGCAGAG AGTGCTGATA CTGGCCTCTC TGCAGATCAT GT pCV-J4168:		9514							959
OCV-J4L6S:	H77	:CCCTAGICAC	GGCTAGCTGT	GAPAGGTCCG	TGAGCCGCAT	GACTGCAGAG	AGTGCTGATA	CIGGCCICIC	TGCAGATCAT G1
	CV-J4L					:	:		

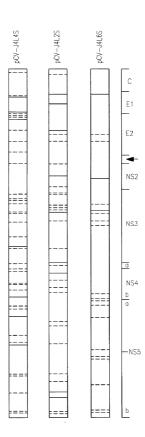


FIG. 12

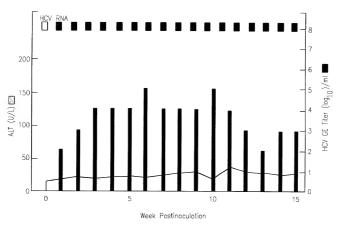


FIG. 13

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
GCCAGCCCC	TGATGGGGGC	GACACTOCAC	CATGAATCAC	TCCCCTGTGA	50
GGAACTACTG	TCTTCACGCA	GAAAGCGICT	AGCCATGGCG	TTAGTATGAG	100
TGTCGTGCAG	CCTCCAGGAC	CCCCCCTCCCC	GGGAGAGCCA	TAGIGGICIG	150
CGGAACCGGT	GAGTACACCG	GAATTGCCAG	GACGACCCCG	TCCTTTCTTG	200
GATCAACCCG	CICAATGCCT	GGAGATTTGG	GCCIGCCCCC	CCCACACTCC	250
TAGCCGAGTA	GIGITGGGIC	GCGAAAGGCC	TIGIGGIACT	CCCTGATAGG	300
GICCTTCCGA	CICCCCCCCCC	AGGICTOGIA	GACCGIGCAC	CATGAGCACG	350
AATOCTAAAC	CTCAAAGAAA	AACCAAACGT	AACACCAACC	GCCGCCCACA	400
GGACGTCAAG	TTCCCGGGGG	GIGGICAGAT	CGTTGGTGGA	GITTACCIGI	450
TGCCGCGCAG	GGGCCCCAGG	TIGGGIGIGC	GCGCGACTAG	GAAGGCTTCC	500
GAGCGGTCGC	AACCTCGTGG	AAGGCGACAA	CCTATCCCAA	AGGCTCGCCG	550
ACCCGAGGGC	AGGGCCTGGG	CTCAGCCCGG	GIACCCTTGG	CCCCTCTATG	600
GCAATGAGGG	CCTGGGGTGG	GCAGGATGGC	TCCTGTCACC	CCCCCCCCTCCC	650
CGGCCTAGIT	GGGGCCCCAC	GGACCCCCGG	CGTAGGTCGC	GTAACTTOOG	700
TAAGGTCATC	GATACCCTTA	CATGOGGCTT	CGCCGATCTC	ATGGGGTACA	750
TTCCCCTCGT	CCCCCCCCCCC	CTAGGGGGGG	CTGCCAGGGC	CTTGGCACAC	800
CCTCTCCCCCC	TTCTGGAGGA	CCCCCTGAAC	TATOCAACAG	GGAACTTGCC	850
CGGITGCTCT	TICICIATCI	TCCTCTTGGC	TCTGCTGTCC	TGTTTGACCA	900
TCCCAGCTTC	COCTTATGAA	GTGCGCAACG	TGTCCGGGAT	ATACCATGIC	950
ACGAACGACT	GCTCCAACTC	AAGCATTGTG	TATGAGGCAG	CGGACGIGAT	1000
CATGCATACT	CCCGGGTTGCG	TGCCCTGTGT	TCAGGAGGGT	AACAGCTCCC	1050
GITGCTGGGT	AGCGCTCACT	CCCACGCTCG	CCCCACCAA	TGCCAGCGTC	1100
CCCACTACGA	CAATACGACG	CCACGTCGAC	TIGCICGITG	GGACGGCTGC	1150
TTTCTGCTCC	GCTATGTACG	TGGGGGATCT	CIGCGGATCT	ATTITICCTCG	1200
TCTCCCAGCT	GTTCACCTTC	TCGCCTCGCC	GGCATGAGAC	AGTOCAGGAC	1250
TGCAACTGCT	CAATCTATCC	CGGCCATGTA	TCAGGICACC	CCATCCCTTC	1300
GGATATGATG	ATGAACTGGT	CACCTACAAC	AGCCCTAGTG	GIGICGCAGT	1350
TGCTCCGGAT	CCCACAAGCT	GICGICGACA	TGGTGGCGGG	GGCCCACTGG	1400
GGAGTCCTGG	CGGGCCTTGC	CIACIATICC	ATOGTAGOGA	ACTGGGCTAA	1450
GGTTCTGATT	GIGGCGCTAC	TCTTTGCCGG	CGTTGACGGG	GAGACCCACA	1500
CGACGGGGAG	GG1GGCCGGC	CACACCACCT	CCGGGTTCAC	GICCCTTTTC	1550
TCATCIGGGG	CGICICAGAA	AATCCAGCTT	GIGAATACCA	ACGGCAGCIG	1600
GCACATCAAC	AGGACTGCCC	TAAATTOCAA	TGACTCCCTC	CAAACTGGGT	1650
TCTTTGCCCCC	CCIGITITAC	GCACACAAGT	TCAACTCGIC	COGGIGCCCC	1700
GAGCGCATGG	CCAGCTGCCG	CCCCATTGAC	TGGTTCGCCC	AGGGGTGGGG	1750
CCCCATCACC	TATACTAAGC	CTAACAGCTC	GGATCAGAGG	CCTTATTGCT	1800
GGCATTACGC	GCCTCGACCG	TGIGGIGICG	TACCCCCCTC	CCACGIGIGI	1850
GGICCAGIGI	ATTGTTTCAC	CCCAAGCCCT	GIIGIGGIGG	GGACCACCGA	1900

FIG. 14A

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
TOGTTOCOGT	GICCCIACGI	ATAGCTGGGG	GGAGAATGAG	ACAGACGIGA	1950
TGCTCCTCAA	CAACACGCGT	CCCCCACAAG	GCAACIGGIT	CGGCTGTACA	2000
TGGATGAATA	GTACTOGGTT	CACTAAGACG	TOCOGAGGIC	CCCCGIGIAA	2050
CATCGGGGGG	GTCGGTAACC	GCACCTTGAT	CTGCCCCACG	CACTOCTTCC	2100
GGAAGCACCC	CGAGGCTACT	TACACAAAAT	GIGGCIGGGG	CCCCICCITG	2150
ACACCTAGGT	CCCTACTACA	CTACCCATAC	AGGCTTTGGC	ACTACCCCTG	2200
CACTCTCAAT	TTTTCCATCT	TTAAGGTTAG	CATGUATGUG	CCCCCCTCC	2250
AGCACAGGCT	CAATGCCGCA	TGCAATTGGA	CTCGAGGAGA	GCGCTGTAAC	2300
TTGGAGGACA	GGGATAGGTC	AGAACTCAGC	CCCCTCCTCC	TGTCTACAAC	235 0
AGAGIGGCAG	ATACTGCCCT	GIGCTTICAC	CACCCTACCG	GCTTTATCCA	2400
CTGGTTTGAT	CCATCTCCAT	CAGAACATCG	TGGACGTGCA	ATACCIGIAC	2450
OGIGIAGOGT	CAGCGTTTGT	CTCCTTTGCA	ATCAAATGGG	AGTACATOCT	2500
GITGCITTIC	CTTCTCCTCG	CAGACGCGCG	CCIGICICCC	TGCTTGTGGA	2550
TGATGCTGCT	GATAGCCCAG	GCTGAGGCCG	CCTTAGAGAA	CTTGGTGGTC	2600
CTCAATGCGG	CGTCCGTGGC	COGAGCCCAT	GGIATICICI	CCITICITGI	2650
GITCTICICC	GCCGCCTCGT	ACATTAAGGG	CAGGCTGGCT	CCTGGGGGGGG	2700
CGTATGCTTT	TTATGGCGTA	TGGCCGCTGC	TOOTGOTOOT	ACTGGCGTTA	2750
CCACCACGAG	CITACGCCTT	GGACCGGGAG	ATGGCTGCAT	CCTCCCCCCCC	2800
TOCCGTTCTT	GIAGGICIGG	TATTCTTGAC	CTTGTCACCA	TACTACAAAG	2850
TGTTTCTCAC	TAGGCTCATA	TOGTOGTTAC	AATACTTTAT	CACCAGAGCC	2900
GAGGCGCACA	TGCAAGIGIG	GGTCCCCCCC	CTCAACGITC	GGGGAGGCCG	2950
CGATGCCATC	ATCCTCCTCA	CGIGIGCGGI	TCATCCAGAG	TTAATTTTTG	3000
ACATCACCAA	. ACTCCTGCTC	GCCATACTCG	GCCCGCTCAT	GGIGCICCAG	3050
GCTGGCATAA	CGAGAGIGCC	GIACTICGIC	CCCCCTCAAG	CCCTCATTCC	3100
TOCATOCATO	TTAGTGCGAA	. AAGTCCCCCC	COCTCATTAT	GICCAAATGG	3150
TCTTCATGAA	CCIGGGGGGG	CIGACAGGIA	. CGTACGITTA	TAACCATCIT	3200
ACCCCACTGC	GGGACTGGGC	CCACGCGGGC	CIACGAGACC	TICCCCTCCC	3250
OGTAGAGCCC	GICGICTICI	CCGCCATGGA	GACCAAGGIC	ATCACCTGGG	3300
GAGCAGACAC	COCTOCCTO	' GGGGACATCA	TOTTOGGICI	ACCCGICICC	3350
CCCCGAAGGC	GGAAGGAGAT	ATTITITGGGZ	CCGGCIGATA	GICICGAAGG	3400
OCAAGOGTO	CGACTCCTTC	COCCCATCAC	GOCCIACIO	CAACAAACGC	3450
CCCCCTACT		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		GGACAAGAAC	3500
CAGGTCGAAC	G COGACGITCZ	AGIGGITICI	· ACCGCAACAC	AATCITICCT	3550
GGCGACCTG	CATCAACGGCC	TGTGCTGGAC	TGICTACCAT	. GGCGCIGGCI	3600
CGAAGACCC	AGCCGGICCZ	A AAAGGTCCAA	A TCACCCAAAI	GIACACCAAT	3650
GTAGACCTG	ACCTOGICO	CIGGCAGGC	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	COCCCTCCAT	3700
GACACCATO	C AGCIGIGGG		TIACTICGIO		3750
CIGATGICA	r tecegrece	C CGGCGAGGC	ACAGCAGGGC	AAGICIACIC	3800

FIG. 14B

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
TCCCCCAGGC	CCCTCTCCTA	CCTGAAAGGC	TCCTCCGCGTG	GICCATIGCT	3850
TTGCCCTTCG	GGGCACGTCG	TGGGGGICIT	CCCGCCTCCT	GIGIGCACCC	3900
GGGGGGTGGC	GAAGGCGGIG	GACTICATAC	COGTTGAGIC	TATOGAAACT	3950
ACCATGCGGT	CICCGGICIT	CACAGACAAC	TCAACCCCCC	CCCCTCTACC	4000
GCAGACATTC	CAAGIGGCAC	ATCTGCACGC	TCCTACTGGC	AGCGGCAAGA	4050
GCACCAAAGT	GCCGGCTGCG	TATGCAGCCC	AAGGGTACAA	GGIGCICGIC	4100
CTGAACCCGT	CCCTTGCCCCC	CACCITAGGG	TTTCCCCCT	ATATGTCCAA	4150
GGCACACGGT	ATOGACOCTA	ACATCAGAAC	TOCCCTAACC	ACCATTACCA	4200
CGGGGGGCTC	CATTACGTAC	TOCACCIATG	GCAAGITCCT	TGCCGACGGT	4250
GCTGTTCTG	GGGGGGCCTA	TGACATCATA	ATATGICATG	AGTGCCACTC	4300
AACTGACTCG	ACTACCATCT	TGGGCATCGG	CACAGICCIG	GACCAAGCGG	4350
AGACGGCTGG	AGCGCGCCTC	GICGICCICG	CCACCGCTAC	ACCTCCGGGA	4400
TCCGTTACCG	TGCCACACCC	CAATATCGAG	GAAATAGGCC	TGTCCAACAA	4450
TGGAGAGATC	CCCTTCTATG	GCAAAGCCAT	CCCCATTGAG	GCCATCAAGG	4500
GGGGGAGGCA	TCTCATTTTC	TGCCATTCCA	AGAAGAAATG	TGACGAGCTC	4550
GCCGCAAAGC	TGACAGGCCT	CGGACTGAAC	CCTGTACCAT	ATTACCGGGG	4600
CCTTGATGTG	TCCGTCATAC	CGCCTATCGG	AGACGICGIT	GICGIGGCAA	4650
CAGACGCTCT	AATGACGGGT	TICACCGGGG	ATTTTGACTC	ACTGATCGAC	4700
TGCAATACAT	GIGICACCCA	GACAGICGAC	TICAGCTIGG	ATCCCACCTT	4750
CACCATTGAG	ACGACGACCG	TGCCCCAAGA	CCCCCTCTCC	CGCTCGCAAC	4800
CCCACCTAC	AACTOGCAGG	CCTACCACTC	GCATCTACAG	GITIGIGACT	4850
CCAGGAGAAC	CCCCTCCCC	CATGITICGAT	TCTTCCGTCC	TGTGTGAGTG	4900
CTATGACGCG	GCCIGICCTT	CCTATGACCT	CACGCCCCCT	GAGACCTCGG	4950
TTAGGTTGCG	GGCTTACCTA	AATACACCAG	CGTTCCCCCGT	CTGCCAGGAC	5000
CATCIGGAGI	TCTGGGAGAG	CGICTICACA	GGCCTCACCC	ACATAGATGC	5050
CCACTTCCTG	TCCCAGACTA	AACAGGCAGG	AGACAACTTT	CCTTACCTGG	5100
TOCCATATCA	AGCTACAGTG	TGCGCCAGGG	CTCAAGCTCC	ACCTCCATCG	5150
			CIGAAACCIA		5200
			CCTCCAAAAT		5250
			CATGCATGIC		5300
			GGGGGAGICC		5350
			GCICATIGIG		5400
			ACAGGGAAGT		5450
			CAACITCCIT		5500
			AAAGGCGCTC		5550
AAACGGCCAC			CICCCGIGGI		5600
			CACATGIGGA		5650
CGGAATACAG	TACCTAGCAG	GCTTATOCAC	TCIGCCIGGA	AACCCCCGCGA	5700
		FIC	140		

10	20	30	40	50	
	1234567890				
TAGCATCATT	GATGGCATTT	ACAGCTTCTA	TCACTAGCCC	CCTCACCACC	5750
CAAAACACCC	TOCIGITIAA	CATCTTGGGG	CGATCCCTCC	CTGCCCAACT	5800
COCTCCTCCC	AGCGCTGCGT	CAGCTTTCGT	GGGGGGGGGC	ATCGCCGGAG	5850
CCCCTCTTCC	CAGCATAGGC	CTTGGGAAGG	TGCTCGTGGA	CATCITGGCG	5900
GGCTATGGGG	CAGGGGTAGC	CGGCGCACTC	GIGGCCTTIA	AGGICATGAG	5950
CCCCCACCIC	CCCTCCACCG	AGGACCTGGT	CAACITACIC	CCTGCCATCC	6000
TCTCTCCTCG	TOCCCTOGIC	GICCGGGGICG	TGTGCGCAGC	AATACIGOGT	6050
CCCCACCTCC	GCCCCGGGAGA	GGGGGCTGTG	CAGIGGAIGA	ACCOGCIGAT	6100
AGCGTTCGCT	TCGCGGGGIA	ACCACGICIC	CCCTACGCAC	TATGIGCCIG	6150
AGAGOGACOC	TGCAGCACGT	GICACICAGA	TOCTOTOTAG	CCTTACCATC	6200
ACTCAACTGC	TGAAGCGGCT	CCACCAGIGG	ATTAATGAGG	ACTOCTCTAC	6250
GCCATGCTCC	GGCTCGTGGC	TAAGGGATGT	TIGGGATIGG	ATATCCACCG	6300
TGTTGACTGA	CTTCAAGACC	TGGCTCCAGT	CCAAACTCCT	GCCGCGGTTA	6350
CCCCCACTCC	CITICCIGIC	ATGCCAACGC	GGGTACAAGG	GAGICIGGGG	6400
GGGGGACGGC	ATCATGCAAA	CCACCIGCCC	ATGCGGAGCA	CAGATOGCOG	6450
GACATGTCAA	AAACGGTTCC	ATGAGGATCG	TAGGGCCTAG	AACCTGCAGC	6500
AACACGTGGC	ACGGAACGIT	CCCCATCAAC	GCATACACCA	CCCCACCTTC	6550
CACACCCTCC	CCGGGGGCCCA	ACTATICCAG	GGCGCTATGG	COCCTCCCTC	6600
CTGAGGAGIA	CGTGGAGGTT	ACGCGTGTCG	GGGATTTCCA	CTACGTGACG	6650
GGCATGACCA	CIGACAACGI	AAAGTGCCCA	TGCCAGGTTC	CGGCCCCCGA	6700
ATTCTTCACG	GAGGIGGATG	GAGTGCGGTT	GCACAGGTAC	CCTCCCGCCT	6750
GCAAACCICT	TCTACGGGAG	GACGICACGI	TCCAGGICGG	OCTCAACCAA	6800
TACTTOGTOG	GGTCGCAGCT	CCCATGCGAG	CCCGAACCGG	ACGTAACAGT	6850
CCTTACTTCC	ATGCTCACCG	ATCCCTCCCA	CATTACAGCA	GAGACGGCTA	6900
AGCGTAGGCT	GGCTAGAGGG	TCTCCCCCCT	CTTTAGCCAG	CTCATCAGCT	6950
AGCCAGTIGT	CIGCGCCIIC	TTTGAAGGCG	ACATGCACTA	CCCACCATGA	7000
CTCCCCGGAC	GCIGACCICA	TCGAGGCCAA	CCTCTTGTGG	CCCCACCACA	7050
	CATCACTOGC				7100
GACICITICG	AACCGCTTCA	CGCGGAGGGG	CATGAGAGGG	AGATATCCCT	7150
	ATCCTGCGAA				7200
	CCCGGACTAC				7250
	TCCCTCCGGT				7300
	ATACCACCIC			GICCIGACAG	7350
	GICITCIGCC			CACCIICGGI	7400
	CCICCCCCCI			CCCTTCCTGA	7450
	GACGACCCIC			TCGIACICCT	7500
	CCTTGAAGGG				7550
TCTTGGTCTA	. CCGIGAGIGA	GGAGGCTAGT	GAGGATGICG	TCTCCTCCTC	7600
		FIC	IAD		

10	20	30	40	50	
		1234567890			
AATGICCIAT	ACGIGGACAG	GCGCCCTGAT	CACGCCATGC	GCTGCGGAGG	7650
AAAGTAAGCT	GCCCATCAAC	CCCTTCACCA	ACTOTTICCT	GCCTCACCAC	7700
AACATGGICT	ACGCCACAAC	ATCCCGCAGC	GCAAGCCTCC	GGCAGAAGAA	7750
GGICACCITT	GACAGATIOC	AAGICCIGGA	TGATCATTAC	CCCCCACCTIAC	7800
TCAAGGAGAT	GAAGGCGAAG	GOGTOCACAG	TTAAGGCTAA	CCTTCTATCT	7850
ATAGAGGAGG	CCTGCAAGCT	GACGCCCCA	CATTOGGCCA	AATCCAAATT	7900
TGGCTATGGG	CCAAAGGACG	TCCGGAACCT	ATCCAGCAGG	GCCGTTAACC	7950
ACATOOGCTC	CCTCTCCCCAC	GACTTGCTGG	AAGACACIGA	AACACCAATT	8000
GACACCACCA	TCATGGCAAA	AAGIGAGGTT	TICIGOGICC	AACCAGAGAA	8050
CCCACCCCC	AAGCCAGCTC	GCCTTATCGT	ATTCCCAGAC	CTCCCACTTC	8100
GIGIATOCCA	GAAGATGGCC	CTTTACGACG	TOGTCTCCAC	CCTTCCTCAG	8150
GCCGTGATGG	GCTCCTCATA	CGGATTTCAA	TACTOCCCCA	AGCAGCGGGT	8200
CGAGITCCIG	GTGAATACCT	GGAAATCAAA	GAAATGCCCT	ATGGGCTTCT	8250
CATATGACAC	CCCCTGTTTT	GACTCAACGG	TCACTGAGAG	TGACATICGT	8300
GTTGAGGAGT	CAATTTACCA	ATGITGTGAC	TTGGCCCCCG	AGGCCAGACA	8350
GGCCATAAGG	TOGCTCACAG	AGCGGCTTTA	CATCGGGGGT	CCCCTGACTA	8400
ACTCAAAAGG	GCAGAACTGC	GGTTATCGCC	CCTCCCCCCC	AAGTGGCGTG	8450
CIGACGACIA	GCTGCGGTAA	TACCCTCACA	TGTTACTTGA	AGGCCACTGC	8500
AGCCTGTCGA	GCTGCAAAGC	TCCAGGACTG	CACGATGCTC	GTGAACGGAG	8550
ACGACCTIGT	CGITATCIGT	GAAAGCCCCCG	GAACCCAGGA	GGATGCGGCG	8600
CCCCTACGAG	CCTTCACGGA	CCCTATGACT	AGGTATTCCG	CCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC	8650
GGATCCGCCC	CAACCAGAAT	ACGACCTGGA	GCTGATAACA	TCATGITCCT	8700
CCAATGIGIC	AGICGCGCAC	GATGCATCTG	GCAAAAGGGT	ATACIACCIC	8750
ACCCGIGACC	CCACCACCCC	CCTTGCACGG	CCTCCCTCCC	AGACAGCTAG	8800
ACACACTCCA	ATCAACTCTT	GUCTAGGCAA	TATCATCATG	TATGCGCCCA	8850
CCCTATGGGC	AAGGATGATT	CTGATGACTC	ACTITITICIC	CATCCTTCTA	8900
CCTCAAGACC	AACTTGAAAA	AGCCCTGGAT	TGTCAGATCT	ACCCCCTTG	8950
CTACTCCATT	GAGCCACTTG	ACCTACCTCA	GATCATIGAA	CGACTCCATG	9000
GICITAGCGC	ATTTACACTC	CACAGITACT	CICCAGGIGA	CATCAATAGG	9050
GIGGCTICAT	GCCTCAGGAA	ACTTGGGGTA	CCACCCTTGC	GAACCTGGAG	9100
ACATOGGGCC	AGAAGIGICC	GCGCTAAGCT	ACTGTCCCAG	CCCCCACCCC	9150
CCGCCACTTG	TGGCAGATAC	CICITIAACT	GGGCAGTAAG	GACCAAGCTT	9200
AAACICACIC	CAATCCCGGC	CGCGTCCCAG	CIGGACTIGT	CIGGCIGGIT	9250
CGTCGCTGGT	TACAGCGGGG	GAGACATATA	TCACAGCCTG	TCTCCTCCCC	9300
GACCCCCCTG	GITICCGITG	TGCCTACTCC	TACITICIGI	AGGGGTAGGC	9350
ATTTACCTGC		ATGAACGGGG		TCCAGGCCTT	9400
AAGCCATTTC	CIGITITITT	TTTTTTTTT	TITTTTTTT	TCTTTTTTTT	9450
TTTCTTTCCT	TICCTICITI	TTTTCCTTTC	TITTICCCIT	CTTTAATGGT	9500

FIG. 14E

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890		
GGCTCCATCT	TAGCCCTAGT	CACGGCTAGC	TGTGAAAGGT	CCGTGAGCCG	9550
CATGACTGCA	CACACICCIC	ATACIGGCCT	CICIGCAGAT	CAIGI	9595

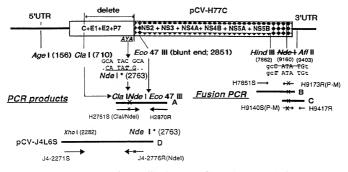
FIG. 14F

10	20	30	40	50	
	1234567890				
	TKRNINRRPQ				50
	RRQPIPKARR				100
	DPRRRSRNLG				150
	GVNYATGNLP				200
	SIVYEAADVI				250
	HVDLLVGTAA				300
	CHVSCHRMAW				350
	YYSMVQNWAK				400
	IQLVNINGSW				450
	PIDWFAQGWG				500
QVCGPVYCFT	PSPVVVGTTD	RSGVPTYSWG	ENEIDVMLIN	NIRPPQGNWF	550
	TKTCGGPPCN				600
	YPYRLWHYPC				650
	ELSPLLLSTT				700
	SFAIKWEYIL				750
	GAHGILSFLV				800
	DREMAASCOG				850
	VPPLNVROGR				900
	YFVRAQGLIR				950
	HAGLRDLAVA				1000
	FLGPADSLEG				1050
	VVSTATQSFL				1100
	WQAPPGARSM				1150
	LKGSSGGPLL				1200
	TONSTPPAVP				1250
	TLGFGAYMSK				1300
	DIIICDECHS				1350
	NIEEIGLSNN				1400
	GLNAVAYYRG				1450
	TVDFSLDPTF				1500
	MFDSSVLCEC				1550
	VFIGLIHIDA				1600
	LIRLKPTLHG				1650
	VLVGGVLAAL				1700
	CASQLPYIEQ				1750
	WAKHMWNFIS				1800
	ILGGWVAAQL				1850
TLAGYGAGVA	GALVAFKVMS	GEVPSTEDLV	NLLPAILSPG	ALVVGVVCAA	1900
		FIC	140		

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
ILRRHVGPGE	GAVQWMNRLI	AFASRGNHVS	PIHYVPESDA	AARVIQILSS	1950
LTTTQLLKRL	HOWINEDCST	PCSGSWLRDV	WDWICIVLID	FKIWLQSKLL	2000
PRLPGVPFLS	CORGYKGVWR	GDGIMQTTCP	CCAQIACHVK	NGSMRIVGPR	2050
TCSNIWHGIF	PINAYTIGPC	TPSPAPNYSR	ALWRVAAEEY	VEVIRVGDFH	2100
AALGWLLDVA	KCPCQVPAPE	FFTEVDGVRL	HRYAPACKPL	LREDVIFQVG	2150
		LISMLIDPSH			2200
_		SPDADLIEAN			2250
		AAEILRKSRK			2300
WKDPDYVPPV	VHGCPLPPIK	APPIPPPRRK	RIVVLIESW	SSALAELATK	2350
		LASDDGDKGS			2400
		MSYTWIGALI			2450
RHHMMVYATT	SRSASLRQKK	VIFDRLQVLD	DHYRDVLKEM	KAKASIVKAK	2500
		GYGAKDVRNL			2550
	~	GGRKPARLIV			2600
LPQAVMGSSY	GFQYSPKQRV	EFLVNIWKSK	KCPMGFSYDT	RCFDSIVIES	2650
DIRVEESIYQ	CCDLAPEARQ	AIRSLIERLY	IGGPLINSKG	QNCGYRRCRA	2700
SGVLTTSCGN	TLTCYLKATA	ACRAAKLQDC	TMLVNGDDLV	VICESAGIQE	2750
DAAALRAFTE	AMIRYSAPPG	DPPQPEYDLE	LITSCSSNVS	VAHDASGKRV	2800
YYLTRDPTTF	LARAAWETAR	HTPINSWLGN	IIMYAPILWA	RMILMIHFFS	2850
ILLAQEQLEK	ALDOQTYGAC	YSIEPLDLPQ	IIERLHGLSA	FTLHSYSPGE	2900
INRVASCLRK	LGVPPLRTWR	HRARSVRAKL	LSQGGRAATC	GRYLFNWAVR	2950
TKLKLTPIPA	ASQLDLSGWF	VAGYSGGDIY	HSLSRARPRW	FPLCLLLLSV	3000
GVGTYLLFNR					3010
			1111		

FIG. 14H

#2. Strategy for constructing chimeric clone of HCV (pH77CV-J4) which contains the nonstructural region of strain H77 and the structural region of strain HC-J4



- 1. Fragment A, B, C and D; PCR amplification from pCV-H77C or pCV-J4L6S
 - Fragment A; additional Cla I site, artificial Nde I site induced by a single mutation (C→T at nt 2765 of H77C) and authentic Eco47 III site
 - Fragment B and C ; eliminated Nde I site by a single mutation within the primers (C \to T at nt 9158 of H77C), and fusion PCR with both fragments
 - Fragment D; artificial Nde I site induced by 2 point mutations within the primer (T→A at nt 2762 and C→T at nt 2765 of J4L6S)
- 2. TA cloning of PCR products
- 3. Sequence analysis
- Cloning of Fragment A (Cla I-Eco 47III) and Fragment B/C (Hind III-Aff II) with correct sequence into pCV-H77C
- Complete sequence analysis of new cassette vector [pH77CV], into which the structural regions of different genotypes can be inserted.
- Cloning of Fragment-Age I/Xho I (cut out from pCV-J4L6S) and Fragment D (Xho I-Nde I)
 with correct sequence into the new cassette vector; 3 piece ligation
- 7. Complete sequence analysis of 1a+1b chimera [pH77CV-J4]
- 8. In vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 9. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee

pH77CV-J4 Sequence

GCCAGCCCCC TGATGGGGGC GACACTCCAC CATGAATCAC TCCCCTGTGA	50
GGAACTACTG TCTTCACGCA GAAAGCGTCT AGCCATGGCG TTAGTATGAG	100
TGTCGTGCAG CCTCCAGGAC CCCCCCTCCC GGGAGAGCCA TAGTGGTCTG	150
CGGAACCGGT GAGTACACCG GAATTGCCAG GACGACCGGG TCCTTTCTTG	200
CATCAACCCG CTCAATGCCT GGACATTIGG GCGIGCCCCC GCGAGACTGC	250
TAGCCCAGIA GIGITOGGIC GCCAAAGGCC TIGIGGIACT GCCTCATAGG	300
GIGCTIGOGA GIGCCCCCCC ACCICIOGIA CACCCICCAC CATCACCACC	350
AATCCTAAAC CTCAAAGAAA AACCAAACGT AACACCAACC GCCGCCCACA	400
GCACGICAAG TICCCGGGCG GIGGICAGAT CGITGGIGGA GITTACCIGI	450
TGCCGCGCAG GGGCCCCAGG TTGGGTGTGC GCGCCACTAG GAAGGCTTCC	500
GAGOGGICGC AACCICGIGG AAGGCGACAA CCIATCCCAA AGGCTCGCCG	550
ACCCGAGGGC AGGGCCTGGG CTCAGGCCGG GTACCCTTGG CCCCTCTATG	600
GCAATGAGGG CCTGGGGTGG GCAGGATGGC TCCTGTCACC CCGGGGCTCC	650
CGGCCTAGIT GGGGCCCCAC GGACCCCCGG CGTAGGICGC GTAACTIGGG	700
TAAGGICATC GATACCCITA CATGCGGCTT CGCCGATCIC ATGGGGTACA	750
TTCCGCTCGT CGGCGCCCCC CTAGGGGGGG CTGCCAGGGC CTTGGCACAC	800
GGIGICCCGG TICIGCAGGA CGGCGIGAAC TATGCAACAG GCAACIIGCC	850
CGGTTGCTCT TTCTCTATCT TCCTCTTGGC TCTGCTGTCC TGTTTGACCA	900
TCCCAGCTTC CGCTTATGAA GTGCGCAACG TGTCCGGGAT ATACCATGTC	950
ACCAACCACT CCTCCAACTC AACCATTGTG TATCACCCAG CCCACCTCAT	1000
CATGCATACT CCCGGGTGCG TGCCCTGTGT TCAGGAGGGT AACAGCTCCC	1050
GTTGCTGGGT AGCGCTCACT CCCACGCTCG CGGCCAGGAA TGCCAGCGTC	1100
CCCACTACGA CAATACGACG CCACGTCGAC TIGCTCGTTG GGACGCCTGC	1150
TTTCTGCTCC GCTATGTACG TGGGGGATCT CTGCGGATCT ATTTTCCTCG	1200
TCTCCCAGCT GTTCACCTTC TCGCCTCGCC GGCATGAGAC AGTGCAGGAC	1250
TGCAACTGCT CAATCTATCC CGGCCATGTA TCAGGTCACC GCATGGCTTG	1300
GGATATGATG ATGAACTGGT CACCTACAAC ASCCCTAGTG GTGTCGCAGT	1350
TGCTCCGGAT CCCACAAGCT GTCGTGGACA TGGTGGCGGG GGCCCACTGG	1400
GGAGTCCTGG CGGGCCTTGC CTACTATTCC ATGGTAGGGA ACTGGGCTAA	1450
CGTTCTCATT GTGCCCCTAC TCTTTCCCCG CGTTCACCGG CACACCCACA	1500
CGACGGGGAG GGIGGCCGGC CACACCACCT CCGGGTTCAC GICCCTTTTC	1550
TCATCTGGG CGTCTCAGAA AATOCAGCTT GTGAATACCA ACGGCAGCTG	1600
GCACATCAAC AGGACTGCCC TAAATTGCAA TGACTCCCTC CAAACTGGGT	1650
TCTTTGCCGC GCTGTTTTAC GCACACAAGT TCAACTCGTC CGGGTGCCCG	1700
GAGCGCATGG CCAGCTGCCG CCCCATTGAC TGGTTCGCCC AGGGGTGGGG	1750
CCCCATCACC TATACTAAGC CTAACAGCTC GCATCAGAGG CCTTATTGCT	1800

pH77CV-J4 Sequence

GCATTACGC GCCTCGACCG TGTGGTGTCG TACCCGCGTC GCAGGTGTGT	1850
GGICCAGIGI ATTGITTCAC CCCAAGCCCT GITGIGGIGG GGACCACCGA	1900
TOGITOCOGT GICCCIACGT ATACCIGGGG CCACAATGAG ACACACGICA	1950
TGCTCCTCAA CAACACGCGT CCGCCACAAG GCAACTGGTT CGGCTGTACA	2000
TOCATGAATA GIACTOGGIT CACTAAGACG TOCOGAGGIC CCCCGIGIAA	2050
CATCGGGGGG GTCGGTAACC GCACCTTGAT CTGCCCCACG GACTGCTTCC	2100
GGAAGCACCC CGAGGCTACT TACACAAAAT GTGGCTCGGG GCCCTGGTTG	2150
ACACCIAGGI GOCIAGIAGA CIACCCATAC AGGCITTGGC ACTACCCCTG	2200
CACTOTCAAT TITTCCATOT TTAAGGITAG GATGIATGIG GGGGGGGIGG	2250
AGCACAGGCT CAATGCCGCA TGCAATTGGA CTCGAGGAGA GCGCTGTAAC	2300
TIGGAGGACA GGGATAGGIC AGAACICAGC CCGCIGCIGC IGICIACAAC	2350
AGAGTGGCAG ATACTGCCCT GTGCTTTCAC CACCCTACCG GCTTTATCCA	2400
CIGGITICAT CCATCICCAT CAGAACATCG TGGACGIGCA ATACCIGIAC	2450
GGIGIAGGGT CAGCGITTGT CICCTTTGCA ATCAAATGGG AGIACATCCT	2500
GITGCITTIC CTTCTCCTGG CAGACGCGGG CGTGTGTGCCC TGCTTGTGCA	2550
TGATGCTGCT CATAGCCCAG GCTGAGGCCG CCTTAGAGAA CTTGGTGGTC	2600
CICAATGCGG CGICCGIGGC CGCAGCGCAT GGIATICTCT CCTTTCTIGT	2650
GITCITCIGC GCCGCCIGGI ACATTAAGGG CAGGCIGGCI CCIGGGGCGG	2700
CGIATGCITT TTATGGCGIA TGGCCGCIGC TCCTGCTCCT ACTGGCGTTA	2750
CCACCACGAG CATATGCACT GGACACGGAG GTGGCCGGGT CGTGTGGCGG	2800
CGITGITCIT GICCCGITAA TCCCCCTGAC TCTGTCCCCA TATTACAAGC	2850
CCTATATCAG CTCGTCCATG TCGTCCCTTC AGTATTTTCT CACCAGAGTA	2900
GAAGCGCAAC TGCACGTGTG GGTTCCCCCC CTCAACGTCC GGGGGGGGGG	2950
CGATGCCGIC ATCITACTCA TGTGTGTAGT ACACCCGACC CTGGTATTTG	3000
ACATCACCAA ACTACTCCTG GCCATCTTCG GACCCCTTTG GATTCTTCAA	3050
GCCAGTTTGC TTAAAGTCCC CTACTTCGTG CGCGTTCAAG GCCTTCTCCG	3100
CATCTGCGCG CTAGCGCGGA AGATAGCCGG AGGTCATTAC GTGCAAATGG	3150
CCATCATCAA GITAGGGGG CITACTGGCA CCTATGTGTA TAACCATCTC	3200
ACCCCTCTTC GAGACTGGGC GCACAACGGC CTGCGAGATC TGGCCGTGGC	3250
TGTGGAACCA GTCGTCTTCT CCCGAATGCA GACCAAGCTC ATCACGTGGG	3300
GGGCAGATAC CGCCGCGTGC GGTGACATCA TCAACGGCTT GCCCGTCTCT	3350
CCCCGTAGGG CCCAGGAGAT ACTGCTTGGG CCAGCCGACG GAATGGTCTC	3400
CAAGGGGIGG AGGITGCTGG CGCCCATCAC GGCGTACGCC CAGCAGACGA	3450
GAGGCCTCCT AGGGTGTATA ATCACCAGCC TGACTGGCCG GGACAAAAAC	3500
CAAGTGGAGG GTGAGGTCCA GATCGTGTCA ACTGCTACCC AAACCTTCCT	3550
GOCAACGIGC ATCAATGOOG TATGCIGGAC TGICTACCAC GOGGCCGGAA	3600

CGACCACCAT CGCATCACCC AAGGGTCCTG TCATCCAGAT GTATACCAAT	3650
GIGGACCAAG ACCITGIGGG CIGGCCCCCT CCTCAAGGIT CCCGCTCATT	3700
GACACCCIGI ACCIGCOCCI CCICCCACCI TIACCIGGIC ACCACGCACG	3750
COGATGICAT TCCCGTGCGC CGGCGAGGTG ATAGCAGGGG TAGCCTGCTT	3800
TCCCCCCCCC CCATTTCCIA CTTCAAACCC TCCTCCCCCC GICCCCTGIT	3850
GIGCCCCCCC GGACACCCCG TGGGCCTATT CAGGGCCGCG GIGIGCACCC	3900
GIGGAGIGGC TAAAGCCGGIG GACTTTATCC CIGIGGAGAA CCTAGGGACA	3950
ACCATCACAT CCCCCCIGIT CACCCACAAC TCCTCTCCAC CACCAGIGCC	4000
CCAGAGCTIC CAGGIGGCCC ACCIGCATGC TCCCACCGGC AGCGGTAAGA	4050
GCACCAAGGT CCCGGCTGCG TACGCAGCCC AGGGCTACAA GGTGTTGGTG	4100
CTCAACCCCT CTGTTGCTGC AACGCTGGGC TTTGGTGCTT ACATGTCCAA	4150
GCCCCATGGG GITCATCCIA ATATCAGGAC CGGGGTGAGA ACAATTACCA	4200
CTGGCAGCCC CATCACGTAC TCCACCTACG GCAAGTTCCT TGCCGACGGC	4250
COCTICCTCAG CACCTICATIA TCACATAATA ATTIGICACG ACTICCCACTC	4300
CACGGATGCC ACATCCATCT TGGGCATCGG CACTGTCCTT GACCAAGCAG	4350
AGACTGCCCG GCCCAGACTG GTTGTCCTCG CCACTCCTAC CCCTCCCGCC	4400
TCCGTCACTG TGTCCCATCC TAACATCGAG GAGGITGCTC TGTCCACCAC	4450
CGCAGAGATC CCCTTTIACG GCAAGGCTAT CCCCCTCGAG GTGATCAAGG	4500
GGGGAAGACA TCTCATCTTC TGCCACTCAA AGAAGAAGTG CGACGAGCTC	4550
CCCCCCAACC TCGTCCCATT CCCCATCAAT CCCGTCCCCT ACTACCCCCG	4600
TCTTGACGIG TCTGTCATCC CGACCAGCGG CGATGTTGTC GTCGTGTCGA	4650
CCGATGCTCT CATGACTGGC TTTACCGGGG ACTTCGACTC TGTGATAGAC	4700
TCCAACACGT GIGICACTCA GACAGTCGAT TICAGCCTIG ACCCTACCTT	4750
TACCATTGAG ACAACCACGC TCCCCCAGCA TGCTGTCTCC AGGACTCAAC	4800
CCCCCCCCAG CACTGCCAGG CCCAAGCCAG CCATCTATAG ATTTGTCGCA	4850
CCGGGGGAGC GCCCCTCCGG CATGITCCAC TCGTCCGTCC TCTGTCAGTG	4900
CTATCACCCG GCCTGTCCTT GGTATCACCT CACCCCCCCC CAGACTACAG	4950
TTAGGCTACG AGCGTACATG AACACCCCGG GGCTTCCCGT GTGCCAGGAC	5000
CATCTICAAT TTICGCACG CGICTTTACG GGCCICACIC ATATACATGC	5050
CCACTITITA TCCCACACAA AGCAGAGIGG GGAGAACITT CCTTACCIGG	5100
TACOCTACCA ACCCACOCTIC TECCCTACCC CTCAACCCCC TCCCCCATCC	5150
TGGCACCAGA TGTGCAAGTG TTTCATCCCC CTTAAACCCA CCCTCCATGG	5200
GCCAACACCC CTGCTATACA GACTGGGGGC TGTTCAGAAT GAAGTCACCC	5250
TGACGCACCC AATCACCAAA TACATCATGA CATGCATGIC GGCCGACCTG	5300
GAGGICGICA CGAGCACCIG GGIGCICGIT GGCGGGGICC TGGCIGCICT	5350
GCCCCCGTAT TCCCTGTCAA CAGCCTCCGT GGTCATAGTG GCCAGCATCG	5400
5:0 :100	

pH77CV-J4 Sequence

TCTTGTCCGG GAAGCCGGCA ATTATACCTG ACAGGGAGGT TCTCTACCAG	5450
CAGTICCATG ACATGCAACA GIGCICTCAG CACTTACCGT ACATCCACCA	5500
AGGCATGATG CTCGCTGAGC AGTTCAAGCA GAAGGCCCTC GGCCTCCTGC	5550
AGACCOCCTIC CCGCCATOCA GAGGITATCA CCCCTOCTGT CCAGACCAAC	5600
TGGCAGAAAC TCGAGGICIT TTGGGCGAAG CACATGIGGA ATTTCATCAG	5650
TGGCATACAA TACTTGGCGG GCCTGTCAAC GCTGCCTGGT AACCCCGCCA	5700
TIGCTICATT GAIGGCITTT ACAGCIGCOG TCACCAGCOC ACTAACCACT	5750
GGCCAAACCC TCCTCTTCAA CATATTGGGG GGGTGGGTGG CTGCCCAGCT	5800
CCCCCCCCC CCTCCCCTA CTCCCTTTGT CCCTCCCCCCC CTACCTCCCC	5850
CCGCCATCCG CAGCGITGGA CTGGGGGAAGG TCCTCGTGGA CATTCTTGCA	5900
GGGTATGGCG CGGGCGTGGC GGGAGCTCTT GTAGCATTCA AGATCATGAG	5950
CGGIGAGGIC CCCICCACGG AGGACCIGGT CAATCIGCIG CCCGCCATCC	6000
TCTCGCCTGG AGCCCTTGTA GTCGGTGTGG TCTGCGCAGC AATACTGCGC	6050
CGGCACGITG GCCCGGGCGA GGGGGCAGTG CAATGGATGA ACCGGCTAAT	6100
AGCCTTCGCC TCCCGGGGGA ACCATGTTTC CCCCACGCAC TACGTGCCGG	6150
AGAGOGATGC AGOOGOCCGC GTCACTGCCA TACTCAGCAG CCTCACTGTA	6200
ACCCAGCICC TGAGGCGACT GCATCAGIGG ATAAGCTCGG AGIGIACCAC	6250
TCCATGCTCC GGITCCTGGC TAAGGGACAT CTGGGACTGG ATATGCGAGG	6300
TOCTGAGCGA CTTTAAGACC TGGCTGAAAG CCAAGCTCAT GCCACAACTG	6350
CCTGGGATTC CCTTTGTGTC CTGCCAGCGC GGGTATAGGG GGGTCTGGCG	6400
AGGAGACGGC ATTATOCACA CTCGCTGCCA CTGTGGAGCT GAGATCACTG	6450
CACATGTCAA AAACOOGACG ATGAGGATCG TCGGTCCTAG GACCTGCAGG	6500
AACATGTGGA GTGGGACGTT CCCCATTAAC GCCTACACCA CGGGCCCCTG	6550
TACTCCCCTT CCTGCGCCGA ACTATAAGIT CGCGCTGTGG AGGGTGTCTG	6600
CAGAGGAATA CGTGGAGATA AGGCGGGTGG GGGACTTCCA CTACGTATCG	6650
GGIATGACIA CIGACAATCT TAAATGCCCG TGCCAGATCC CATCGCCCGA	6700
ATTITICACA CAATTICCACG GOGTICCCCCT ACACAGGITT GCCCCCCCTT	6750
CCAAGCCCIT CCTCCCCCAG GAGGTATCAT TCAGAGTAGG ACTCCACGAG	6800
TACCCGGIGG GGICGCAAIT ACCITIGCGAG CCCGAACCGG ACGIAGCCGI	6850
GITGACGICC ATGCTCACTG ATCCCTCCCA TATAACAGCA GAGGCGGCCG	6900
GCAGAAGGIT GCCCAGAGGG TCACCCCCTT CTATGGCCAG CTCCTCGGCT	6950
AGCCAGCIGI COGCICCAIC TCTCAAGGCA ACTTGCACCG CCAACCATGA	7000
CTCCCCTGAC GCCGAGCTCA TAGAGGCTAA CCTCCTGTGG AGGCAGGAGA	7050
TCCCCCCCAA CATCACCACG CITCAGTCAG ACAACAAAGT CCTCATTCTC	7100
CACTOCTICG ATCCCCTTGT CCCAGAGGAG CATGAGCCCG AGGICTCCGT	7150
ACCIGCAGAA ATTCIGCGGA AGICTCGGAG ATTCGCCCGG GCCCIGCCCG	7200
	

pH77CV-J4 Sequence

TCTGGGCGCG GCCGGACTAC AACCCCCCGC TAGTAGAGAC GTGGAAAAAG	7250
CCTGACTACG AACCACCTGT GGTCCATGGC TGCCCGCTAC CACCTCCACG	7300
GICCCCICCT GIGCCICCGC CICGGAAAAA GCGIACGGIG GICCICACCG	7350
AATCAACCCT ATCTACTGCC TTGGCCGAGC TTGCCACCAA AAGTTTTGGC	7400
AGCTCCTCAA CTTCCGGCAT TACGGGCCAC AATACGACAA CATCCTCTGA	7450
GCCCGCCCCT TCTGGCTGCC CCCCCGACTC CCACGTTGAG TCCTATTCTT	7500
CCATGCCCC CCTGCAGGGG GAGCCTGGGG ATCCGCATCT CAGCCACGGG	7550
TCATGGTCGA CGGTCAGTAG TGGGGCCCAC ACGGAAGATG TCGTGTGCTG	7600
CTCAATGICT TATTCCTGGA CAGGCGCACT CGTCACCCCG TGCGCTGCGG	7650
AAGAACAAAA ACTGCCCATC AACGCACTGA GCAACTCGTT GCTACGCCAT	7700
CACAATCIGG TGIATTOCAC CACTICACGC AGIGCTIGCC AAAGGCAGAA	7750
GAAAGTCACA TTTGACAGAC TGCAAGTTCT GGACAGCCAT TACCAGGACG	7800
TGCTCAAGGA GGTCAAAGCA GCGGCGTCAA AAGTGAAGGC TAACTTGCTA	7850
TCCGTAGAGG AAGCTTGCAG CCTGACGCCC CCACATTCAG CCAAATCCAA	7900
GTTTGGCTAT GGGGCAAAAG ACGTCCGTTG CCATGCCAGA AAGGCCGTAG	7950
CCCACATCAA CTCCGTGTGG AAAGACCTTC TGCAAGACAG TGTAACACCA	8000
ATAGACACTA CCATCATGGC CAAGAACGAG GTTTTCTGCG TTCAGCCTGA	8050
GAAGGGGGT CGTAAGCCAG CTCGTCTCAT CGTGTTCCCC GACCTGGGCG	8100
TECCCGTGTG CGACAACATG CCCCTGTACG ACGTGGTTAG CAAGCTCCCC	8150
CTGGCCGTGA TGGGAAGCTC CTACGGATTC CAATACTCAC CAGGACAGGG	8200
GGTTGAATTC CTCGTGCAAG CGTGGAAGTC CAAGAAGACC CCCATGGGGT	8250
TCTCGIATGA TACCCGCTGT TTTGACTCCA CAGTCACTGA GAGCGACATC	8300
CGTACGGAGG AGGCAATTTA CCAATGITGT GACCTGGACC CCCAAGCCCG	8350
CGIGGCCATC AAGICCCICA CIGAGAGGCT TTAIGITGGG GGCCCICTIA	8400
CCAATTCAAG GGGGGAAAAC TGCGGCTACC GCAGGTGCCG CGCGAGCGGC	8450
GTACTGACAA CTAGCTGTGG TAACACCCTC ACTTGCTACA TCAAGGCCCG	8500
GOCAGCCIGT CGAGCCGCAG GOCTCCAGGA CTGCACCATG CTCGTGTGTG	8550
COCACCACTT ACTOCTTATC TCTCAAACTG CCCCCCCACCACCACCCC	8600
COCACCTICA CACCTICAC CCACCCTATG ACCACCTACT COCCCCCCC	8650
CGGGGACCCC CCACAACCAG AATACGACTT GGAGCTTATA ACATCATGCT	8700
CCTCCAACGI GTCAGTCGCC CACGACGCCG CTGGAAAGAG GGTCTACTAC	8750
CTTACCCGTG ACCCTACAAC CCCCCTCGCG AGAGCCGCGT GGGAGACAGC	8800
AAGACACACT CCAGTCAATT CCTGGCTAGG CAACATAATC ATGTTTGCCC	8850
CCACACIGIG GCCGACGAIG ATACIGAIGA CCCATTICIT TAGCGICCIC	8900
ATACCCACCE ATCACCTTCA ACACCCTCTT AACTGTCACA TCTACCCACC	8950
CTOCTACTCC ATAGAACCAC TOGATCTACC TOCAATCATT CAAAGACTCC	9000
	

pH77CV-J4 Sequence

ATCCCCTCAG CCCATTITICA CTCCACAGIT ACTCTCCACG TGAAATCAAT	9050
ACCCTCCCCC CATCCCTCAG AAAACTTCCC GTCCCCCCCT TCCCACCTTC	9100
CAGACACCOG GCCCGGAGGG TCCGCCGCTAG GCTTCTGTCC AGAGGAGGCA	9150
GGGCTGCTAT ATGTGGCAAG TACCTCTTCA ACTGGGCAGT AAGAACAAAG	9200
CTCAAACTCA CTCCAATAGC GGCCGCTGGC CGGCTGGACT TGTCCGGTTG	9250
GITCACGGCT GCCTACAGCG GCGGAGACAT TTATCACAGC GIGICICATG	9300
CCCGGCCCCG CTGGTTCTGG TTTTGCCTAC TCCTGCTCGC TGCAGGGGTA	9350
GCCATCTACC TCCTCCCCAA CCGATGAAGG TTGGGGTAAA CACTCCGGCC	9400
TCTTAAGCCA TTTCCIGTT TTTTTTTTTT TTTTTTTTT TTTTTCTTTT	9450
TTTTTTCTT TCCTTTCCTT CTTTTTTTCC TTTCTTTTTC CCTTCTT	9500
TGGTGGCTCC ATCTTAGCCC TAGTCACGGC TAGCTGTGAA AGGTCCGTGA	9550
CCCCCATCAC TCCACACAGT CCTCATACTG CCCTCTCTCC ACATCATGT	9599

FIG. 16F

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
MSTINPKPORK	TKRNINRRPQ	DVKFPGGGQI	VOGVYLLPRR	GPRLGVRATR	50
		PEGRAWAQPG			100
		KVIDILICGF			150
		GCSFSIFLLA			200
YHVINDCSNS	SIVYEAADVI	MHIPGCVPCV	QEGNSSROW	ALTPTLAARN	250
ASVPITTIRR	HVDLLVGTAA	FCSAMYVGDL	CGSIFLVSQL	FIFSPRRHET	300
VQDCNCSIYP	CHVSCHRMAW	DMMNWSPTT	ALVVSQLLRI	PQAVVDMVAG	350
AHWGVLAGLA	YYSMVGNWAK	VLIVALLFAG	VDGETHITGR	VAGHITSGFT	400
SLFSSGASQK	IQLVNINGSW	HINRIALNON	DSLQIGFFAA	LFYAHKFNSS	450
CCPERMASCR	PIDWFAQGWG	PITYIKPNSS	DORPYCWHYA	PRPCGVVPAS	500
OVCGPVYCFT	PSPVVGIID	RSGVPTYSWG	ENETDVMLLN	NIRPPQGWF	550
CCTWMNSTGF	TKTCGGPPCN	ICGVCNRTLI	CPIDCFRKHP	EATYTKCGSG	600
				NAACNWIRGE	650
RONLEDRORS	ELSPLLISTI	EWQILPCAFI	TLPALSIGLI	HLHQNIVDVQ	700
YLYGVGSAFV	SFAIKWEYIL	LIFILLADAR	VCACLWMMLL	IAQAEAALEN	750
LVVLNAASVA	GAHGILSFLV	FFCAAWYIKG	RLAPGAAYAF	YGWPLLLLL	800
LALPPRAYAL	DTEVAASCOC	VVLVGLMALI	LSPYYKRYIS	WOMWIQYFL	850
TRVEAOLHVW	VPPLNVRGGF	DAVILLMOV	HPTLVFDITK	LLLAIFGPLW	900
ILOASLLKVE	YFVRVOGLLE	R ICALARKIAC	GHYVQMAIIK	LGALIGIYVY	950
NHLTPLRDWA	A HNGLRDLAVA	VEPVVFSRME	TKLITWGADI	'AACGDIINGL	1000
PVSARRGOEI	LLGPADGMVS	KGWRLLAPIT	AYAQQTRGLI	GCIITSLIGR	1050
DKNOVEGEVO	IVSTATQIFI	_ ATCINGVOW	YYHGAGIRTI	ASPKGPVIQM	1100
YTWVDQDLVC	G WPAPQGSRSI	TPCTCGSSDI	_ YLVTRHADV	PVRRRGDSRG	1150
SLLSPRPIS	LKGSSGGPLI	CPAGHAVGLE	F RAAVCTRGVA	A KAVDFIPVEN	1200
LGTIMRSPVI	TONSSPPAVI	QSFQVAHLH	A PIGSGKSTK	/ PAAYAAQGYK	1250
VLVLNPSVA	A TLGFGAYMS	K AHGVDPNIR	r gvrtittgs	P ITYSTYCKFL	1300
				ARLVVLATAT	1350
				H LIFCHSKKKC	1400
DELAAKLVA	L GINAVAYYR	G LDVSVIPTS	G DVVVVSTDA	L MIGFIGDFDS	1450
VIDONICVI	Q TVDFSLDPT	F TIETTLPQ	D AVSRIQRRG	R TGRGKPGIYR	1500
				R AYMNTPGLPV	1550
				Q ATVCARAQAP	1600
				P ITKYIMICMS	1650
				G KPAIIPDREV	1700
LYQEFDEME	E CSQHLPYIE	Q GMMLAEQFK	Q KALGLLQTA	S RHAEVITPAV	1750
				L MAFTAAVISP	1800
LTTCQTLLF	N ILGGWVAAQ	L AAPGAATAF	V GAGLAGAAI	G SVGLGKVLVD	1850
ILAGYGAG	/A GALVAFKIN	IS GEVPSTEDI	V NLLPAILSE	G ALVVGVVCAA	1900
			0.100		

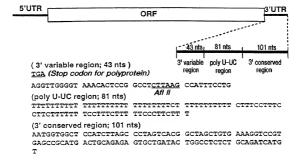
H77CV-J4aa Sequence

10	20	30	40	50	
1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	1234567890	
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LIVIQLLRRL	HQWISSECTT	PCSGSWLRDI	WDWICEVLSD	FKTWLKAKLM	2000
PQLPGIPFVS	CORGYRGWR	GDGIMHIRCH	CGAETTGHVK	NGIMRIVGPR	2050
TCRNMWSGIF	PINAYTIGPC	TPLPAPNYKF	ALWRVSAEEY	VEIRRVGDFH	2100
YVSGMITDNL	KCPCQIPSPE	FFTELDGVRL	HRFAPPCKPL	LREEVSFRVG	2150
LHEYPVGSQL	PCEPEPDVAV	LISMLIDPSH	TTAEAAGRRL	ARGSPPSMAS	2200
SSASQLSAPS	LKATCIANHD	SPDAFLIEAN	LLWRQEMGGN	TTRVESENKV	2250
VILDSFDPLV	AEEDEREVSV	PAETLRKSRR	FARALPWAR	PDYNPPLVET	2300
WKKPDYEPPV	VHGCPLPPPR	SPPVPPPRKK	RIVVLIESIL	STALAFLATK	2350
SFGSSSTSGI	TGENTITISSE	PAPSGCPPDS	DVESYSSMPP	LEGEPGDPDL	2400
				LPINALSNSL	2450
LRHHNLVYST	TSRSACQRQK	KVTFDRLQVL	DSHYQDVLKE	VKAAASKVKA	2500
NLLSVEEACS	LTPPHSAKSK	FGYGAKDVRC	HARKAVAHIN	SWKDLLEDS	2550
				EKMALYDVV S	
KLPLAVMGSS	YGFQYSPGQR	VEFLVQAWKS	KKTPMGFSYD	TRCFDSIVIE	2650
SDIRTEEALY	QCCDLDPQAR	. VAIKSLTERL	YVGGPLIINSR	GENCGYRRCR	
ASGVLTTSCG	NILICYIKAR	. AACRAAGLQD	CIMLVCGDDL	VVICESAGVQ	
EDAASLRAFT	EAMIRYSAPP	GDPPQPEYDL	ELITSCSSNV	SVAHDGAGKR	
				ARMILMIHFF	2850
SVLIARDQLE	QALNCEIYGA	CYSIEPLDLE	PIIQRLHGLS	AFSLHSYSPG	2900
				CGKYLFIWAV	
RIKLKLIPIA	AAGRLDLSGV	/ FTAGYSGGDI	YHSVSHARPF	WFWFCILLIA	
AGVGTYLLEN	R				3011

FIG. 16H

#1a. 3' Deletion mutants of pCV-H77C

Sequence of 3' untranslated region of pCV-H77C



- #1a -3. pCV-H77C(X-52); All of the 3' UTR sequence, except 3' 49 nucleotides, removed from pCV-H77C

 TGAGCCGCAT GACTGCAGAG AGTGCTGATA CTGGCCTCTC TGCAGATCAT

 GT

FIG. 17A

#1a -4. pCV-H77C(X); All of the 3' UTR sequence, except 3' 101 nucleotides, removed from pCV-H77C

TEANANTGSTG GCTCCATCTT AGCCCTAGTC ACGCCTAGCT GTGANAGGTC
CGTGAGCCGC ATGACTGCAG AGAGTGCTGA TACTGGCCTC TCTGCAGATC
ATGT

#1a -5. pCV-H77C(+49X); The proximal 49 nucleotides of the 3' conserved region (98 nucleotides; AAT not included) removed from pCV-H77C

#1a -6. pCV-H77C(VR-24); First 24 nucleotides of the 3' variable region removed from pCV-H77C

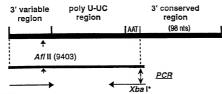
#1a -7. pCV-H77C(-U/UC); Poly U-UC region removed from pCV-H77C

TGAAGGTTGG GGTAAACACT CCGGCCTCTT AAGCCATTTC CTGAATGGTG
GCTCCATCTT AGCCCTAGTC ACGCCTAGCT GTGAAAGGTC CGTGAGCCGC
ATGACTGCAG AGAGTGCTGA TACTGGCCTC TCTGCAGATC ATGT

FIG. 17B

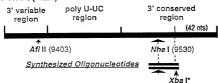
#1b. Strategy of 3' Deletion mutants

#1b -1. pCV-H77C(-98X)

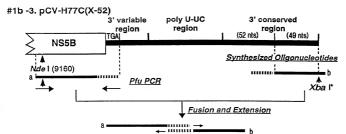


- 1. PCR Amplification
- 2. Purification of PCR products
- 3. Digestion with Afl II and Xba I
- 4. Cloning of Afl II /Xba I fragment into pCV-H77C
- 5. Complete sequence analysis
- 6. in vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 7. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee; 11/26/97 and 12/17/97
- 8. Result : Negative (No replication)

#1b -2. pCV-H77C(-42X)

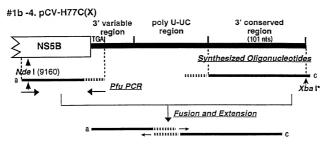


- 1. Synthesis of oligonucleotides (sense and anti-sense)
- 2. Hybridization of oligonucleotides
- 3. Digestion with Nhe I and Xba I
- 4. Cloning of Nhe I /Xba I fragment into pG9-KL26 (3' UTR of H77C)
- 5. Sequence analysis
- 6. Cloning of 3' UTR (-42X) [Afl II /Xba I fragment] into pCV-H77C
- 7. Complete sequence analysis
- 8. in vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 9. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee (Schedule; 1/22/98, 2/5/98)



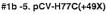
- 1. Fragment a; Pfu PCR amplification and purification
- 2. Fragment b; Synthesized oligonucleotides (anti-sense)
- 3. Fusion and extension
- 4. TA cloning
- 5. Sequence analysis
- 6. Cloning Nde I-Xba I fragment with correct sequence into pCV-H77C
- 7. Complete sequence analysis
- 8. In vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 9. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee

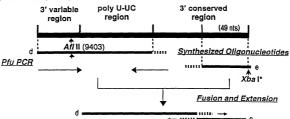
FIG. 17D



- 1. Fragment a; Pfu PCR amplification and purification
- 2. Fragment c; Synthesized oligonucleotides (anti-sense)
- 3. Fusion and extension
- 4. TA cloning
- 5. Sequence analysis
- 6. Cloning Nde I-Xba I fragment with correct sequence into pCV-H77C
- 7. Complete sequence analysis
- 8. In vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 9. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee

FIG. 17E

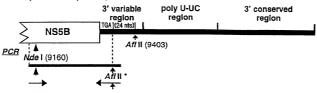




- 1. Fragment d; Pfu PCR amplification and purification
- 2. Fragment e ; Synthesized oligonucleotides (anti-sense)
- 3. Fusion and extension
- 4. TA cloning
- 5. Sequence analysis
- 6. Cloning Afl II-Xba I fragment with correct sequence into pCV-H77C
- 7. Complete sequence analysis
- 8. In vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 9. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee

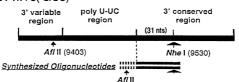
FIG. 17F

#1b -6. pCV-H77C(VR-24)



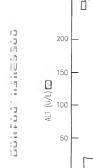
- 1. PCR Amplification
- 2. Purification of PCR products
- 3. Digestion with Nde I and Afl I
- 4. Cloning of Nde I /Afl II fragment into pCV-H77C
- 5. Complete sequence analysis
- 6. in vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 7. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee

#1b -7. pCV-H77C(-U/UC)



- 1. Synthesis of oligonucleotides (sense and anti-sense)
- 2. Hybridization of oligonucleotides
- 3. Digestion with Aff II and Nhe I
- 4. Cloning of Afl II and Nhe I fragment into pG9-KL26
- 5. Sequence analysis
- 6. Cloning of 3' UTR (-poly U-UC) [Afl II /Xba I fragment] into pCV-H77C
- 7. Complete sequence analysis
- 8. in vitro transcription (within 24 hours of inoculation)
- 9. Percutaneous intrahepatic transfection into chimpanzee

FIG. 17G



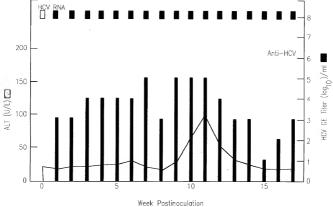


FIG. 18A

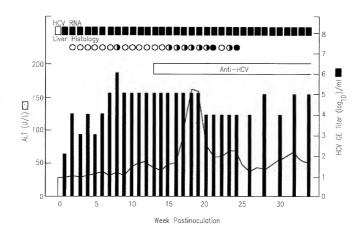


FIG. 18B

COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name, the information given herein is true, that I believe I am the original, first and sole (if only one name is listed below) or an or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the inventor entitled: CLONED GENOMES OF INFECTIOUS HEPATITIS CVIRUSES AND USES THEREOF

which is described in:	PCT International Application No.	filed
the attached application or	[X] the specification in application Serial No.	09/014,4 16 filed January 27, 1998
[] the attached application of	(if applicable) and amended on	

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56 (a).

[i] I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35 United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or full inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign applications(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any hip PCT international applications(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the size same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed.

COUNTRY	APPLICATION	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 35 USC § 119
			[] Yes [] No
		T	[] Yes [] No
			[] Yes [] No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT International application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and isosfar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

Application Serial No.	Filing Date	Status: patented, pending, abandoned

18

12 12

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code §119(e) of any United States Provisional patent application(s).

Provisional Application Serial No.	Filing Date	Status: patented, pending, abandoned				
60/053,062	18 July 1997	Pending				
	_					

I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecure this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith:

James C. Haight, Reg. No. 25,588; Robert Benson, Reg. No. 33,612; Jack Spiegel, Reg. No. 34,477; Susan S. Rucker, Reg. No. 35,762; David R. Sadowski, Reg. No. 32,808; Steven M. Ferguson, Reg. No. 38,448; Stephen L. Finley, Reg. No. 36,357; and John P. Kim, Reg. No. 38,514 all of the Office of Technology Transfer, National Institutes of Health, Box 13, 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

I further direct that all correspondence concerning this application be directed to:

Patent Branch Office of Technology Transfer National Institutes of Health Box 13 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325 Rockville, MD 20852 Telephone: (301) 496-7056 Fax: (301) 402-0220

環 I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Full Name of first joint inventor: Masayuki Yanagi	
Inventor's signature:	Date: 3/19/98
Country of Citizenship: Japan	
Residence: 257 Congressional Lane, #402, Rockville, Maryland 20852, U.S.A.	
Post Office Address: 257 Congressional Lane, #402, Rockville, Maryland 20852, U.S.	A

Full Name of second joint inventor: <u>Jens Bukh</u>
Inventor's signature: Alas Marchin Date: 3/19/98
Country of Citizenship Denmark
Residence: 7 Center Drive, MSC 0740, Bethesda, Maryland 20892, U.S.A.
Post Office Address: 7 Center Drive, MSC 0740, Bethesda, Maryland 20892, U.S.A.
Full Name of third joint inventor: Suzanne U. Emerson
Inventor's signature: Stegano U. Energy Date: 3/18/80
Country of Citizenship: United States of America
Residence: 18201 Woodcrest Drive, Rockville, Maryland 20852, U.S.A.
Post Office Address: 18201 Woodcrest Drive Rockville, Maryland 20852, U.S.A.
Full Name of fourth joint inventor: Robert H. Purcell
Inventor's signature: Polart Weell Date: 3/9/98
Country of Citizenship: United States of America
Residence: 17517 White Grounds Road, Boyds, Maryland 20841, U.S.A.
Post Office Address: 17517 White Grounds Road, Boyds, Maryland 20841, U.S.A.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Yanagi, Masayuki Emerson, Susanne U. Purcell, Robert H. Bukh, Jens

<120> CLONED GENOMES OF INFECTIOUS HEPATITIS C VIRUSES AND USES THEREOF

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<151> 1997-07-18

<150> US 09/014,416

<151> 1998-01-27

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Gly Val Tyr Leu Leu Pro Arg Arg Gly Pro Arg Leu Gly Val Arg Ala 35 40 45

Thr Arg Lys Thr Ser Glu Arg Ser Gln Pro Arg Gly Arg Arg Gln Pro $50 \ \ 55 \ \ 60$

Ile Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Pro Glu Gly Arg Thr Trp Ala Gln Pro Gly 65 70 75 80

Tyr Pro Trp Pro Leu Tyr Gly Asn Glu Gly Cys Gly Trp Ala Gly Trp
85 90 95

Leu	Leu	Ser	Pro	Arg	Gly	Ser	Arg	Pro 105	Ser	Trp	Gly	Pro	Thr	Asp	Pro
Arg	Arg	Arg 115	Ser	Arg	Asn	Leu	Gly 120	Lys	Val	Ile	Asp	Thr 125	Leu	Thr	Cys

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- Gly Val Asn Tyr Ala Thr Gly Asn Leu Pro Gly Cys Ser Phe Ser Ile $165 \hspace{1.5cm} 170 \hspace{1.5cm} 175 \hspace{1.5cm}$
- Phe Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Cys Leu Thr Val Pro Ala Ser Ala Tyr 180 185 190
- Gln Val Arg Asn Ser Ser Gly Leu Tyr His Val Thr Asn Asp Cys Pro
- Asn Ser Ser Ile Val Tyr Glu Ala Ala Asp Ala Ile Leu His Thr Pro 210 215 220
- Gly Cys Val Pro Cys Val Arg Glu Gly Asn Ala Ser Arg Cys Trp Val 225 230 235 240
- Ala Val Thr Pro Thr Val Ala Thr Arg Asp Gly Lys Leu Pro Thr Thr 245 250 255
- Gln Leu Arg Arg His Ile Asp Leu Leu Val Gly Ser Ala Thr Leu Cys \$260\$
- Ser Ala Leu Tyr Val Gly Asp Leu Cys Gly Ser Val Phe Leu Val Gly 275 280 285
- Gln Leu Phe Thr Phe Ser Pro Arg Arg His Trp Thr Thr Gln Asp Cys \$290\$ \$295\$ 300
- Asn Cys Ser Ile Tyr Pro Gly His Ile Thr Gly His Arg Met Ala Trp 305 \$310\$
- Asp Met Met Met Asn Trp Ser Pro Thr Ala Ala Leu Val Val Ala Gln 325 330 335
- Leu Leu Arg Ile Pro Gln Ala Ile Met Asp Met Ile Ala Gly Ala His 340 345 350

- Trp Gly Val Leu Ala Gly Ile Ala Tyr Phe Ser Met Val Gly Asn Trp \$355\$
- Ala Lys Val Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly Val Asp Ala Glu 370 375 380
- Thr His Val Thr Gly Gly Asn Ala Gly Arg Thr Thr Ala Gly Leu Val 385 390 395 400
- Gly Leu Thr Pro Gly Ala Lys Gln Asn Ile Gln Leu Ile Asn Thr 405 410 415
- Asn Gly Ser Trp His Ile Asn Ser Thr Ala Leu Asn Cys Asn Glu Ser 420 425 430
- Leu Asn Thr Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Phe Tyr Gln His Lys Phe Asn 435 440 445
- Ser Ser Gly Cys Pro Glu Arg Leu Ala Ser Cys Arg Arg Leu Thr Asp 450 455 460
- Phe Ala Gln Gly Trp Gly Pro Ile Ser Tyr Ala Asn Gly Ser Gly Leu 465 470 475 480
- Asp Glu Arg Pro Tyr Cys Trp His Tyr Pro Pro Arg Pro Cys Gly Ile 485 490 495
- Val Pro Ala Lys Ser Val Cys Gly Pro Val Tyr Cys Phe Thr Pro Ser 500 505 510
- Pro Val Val Val Gly Thr Thr Asp Arg Ser Gly Ala Pro Thr Tyr Ser 515 520 525
- Trp Gly Ala Asn Asp Thr Asp Val Phe Val Leu Asn Asn Thr Arg Pro 530 535 540
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- Val Asp Tyr Pro Tyr Arg Leu Trp His Tyr Pro Cys Thr Ile Asn Tyr 610 615 620
- Thr Ile Phe Lys Val Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Gly Val Glu His Arg Leu 625 630 635 640
- Glu Ala Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Gly Glu Arg Cys Asp Leu Glu Asp 645 650 655
- Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Ser Thr Thr Gln Trp 660 665 670
- Gln Val Leu Pro Cys Ser Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Ser Thr Gly
 675 680 685
- Leu Ile His Leu His Gln Asn Ile Val Asp Val Gln Tyr Leu Tyr Gly
 690 700
- Val Gly Ser Ser Ile Ala Ser Trp Ala Ile Lys Trp Glu Tyr Val Val 705 710 715 720
- Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg Val Cys Ser Cys Leu Trp $725 \hspace{1.5cm} 730 \hspace{1.5cm} 735 \hspace{1.5cm}$
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- Ser Cys Gly Gly Val Val Leu Val Gly Leu Met Ala Leu Thr Leu Ser 820 825 830
- Pro Tyr Tyr Lys Arg Tyr Ile Ser Trp Cys Met Trp Trp Leu Gln Tyr 835 840 845
- Phe Leu Thr Arg Val Glu Ala Gln Leu His Val Trp Val Pro Pro Leu 850 855 860

Asn 865	Val	Arg	Gly	Gly	Arg 870	Asp	Ala	Val	Ile	Leu 875	Leu	Met	Cys	Val	Val 880
His	Pro	Thr	Leu	Val 885	Phe	Asp	Ile	Thr	Lys 890	Leu	Leu	Leu	Ala	Ile 895	Phe
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Val	Arg	Val 9 1 5	Gln	Gly	Leu	Leu	Arg 920	Ile	Cys	Ala	Leu	Ala 925	Arg	Lys	Ile
Ala	Gly 930	Gly	His	Tyr	Val	Gln 935	Met	Ala	Ile	Ile	Lys 940	Leu	Gly	Ala	Leu
Thr 945	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Val	Tyr 950	Asn	His	Leu	Thr	Pro 955	Leu	Arg	Asp	Trp	Ala 960
His	Asn	Gly	Leu	Arg 965	Asp	Leu	Ala	Val	Ala 970	Val	Glu	Pro	Val	Val 975	Phe
Ser	Arg	Met	Glu 980	Thr	Lys	Leu	Ile	Thr 985	Trp	Gly	Ala	Asp	Thr 990	Ala	Ala
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Cys		Asn 1075	Gly	· Val	Cys	Trp	Thr 1080		Tyr	His	Gly	Ala 1085		Thr	Arg

Thr Ile Ala Ser Pro Lys Gly Pro Val Ile Gln Met Tyr Thr Asn Val
1090 1095 1100

Asp Gln Asp Leu Val Gly Trp Pro Ala Pro Gln Gly Ser Arg Ser Leu 1105 1110 1115 1120

Thr	Pro	Сув		Cys 1125	Gly	Ser	Ser		Leu L130	Tyr	Leu	Val		Arg 135	His
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Cys 118		Arg	Gly		Ala 1190	Lys	Ala	Val	Asp	Phe 1195	Ile	Pro	Val		Asn L200
Leu	Gly	Thr		Met 1205	Arg	Ser	Pro		Phe 1210	Thr	Asp	Asn		Ser 1215	Pro
Pro	Ala		Pro 1220	Gln	Ser	Phe		Val 1225	Ala	His	Leu		Ala 1230	Pro	Thr
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Ile	Ile	Cys		Glu	Сув	His	Ser 1320		Asp	Ala	Thr	Ser 1325		Leu	Gly
Ile	Gl ₃ 1330		Val	Leu	-	Gln 1335		Glu	Thr	Ala	Gly 1340		Arg	Leu	Val

Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Thr Pro Pro Gly Ser Val Thr Val Ser His Pro

Asn Ile Glu Glu Val Ala Leu Ser Thr Thr Gly Glu Ile Pro Phe Tyr

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- Phe Cys His Ser Lys Lys Lys Cys Asp Glu Leu Ala Ala Lys Leu Val 1395 1400 1405
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- Asp His Leu Glu Phe Trp Glu Gly Val Phe Thr Gly Leu Thr His Ile 1555 1560 1565
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- Tyr Leu Val Ala Tyr Gln Ala Thr Val Cys Ala Arg Ala Gln Ala Pro 1585 1590 1595 1600
- Pro Pro Ser Trp Asp Gln Met Trp Lys Cys Leu Ile Arg Leu Lys Pro
- Thr Leu His Gly Pro Thr Pro Leu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Gly Ala Val Gln 1620 1625 1630

- Asn Glu Val Thr Leu Thr His Pro Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ile Met Thr Cys 1635 1640 1645
- Met Ser Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Val Thr Ser Thr Trp Val Leu Val Gly
 1650 1660
- Gly Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Cys Leu Ser Thr Gly Cys Val 1665 1670 1675 1680
- Val Ile Val Gly Arg Ile Val Leu Ser Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ile Pro 1685 1690 1695
- Asp Arg Glu Val Leu Tyr Gln Glu Phe Asp Glu Met Glu Glu Cys Ser
- Gln His Leu Pro Tyr Ile Glu Gln Gly Met Met Leu Ala Glu Gln Phe 1715 1720 1725
- Lys Gln Lys Ala Leu Gly Leu Ceu Gln Thr Ala Ser Arg His Ala Glu 1730 1735 1740
- Val Ile Thr Pro Ala Val Gln Thr Asn Trp Gln Lys Leu Glu Val Phe 1745 1750 1755 1760
- Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe Ile Ser Gly Ile Gln Tyr Leu Ala 1765 1770 1775
- Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu Met Ala 1780 1785 1790
- Phe Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Gly Gln Thr Leu Leu 1795 1800 1805
- Phe Asn Ile Leu Gly Gly Trp Val Ala Ala Gln Leu Ala Ala Pro Gly 1810 1815 1820
- Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Val Gly Ala Gly Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala Ile Gly 1825 1830 1835 1840
- Ser Val Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu Val Asp Ile Leu Ala Gly Tyr Gly 1845 1850 1855
- Ala Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Leu Val Ala Phe Lys Ile Met Ser Gly Glu 1860 1865 1870
- Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Leu Ser

- Pro Gly Ala Leu Val Val Gly Val Val Cys Ala Ala Ile Leu Arg Arg 1890 1895 1900
- His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg Leu Ile 1905 1910 1915 1920
- Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His Val Ser Pro Thr His Tyr Val Pro 1925 1930 1935
- Glu Ser Asp Ala Ala Ala Arg Val Thr Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr
- Val Thr Gln Leu Leu Arg Arg Leu His Gln Trp Ile Ser Ser Glu Cys 1955 1960 1965
- Thr Thr Pro Cys Ser Gly Ser Trp Leu Arg Asp Ile Trp Asp Trp Ile 1970 1975 1980
- Cys Glu Val Leu Ser Asp Phe Lys Thr Trp Leu Lys Ala Lys Leu Met 1985 1990 1995 2000
- Pro Gln Leu Pro Gly Ile Pro Phe Val Ser Cys Gln Arg Gly Tyr Arg 2005 2010 2015
- Gly Val Trp Arg Gly Asp Gly Ile Met His Thr Arg Cys His Cys Gly
 2020 2025 2030
- Ala Glu Ile Thr Gly His Val Lys Asn Gly Thr Met Arg Ile Val Gly
 2035 2040 2045
- Pro Arg Thr Cys Arg Asn Met Trp Ser Gly Thr Phe Pro Ile Asn Ala 2050 2055 2060
- Tyr Thr Thr Gly Pro Cys Thr Pro Leu Pro Ala Pro Asn Tyr Lys Phe 2065 2070 2075 2080
- Ala Leu Trp Arg Val Ser Ala Glu Glu Tyr Val Glu Ile Arg Arg Val
 2085 2090 2095
- Gly Asp Phe His Tyr Val Ser Gly Met Thr Thr Asp Asn Leu Lys Cys 2100 2105 2110
- Pro Cys Gln Ile Pro Ser Pro Glu Phe Phe Thr Glu Leu Asp Gly Val
- Arg Leu His Arg Phe Ala Pro Pro Cys Lys Pro Leu Leu Arg Glu Glu 2130 2135 2140

Val 2145		Phe	Arg	Val 2	Gly	Leu	His	Glu		Pro	Val	Gly	Ser		Leu 160
Pro	Cys	Glu		Glu 2165	Pro	Asp	Val		Val	Leu	Thr	Ser		Leu 2175	Thr
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	Ser 2210	Leu	Lys	Ala		Cys 2215	Thr	Ala	Asn		Asp 2220	Ser	Pro	Asp	Ala
Glu 2225		Ile	Glu	Ala	Asn 2230	Leu	Leu	Trp		Gln 2235	Glu	Met	Gly		Asn 2240
Ile	Thr	Arg		Glu 2245	Ser	Glu	Asn		Val 2250	Val	Ile	Leu		Ser 2255	Phe
Asp	Pro		Val 2260	Ala	Glu	Glu		Glu 2265	Arg	Glu	Val		Val 2270	Pro	Ala
Glu		Leu 2275	Arg	Lys	Ser		Arg 2280	Phe	Ala	Arg		Leu 2285	Pro	Val	Trp
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Asp 230	-	Glu	Pro	Pro	Val 2310		His	Gly		Pro 2315	Leu	Pro	Pro		Arg 2320
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Glu	Ser		Leu 2340	Ser	Thr	Ala		Ala 2345		Leu	Ala		Lys 2350		Phe
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Tyr Ser Ser Met Pro Pro Leu Glu Gly Glu Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Leu

Ser Asp Gly Ser Trp Ser Thr Val Ser Ser Gly Ala Asp Thr Glu Asp \$2405\$ \$2410\$ \$2415\$

Val Val Cys Cys Ser Met Ser Tyr Ser Trp Thr Gly Ala Leu Val Thr 2420 2425 2430

Pro Cys Ala Ala Glu Glu Gln Lys Leu Pro Ile Asn Ala Leu Ser Asn 2435 2440 2445

Ser Leu Leu Arg His His Asn Leu Val Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Arg Ser 2450 2455 2460

Ala Cys Gln Arg Gln Lys Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Arg Leu Gln Val Leu 2465 2470 2475 2480

Asp Ser His Tyr Gln Asp Val Leu Lys Glu Val Lys Ala Ala Ala Ser \$2490\$

Lys Val Lys Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Val Glu Glu Ala Cys Ser Leu Thr 2500 2505 2510

Pro Pro His Ser Ala Lys Ser Lys Phe Gly Tyr Gly Ala Lys Asp Val 2515 2520 2525

Arg Cys His Ala Arg Lys Ala Val Ala His Ile Asn Ser Val Trp Lys 2530 2535 2540

Asp Leu Leu Glu Asp Ser Val Thr Pro Ile Asp Thr Thr Ile Met Ala 2545 2550 2555 2560

Lys Asn Glu Val Phe Cys Val Gln Pro Glu Lys Gly Gly Arg Lys Pro \$2565\$ \$2570\$

Ala Arg Leu Ile Val Phe Pro Asp Leu Gly Val Arg Val Cys Glu Lys \$2580\$ \$2585\$ \$2590

Met Ala Leu Tyr Asp Val Val Ser Lys Leu Pro Leu Ala Val Met Gly
2595 2600 2605

Ser Ser Tyr Gly Phe Gln Tyr Ser Pro Gly Gln Arg Val Glu Phe Leu 2610 2615 2620

Val Gln Ala Trp Lys Ser Lys Lys Thr Pro Met Gly Phe Ser Tyr Asp 2625 2630 2635 2640

Thr Arg Cys Phe Asp Ser Thr Val Thr Glu Ser Asp Ile Arg Thr Glu

- Glu Ala Ile Tyr Gln Cys Cys Asp Leu Asp Pro Gln Ala Arg Val Ala $2660 \hspace{1.5cm} 2665 \hspace{1.5cm} 2670$
- Ile Lys Ser Leu Thr Glu Arg Leu Tyr Val Gly Gly Pro Leu Thr Asn \$2675\$
- Ser Arg Gly Glu Asn Cys Gly Tyr Arg Arg Cys Arg Ala Ser Gly Val 2690 2695 2700
- Leu Thr Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Thr Leu Thr Cys Tyr Ile Lys Ala Arg 2705 2710 2715 2720
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- Pro Pro Gly Asp Pro Pro Gln Pro Glu Tyr Asp Leu Glu Leu Ile Thr 2770 2775 2780
- Ser Cys Ser Ser Asn Val Ser Val Ala His Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Arg 2785 2790 2795 2800
- Val Tyr Tyr Leu Thr Arg Asp Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala 2805 2810 2815
- Trp Glu Thr Ala Arg His Thr Pro Val Asn Ser Trp Leu Gly Asn Ile 2820 2825 2830
- Ile Met Phe Ala Pro Thr Leu Trp Ala Arg Met Ile Leu Met Thr His \$2835\$ \$2840\$ \$2845\$
- Phe Phe Ser Val Leu Ile Ala Arg Asp Gln Leu Glu Gln Ala Leu Asn 2850 2855 2860
- Cys Glu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Cys Tyr Ser Ile Glu Pro Leu Asp Leu Pro 2865 2870 2875 2880
- Pro Ile Ile Gln Arg Leu His Gly Leu Ser Ala Phe Ser Leu His Ser 2885 2890 2895
- Tyr Ser Pro Gly Glu Ile Asn Arg Val Ala Ala Cys Leu Arg Lys Leu 2900 2905 2910

Gly Val Pro Pro Leu Arg Ala Trp Arg His Arg Ala Arg Ser Val Arg 2915 2920 2925

Ala Arg Leu Leu Ser Arg Gly Gly Arg Ala Ala Ile Cys Gly Lys Tyr 2930 2935 2940

Leu Phe Asn Trp Ala Val Arg Thr Lys Leu Lys Leu Thr Pro Ile Ala 2945 2950 2955 2960

Ala Ala Gly Arg Leu Asp Leu Ser Gly Trp Phe Thr Ala Gly Tyr Ser 2965 2970 2975

Gly Gly Asp Ile Tyr His Ser Val Ser His Ala Arg Pro Arg Trp Phe 2980 2985 2990

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Pro Asn Arg 3010

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Glu Asp 160 145 150 Gly Val Asn Tyr Ala Thr Gly Asn Leu Pro Gly Cys Ser Phe Ser Ile 175 165 170 Phe Leu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Cys Leu Thr Ile Pro Ala Ser Ala Tyr 190 180 185 Glu Val Arg Asn Val Ser Gly Ile Tyr His Val Thr Asn Asp Cys Ser

Glu Val Arg Asn Val Ser Gly Ile Tyr His Val Thr Asn Asp Cys Se 195 200 205

As n Ser Ser Ile Val Tyr Glu Ala Ala Asp Val Ile Met His Thr Pro 210 215 220

Gly Cys Val Pro Cys Val Gln Glu Gly Asn Ser Ser Arg Cys Trp Val

Ala Leu Thr Pro Thr Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ala Ser Val Pro Thr Thr

Thr Ile Arg Arg His Val Asp Leu Leu Val Gly Thr Ala Ala Phe Cys 260 265 270

Ser Ala Met Tyr Val Gly Asp Leu Cys Gly Ser Ile Phe Leu Val Ser 275 280 285

Gln Leu Phe Thr Phe Ser Pro Arg Arg His Glu Thr Val Gln Asp Cys

Asn Cys Ser Ile Tyr Pro Gly His Val Ser Gly His Arg Met Ala Trp 305 \$310\$ \$315\$ \$320

Asp Met Met Met Asn Trp Ser Pro Thr Thr Ala Leu Val Val Ser Gln

Leu Leu Arg Ile Pro Gln Ala Val Val Asp Met Val Ala Gly Ala His 340 345 350

Trp Gly Val Leu Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Tyr Ser Met Val Gly Asn Trp \$355\$ \$360\$ \$365

Ala Lys Val Leu Ile Val Ala Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly Val Asp Gly Glu 370 375 380

Thr His Thr Thr Gly Arg Val Ala Gly His Thr Thr Ser Gly Phe Thr 385 390 395 400

Ser Leu Phe Ser Ser Gly Ala Ser Gln Lys Ile Gln Leu Val Asn Thr \$405\$

Asn Gly Ser Trp His Ile Asn Arg Thr Ala Leu Asn Cys Asn Asp Ser 420 425 430

Leu Gln Thr Gly Phe Phe Ala Ala Leu Phe Tyr Ala His Lys Phe Asn 435 440 445

Ser Ser Gly Cys Pro Glu Arg Met Ala Ser Cys Arg Pro Ile Asp Trp \$450\$

Phe Ala Gln Gly Trp Gly Pro Ile Thr Tyr Thr Lys Pro Asn Ser Ser 465 470 475 480

Asp Gln Arg Pro Tyr Cys Trp His Tyr Ala Pro Arg Pro Cys Gly Val

Val Pro Ala Ser Gln Val Cys Gly Pro Val Tyr Cys Phe Thr Pro Ser 500 505 510

Pro Val Val Gly Thr Thr Asp Arg Ser Gly Val Pro Thr Tyr Ser 515 520 525

Trp Gly Glu Asn Glu Thr Asp Val Met Leu Leu Asn Asn Thr Arg Pro

Pro Gln Gly Asn Trp Phe Gly Cys Thr Trp Met Asn Ser Thr Gly Phe 545 550 555 560

Thr Lys Thr Cys Gly Gly Pro Pro Cys Asn Ile Gly Gly Val Gly Asn 565 570 575

Arg Thr Leu Ile Cys Pro Thr Asp Cys Phe Arg Lys His Pro Glu Ala

Thr Tyr Thr Lys Cys Gly Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Thr Pro Arg Cys Leu 595 600 605

Val Asp Tyr Pro Tyr Arg Leu Trp His Tyr Pro Cys Thr Leu Asn Phe 610 620

Ser Ile Phe Lys Val Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Gly Val Glu His Arg Leu 625 630 635 640

Asn Ala Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Glu Arg Cys Asn Leu Glu Asp 645 650 655

Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Leu Ser Thr Thr Glu Trp

Gln Ile Leu Pro Cys Ala Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Ser Thr Gly 675 680 685

Leu Ile His Leu His Gln Asn Ile Val Asp Val Gln Tyr Leu Tyr Gly
690 695 700

Val Gly Ser Ala Phe Val Ser Phe Ala Ile Lys Trp Glu Tyr Ile Leu 705 710 715 720

Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg Val Cys Ala Cys Leu Trp 725 730 735

Met Met Leu Leu Ile Ala Gln Ala Glu Ala Ala Leu Glu Asn Leu Val

- Val Leu Asn Ala Ala Ser Val Ala Gly Ala His Gly Ile Leu Ser Phe
- Leu Val Phe Phe Cys Ala Ala Trp Tyr Ile Lys Gly Arg Leu Ala Pro
- Gly Ala Ala Tyr Ala Phe Tyr Gly Val Trp Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu
- Leu Ala Leu Pro Pro Arg Ala Tyr Ala Leu Asp Arg Glu Met Ala Ala
- Ser Cys Gly Gly Ala Val Leu Val Gly Leu Val Phe Leu Thr Leu Ser
- Pro Tyr Tyr Lys Val Phe Leu Thr Arg Leu Ile Trp Trp Leu Gln Tyr
- Phe Ile Thr Arg Ala Glu Ala His Met Gln Val Trp Val Pro Pro Leu
- Asn Val Arg Gly Gly Arg Asp Ala Ile Ile Leu Leu Thr Cys Ala Val
- His Pro Glu Leu Ile Phe Asp Ile Thr Lys Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Leu
- Gly Pro Leu Met Val Leu Gln Ala Gly Ile Thr Arg Val Pro Tyr Phe
- Val Arg Ala Gln Gly Leu Ile Arg Ala Cys Met Leu Val Arg Lys Val
- Ala Gly Gly His Tyr Val Gln Met Val Phe Met Lys Leu Gly Ala Leu
- Thr Gly Thr Tyr Val Tyr Asn His Leu Thr Pro Leu Arg Asp Trp Ala
- His Ala Gly Leu Arg Asp Leu Ala Val Ala Val Glu Pro Val Val Phe
- Ser Ala Met Glu Thr Lys Val Ile Thr Trp Gly Ala Asp Thr Ala Ala
- Cys Gly Asp Ile Ile Leu Gly Leu Pro Val Ser Ala Arg Arg Gly Lys

995 1000 1005

Glu Ile Phe Leu Gly Pro Ala Asp Ser Leu Glu Gly Gln Gly Trp Arg 1010 1015 1020

Leu Leu Ala Pro Ile Thr Ala Tyr Ser Gln Gln Thr Arg Gly Val Leu 1025 1030 1035 1040

Gly Cys Ile Ile Thr Ser Leu Thr Gly Arg Asp Lys Asn Gln Val Glu 1045 1050 1055

Gly Glu Val Gln Val Val Ser Thr Ala Thr Gln Ser Phe Leu Ala Thr

Cys Ile Asn Gly Val Cys Trp Thr Val Tyr His Gly Ala Gly Ser Lys 1075 1080 1085

Thr Leu Ala Gly Pro Lys Gly Pro Ile Thr Gln Met Tyr Thr Asn Val

Asp Leu Asp Leu Val Gly Trp Gln Ala Pro Pro Gly Ala Arg Ser Met 1105 1110 1115 1120

Thr Pro Cys Ser Cys Gly Ser Ser Asp Leu Tyr Leu Val Thr Arg His 1125 1130 1135

Ala Asp Val Ile Pro Val Arg Arg Arg Gly Asp Ser Arg Gly Ser Leu 1140 1145 1150

Leu Ser Pro Arg Pro Val Ser Tyr Leu Lys Gly Ser Ser Gly Gly Pro 1155 1160 1165

Leu Leu Cys Pro Ser Gly His Val Val Gly Val Phe Arg Ala Ala Val 1170 1175 1180

Cys Thr Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Ala Val Asp Phe Ile Pro Val Glu Ser 1185 1190 1195 1200

Met Glu Thr Thr Met Arg Ser Pro Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Ser Thr Pro 1205 1210 1215

Pro Ala Val Pro Gln Thr Phe Gln Val Ala His Leu His Ala Pro Thr \$1220\$ \$1225\$ \$1230\$

Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Thr Lys Val Pro Ala Ala Tyr Ala Ala Gln Gly 1235 1240 1245

Tyr Lys Val Leu Val Leu Asn Pro Ser Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Gly Phe

1250 1255 1260

Gly Ala Tyr Met Ser Lys Ala His Gly Ile Asp Pro Asn Ile Arg Thr 1265 1270 1275 1280

- Gly Val Arg Thr Ile Thr Thr Gly Gly Ser Ile Thr Tyr Ser Thr Tyr 1285 1290 1295
- Gly Lys Phe Leu Ala Asp Gly Gly Cys Ser Gly Gly Ala Tyr Asp Ile 1300 1305 1310
- Ile Ile Cys Asp Glu Cys His Ser Thr Asp Ser Thr Thr Ile Leu Gly
- Ile Gly Thr Val Leu Asp Gln Ala Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Arg Leu Val
- Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Thr Pro Pro Gly Ser Val Thr Val Pro His Pro 1345 1350 1355 1360
- Asn Ile Glu Glu Ile Gly Leu Ser Asn Asn Gly Glu Ile Pro Phe Tyr 1365 1370 1375
- Gly Lys Ala Ile Pro Ile Glu Ala Ile Lys Gly Gly Arg His Leu Ile 1380 1385 1390
- Phe Cys His Ser Lys Lys Lys Cys Asp Glu Leu Ala Ala Lys Leu Thr 1395 1400 1405
- Gly Leu Gly Leu Asn Ala Val Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asp Val Ser 1410 1425 1420
- Val Ile Pro Pro Ile Gly Asp Val Val Val Val Ala Thr Asp Ala Leu 1425 1430 1435 1440
- Met Thr Gly Phe Thr Gly Asp Phe Asp Ser Val Ile Asp Cys Asn Thr 1445 1450 1455
- Cys Val Thr Gln Thr Val Asp Phe Ser Leu Asp Pro Thr Phe Thr Ile 1460 1465 1470
- Glu Thr Thr Thr Val Pro Gln Asp Ala Val Ser Arg Ser Gln Arg Arg 1475 1480 1485
- Gly Arg Thr Gly Arg Gly Arg Ser Gly Ile Tyr Arg Phe Val Thr Pro $1490 \hspace{1cm} 1495 \hspace{1cm} 1500$
- Gly Glu Arg Pro Ser Gly Met Phe Asp Ser Ser Val Leu Cys Glu Cys

1510

Tyr Asp Ala Gly Cys Ala Trp Tyr Glu Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Thr Ser

Val Arg Leu Arg Ala Tyr Leu Asn Thr Pro Gly Leu Pro Val Cys Gln 1540 1545 1550

Asp His Leu Glu Phe Trp Glu Ser Val Phe Thr Gly Leu Thr His Ile 1555 \$1560\$

Asp Ala His Phe Leu Ser Gln Thr Lys Gln Ala Gly Asp Asn Phe Pro 1570 1580

Tyr Leu Val Ala Tyr Gln Ala Thr Val Cys Ala Arg Ala Gln Ala Pro 1585 1590 1595 1600

Pro Pro Ser Trp Asp Gln Met Trp Lys Cys Leu Ile Arg Leu Lys Pro $1605 \hspace{1.5cm} 1610 \hspace{1.5cm} 1615$

Thr Leu His Gly Pro Thr Pro Leu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Gly Ala Val Gln $1620 \hspace{1.5cm} 1625 \hspace{1.5cm} 1630 \hspace{1.5cm} .$

As Glu Val Ile Leu Thr His Pro Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ile Met Ala Cys $1635 \hspace{1.5cm} 1640 \hspace{1.5cm} 1645$

Met Ser Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Val Thr Ser Thr Trp Val Leu Val Gly 1650 1655 1660

Gly Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Cys Leu Thr Thr Gly Ser Val 1665 \$1670\$ 1675 \$1680\$

Val Ile Val Gly Arg Ile Ile Leu Ser Gly Lys Pro Ala Val Val Pro 1685 1690 1695

Asp Arg Glu Val Leu Tyr Gln Glu Phe Asp Glu Met Glu Glu Cys Ala 1700 1705 1710

Ser Gln Leu Pro Tyr Ile Glu Gln Gly Met Gln Leu Ala Glu Gln Phe 1715 1720 1725

Lys Gln Lys Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu Gln Thr Ala Thr Lys Gln Ala Glu 1730 1735 1740

Ala Ala Ala Pro Val Val Glu Ser Lys Trp Arg Ala Leu Glu Thr Phe 1745 1750 1755 1760

Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe Ile Ser Gly Ile Gln Tyr Leu Ala

10

Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu Met Ala 1780 1785 1790

Phe Thr Ala Ser Ile Thr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Gln Asn Thr Leu Leu 1795 1800 1805

Phe Asn Ile Leu Gly Gly Trp Val Ala Ala Gln Leu Ala Pro Pro Ser 1810 1815 1820

Ala Ala Ser Ala Phe Val Gly Ala Gly Ile Ala Gly Ala Ala Val Gly 1825 1830 1835 1840

Ser Ile Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu Val Asp Ile Leu Ala Gly Tyr Gly \$1845\$

Ala Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Leu Val Ala Phe Lys Val Met Ser Gly Glu 1860 1865 1870

Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Leu Ser 1875 1880 1885

Pro Gly Ala Leu Val Val Gly Val Cys Ala Ala Ile Leu Arg Arg 1890 1895 1900

His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg Leu Ile 1905 1910 1915 1920

Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His Val Ser Pro Thr His Tyr Val Pro 1925 1930 1935

Glu Ser Asp Ala Ala Ala Arg Val Thr Gln Ile Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr \$1940\$ \$1945\$ \$1950

Ile Thr Gln Leu Leu Lys Arg Leu His Gln Trp Ile Asn Glu Asp Cys 1955 1960 1965

Ser Thr Pro Cys Ser Gly Ser Trp Leu Arg Asp Val Trp Asp Trp Ile 1970 1975 1980

Cys Thr Val Leu Thr Asp Phe Lys Thr Trp Leu Gln Ser Lys Leu Leu 1985 1990 1995 2000

Pro Arg Leu Pro Gly Val Pro Phe Leu Ser Cys Gln Arg Gly Tyr Lys \$2005\$ \$2010\$ \$2015

Gly Val Trp Arg Gly Asp Gly Ile Met Gln Thr Thr Cys Pro Cys Gly

Ala Gln Ile Ala Gly His Val Lys Asn Gly Ser Met Arg Ile Val Gly 2035 \$2040\$

Pro Arg Thr Cys Ser Asn Thr Trp His Gly Thr Phe Pro Ile Asn Ala 2050 2055 2060

Tyr Thr Thr Gly Pro Cys Thr Pro Ser Pro Ala Pro Asn Tyr Ser Arg 2065 2070 2075 2080

Ala Leu Trp Arg Val Ala Ala Glu Glu Tyr Val Glu Val Thr Arg Val
2085 2090 2095

Gly Asp Phe His Tyr Val Thr Gly Met Thr Thr Asp Asn Val Lys Cys \$2100\$

Pro Cys Gln Val Pro Ala Pro Glu Phe Phe Thr Glu Val Asp Gly Val 2115 2120 2125

Arg Leu His Arg Tyr Ala Pro Ala Cys Lys Pro Leu Leu Arg Glu Asp 2130 2135 2140

Val Thr Phe Gln Val Gly Leu Asn Gln Tyr Leu Val Gly Ser Gln Leu 2145 2150 2155 2160

Pro Cys Glu Pro Glu Pro Asp Val Thr Val Leu Thr Ser Met Leu Thr 2165 2170 2175

Asp Pro Ser His Ile Thr Ala Glu Thr Ala Lys Arg Arg Leu Ala Arg 2180 2185 2190

Gly Ser Pro Pro Ser Leu Ala Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Gln Leu Ser Ala 2195 2200 2205

Pro Ser Leu Lys Ala Thr Cys Thr Thr His His Asp Ser Pro Asp Ala 2210 2215 2220

Asp Leu Ile Glu Ala Asn Leu Leu Trp Arg Gln Glu Met Gly Gly Asn 2225 2230 2235 2240

Ile Thr Arg Val Glu Ser Glu Asn Lys Val Val Ile Leu Asp Ser Phe 2245 2250 2255

Glu Pro Leu His Ala Glu Gly Asp Glu Arg Glu Ile Ser Val Ala Ala $2260 \hspace{1.5cm} 2265 \hspace{1.5cm} 2270$

Glu Ile Leu Arg Lys Ser Arg Lys Phe Pro Ser Ala Leu Pro Ile Trp

Ala Arg Pro Asp Tyr Asn Pro Pro Leu Leu Glu Ser Trp Lys Asp Pro
2290 2295 2300

Asp Tyr Val Pro Pro Val Val His Gly Cys Pro Leu Pro Pro Thr Lys 2305 2310 2315 2320

Ala Pro Pro Ile Pro Pro Pro Arg Arg Lys Arg Thr Val Val Leu Thr 2325 2330 2335

Glu Ser Asn Val Ser Ser Ala Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Thr Lys Thr Phe \$2340\$ \$2345\$ \$2350

Gly Ser Ser Gly Ser Ser Ala Val Asp Ser Gly Thr Ala Thr Ala Leu 2355 2360 2365

Pro Asp Leu Ala Ser Asp Asp Gly Asp Lys Gly Ser Asp Val Glu Ser 2370 2375 2380

Tyr Ser Ser Met Pro Pro Leu Glu Glu Glu Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Leu 2385 2390 2395 2400

Ser Asp Gly Ser Trp Ser Thr Val Ser Glu Glu Ala Ser Glu Asp Val $2405 \hspace{1.5cm} 2410 \hspace{1.5cm} 2415$

Val Cys Cys Ser Met Ser Tyr Thr Trp Thr Gly Ala Leu Ile Thr Pro \$2420\$ \$2425\$ \$2430

Cys Ala Ala Glu Glu Ser Lys Leu Pro Ile Asn Pro Leu Ser Asn Ser 2435 2440 2445

Leu Leu Arg His His Asn Met Val Tyr Ala Thr Thr Ser Arg Ser Ala

Ser Leu Arg Gln Lys Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Arg Leu Gln Val Leu Asp 2465 2470 2475 2480

Asp His Tyr Arg Asp Val Leu Lys Glu Met Lys Ala Lys Ala Ser Thr

Val Lys Ala Lys Leu Leu Ser Ile Glu Glu Ala Cys Lys Leu Thr Pro 2500 2505 2510

Pro His Ser Ala Lys Ser Lys Phe Gly Tyr Gly Ala Lys Asp Val Arg 2515 2520 2525

Asn Leu Ser Ser Arg Ala Val Asn His Ile Arg Ser Val Trp Glu Asp

2530 2535 2540

Leu Leu Glu Asp Thr Glu Thr Pro Ile Asp Thr Thr Ile Met Ala Lys 2545 2550 2555 2560

Ser Glu Val Phe Cys Val Gln Pro Glu Lys Gly Gly Arg Lys Pro Ala 2565 2570 2575

Arg Leu Ile Val Phe Pro Asp Leu Gly Val Arg Val Cys Glu Lys Met ${\rm 2580} \hspace{1.5cm} 2585 \hspace{1.5cm} 2590$

Ala Leu Tyr Asp Val Val Ser Thr Leu Pro Gln Ala Val Met Gly Ser

Ser Tyr Gly Phe Gln Tyr Ser Pro Lys Gln Arg Val Glu Phe Leu Val $_{2610}$ $_{2615}$ $_{2620}$

Asn Thr Trp Lys Ser Lys Lys Cys Pro Met Gly Phe Ser Tyr Asp Thr 2625 2630 2635 2640

Arg Cys Phe Asp Ser Thr Val Thr Glu Ser Asp Ile Arg Val Glu Glu $2645 \hspace{1.5cm} 2650 \hspace{1.5cm} 2655$

Ser Ile Tyr Gln Cys Cys Asp Leu Ala Pro Glu Ala Arg Gln Ala Ile $2660 \hspace{1.5cm} 2665 \hspace{1.5cm} \underline{} \hspace{1.5cm} 2670$

Arg Ser Leu Thr Glu Arg Leu Tyr Ile Gly Gly Pro Leu Thr Asn Ser \$2675\$ \$2680\$ \$2685

Lys Gly Gln Asn Cys Gly Tyr Arg Arg Cys Arg Ala Ser Gly Val Leu 2690 2695 2700

Thr Thr Ser Cys Gly Asn Thr Leu Thr Cys Tyr Leu Lys Ala Thr Ala 2705 2710 2715 2720

Ala Cys Arg Ala Ala Lys Leu Gln Asp Cys Thr Met Leu Val Asn Gly
2725 2730 2735

Asp Asp Leu Val Val Ile Cys Glu Ser Ala Gly Thr Gln Glu Asp Ala 2740 2745 2750

Ala Ala Leu Arg Ala Phe Thr Glu Ala Met Thr Arg Tyr Ser Ala Pro 2755 2760 2765

Pro Gly Asp Pro Pro Gln Pro Glu Tyr Asp Leu Glu Leu Ile Thr Ser 2770 2775 2780

Cys Ser Ser Asn Val Ser Val Ala His Asp Ala Ser Gly Lys Arg Val

Tyr Tyr Leu Thr Arg Asp Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala Trp

Glu Thr Ala Arg His Thr Pro Ile Asn Ser Trp Leu Gly Asn Ile Ile

Met Tyr Ala Pro Thr Leu Trp Ala Arg Met Ile Leu Met Thr His Phe

Phe Ser Ile Leu Leu Ala Gln Glu Gln Leu Glu Lys Ala Leu Asp Cys

Gln Ile Tyr Gly Ala Cys Tyr Ser Ile Glu Pro Leu Asp Leu Pro Gln

Ile Ile Glu Arg Leu His Gly Leu Ser Ala Phe Thr Leu His Ser Tyr

Ser Pro Gly Glu Ile Asn Arg Val Ala Ser Cys Leu Arg Lys Leu Gly

Val Pro Pro Leu Arg Thr Trp Arg His Arg Ala Arg Ser Val Arg Ala

Lys Leu Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Arg Ala Ala Thr Cys Gly Arg Tyr Leu

Phe Asn Trp Ala Val Arg Thr Lys Leu Lys Leu Thr Pro Ile Pro Ala

Ala Ser Gln Leu Asp Leu Ser Gly Trp Phe Val Ala Gly Tyr Ser Gly

Gly Asp Ile Tyr His Ser Leu Ser Arg Ala Arg Pro Arg Trp Phe Pro

Leu Cys Leu Leu Leu Ser Val Gly Val Gly Ile Tyr Leu Leu Pro

Asn Arg

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<400> 5

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Arg Arg Pro Gln Asp Val Lys Phe Pro Gly Gly Gly Gln Ile Val Gly $20 \ 25 \ 30$

Gly Val Tyr Leu Leu Pro Arg Arg Gly Pro Arg Leu Gly Val Arg Ala 35 40 45

Thr Arg Lys Ala Ser Glu Arg Ser Gln Pro Arg Gly Arg Arg Gln Pro

Ile Pro Lys Ala Arg Arg Pro Glu Gly Arg Ala Trp Ala Gln Pro Gly 65 70 75 80

Tyr Pro Trp Pro Leu Tyr Gly Asn Glu Gly Leu Gly Trp Ala Gly Trp 85 90 95

Leu Leu Ser Pro Arg Gly Ser Arg Pro Ser Trp Gly Pro Thr Asp Pro
100 105 110

Arg	Arg	Arg 115	Ser	Arg	Asn	Leu	Gly 120	Lys	Val	Ile	Asp	Thr 125	Leu	Thr	Cys
Gly	Phe	Ala	Asp	Leu	Met	Gly 135	Tyr	Ile	Pro	Leu	Val	Gly	Ala	Pro	Leu
Gly 145	Gly	Ala	Ala	Arg	Ala 150	Leu	Ala	His	Gly	Val 155	Arg	Val	Leu	Glu	Asp 160
Gly	Val	Asn	Tyr	Ala 165	Thr	Gly	Asn	Leu	Pro 170	Gly	Cys	Ser	Phe	ser 175	Ile
Phe	Leu	Leu	Ala 180	Leu	Leu	Ser	Cys	Leu 185	Thr	Ile	Pro	Ala	Ser	Ala	Tyr
Glu	Val	Arg	Asn	Val	Ser	Gly	Ile 200	Tyr	His	Val	Thr	Asn 205	Asp	Cys	Ser
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Sei	c Ala	275		val	. Gly	' Asp	Leu 280		G13	/ Sei	r Ile	285		ı Val	. Ser
Gli	1 Let		e Thi	r Phe	e Ser	295		arg	Hi:	s Gli	u Th:		l Glr	ı Asp	Cys

290 295 300

Asn Cys Ser Ile Tyr Pro Gly His Val Ser Gly His Arg Met Ala Trp
305 310 315 320

Asp Met Met Met Asn Trp Ser Pro Thr Thr Ala Leu Val Val Ser Gln \$325\$

Leu Leu Arg Ile Pro Gln Ala Val Val Asp Met Val Ala Gly Ala His $340 \hspace{1cm} 345 \hspace{1cm} 345$

Trp Gly Val Leu Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Tyr Ser Met Val Gly Asn Trp \$355\$ \$360\$ \$365

Ala Lys Val Leu Ile Val Ala Leu Leu Phe Ala Gly Val Asp Gly Glu 370 375 380

Thr His Thr Thr Gly Arg Val Ala Gly His Thr Thr Ser Gly Phe Thr 385 390 395 400

Ser Leu Phe Ser Ser Gly Ala Ser Gln Lys Ile Gln Leu Val Asn Thr 405 410 415

Asn Gly Ser Trp His Ile Asn Arg Thr Ala Leu Asn Cys Asn Asp Ser 420 425 430

Leu Gln Thr Gly Phe Phe Ala Ala Leu Phe Tyr Ala His Lys Phe Asn 435 440 445

Ser Ser Gly Cys Pro Glu Arg Met Ala Ser Cys Arg Pro Ile Asp Trp 450 455 460

Phe Ala Gln Gly Trp Gly Pro Ile Thr Tyr Thr Lys Pro Asn Ser Ser 465 470 475 480

Asp Gln Arg Pro Tyr Cys Trp His Tyr Ala Pro Arg Pro Cys Gly Val $485 \hspace{1.5cm} 490 \hspace{1.5cm} 495$

Val Pro Ala Ser Gln Val Cys Gly Pro Val Tyr Cys Phe Thr Pro Ser 500 505 510

Pro Val Val Val Gly Thr Thr Asp Arg Ser Gly Val Pro Thr Tyr Ser \$515\$

Trp Gly Glu Asn Glu Thr Asp Val Met Leu Leu Asn Asn Thr Arg Pro \$530\$ \$535\$ \$540

Pro Gln Gly Asn Trp Phe Gly Cys Thr Trp Met Asn Ser Thr Gly Phe 545 550 555 560

Thr Lys Thr Cys Gly Gly Pro Pro Cys Asn Ile Gly Gly Val Gly Asn 565 570 575

Arg Thr Leu Ile Cys Pro Thr Asp Cys Phe Arg Lys His Pro Glu Ala

Thr Tyr Thr Lys Cys Gly Ser Gly Pro Trp Leu Thr Pro Arg Cys Leu 595 600 605

Val Asp Tyr Pro Tyr Arg Leu Trp His Tyr Pro Cys Thr Leu Asn Phe 610 615 620

Ser Ile Phe Lys Val Arg Met Tyr Val Gly Gly Val Glu His Arg Leu 625 630 635 640

Asn Ala Ala Cys Asn Trp Thr Arg Glu Arg Cys Asn Leu Glu Asp \$645\$

Arg Asp Arg Ser Glu Leu Ser Pro Leu Leu Leu Ser Thr Thr Glu Trp

Gln Ile Leu Pro Cys Ala Phe Thr Thr Leu Pro Ala Leu Ser Thr Gly 675 680 685

Leu Ile His Leu His Gln Asn Ile Val Asp Val Gln Tyr Leu Tyr Gly 690 695 700

Val Gly Ser Ala Phe Val Ser Phe Ala Ile Lys Trp Glu Tyr Ile Leu 705 710 715 720

Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Ala Asp Ala Arg Val Cys Ala Cys Leu Trp 725 730 735

Met Met Leu Leu Ile Ala Gl
n Ala Glu Ala Ala Leu Glu As
n Leu Val $740 \hspace{1.5cm} 745 \hspace{1.5cm} 750$

Val Leu Asn Ala Ala Ser Val Ala Gly Ala His Gly Ile Leu Ser Phe 755 760 765

Leu Val Phe Phe Cys Ala Ala Trp Tyr Ile Lys Gly Arg Leu Ala Pro

Gly Ala Ala Tyr Ala Phe Tyr Gly Val Trp Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Leu 185 790 795 800

Leu Ala Leu Pro Pro Arg Ala Tyr Ala Leu Asp Thr Glu Val Ala Ala 815 805 810 815

Ser Cys Gly Gly Val Val Leu Val Gly Leu Met Ala Leu Thr Leu Ser 820 825 830

Pro Tyr Tyr Lys Arg Tyr Ile Ser Trp Cys Met Trp Trp Leu Gln Tyr \$835\$ \$840\$ \$845

Phe Leu Thr Arg Val Glu Ala Gln Leu His Val Trp Val Pro Pro Leu 850 855 860

Asn Val Arg Gly Gly Arg Asp Ala Val Ile Leu Leu Met Cys Val Val 865 870 875 880

- His Pro Thr Leu Val Phe Asp Ile Thr Lys Leu Leu Leu Ala Ile Phe 885 890 890
- Gly Pro Leu Trp Ile Leu Gln Ala Ser Leu Leu Lys Val Pro Tyr Phe 900 905 910
- Val Arg Val Gln Gly Leu Leu Arg Ile Cys Ala Leu Ala Arg Lys Ile 915 920 925
- Ala Gly Gly His Tyr Val Gln Met Ala Ile Ile Lys Leu Gly Ala Leu 930 935 940
- Thr Gly Thr Tyr Val Tyr Asn His Leu Thr Pro Leu Arg Asp Trp Ala 945 950 955 960
- His Asn Gly Leu Arg Asp Leu Ala Val Ala Val Glu Pro Val Val Phe
 965 970 975
- Ser Arg Met Glu Thr Lys Leu Ile Thr Trp Gly Ala Asp Thr Ala Ala 980 985 990
- Cys Gly Asp Ile Ile Asn Gly Leu Pro Val Ser Ala Arg Arg Gly Gln 995 1000 1005
- Glu Ile Leu Leu Gly Pro Ala Asp Gly Met Val Ser Lys Gly Trp Arg 1010 1015 1020
- Leu Leu Ala Pro Ile Thr Ala Tyr Ala Gln Gln Thr Arg Gly Leu Leu 1025 1030 1035 1040
- Gly Cys Ile Ile Thr Ser Leu Thr Gly Arg Asp Lys Asn Gln Val Glu 1045 1050 1055
- Gly Glu Val Gln Ile Val Ser Thr Ala Thr Gln Thr Phe Leu Ala Thr 1060 1065 1070
- Cys Ile Asn Gly Val Cys Trp Thr Val Tyr His Gly Ala Gly Thr Arg 1075 1080 1085
- Thr Ile Ala Ser Pro Lys Gly Pro Val Ile Gln Met Tyr Thr Asn Val
- Asp Gln Asp Leu Val Gly Trp Pro Ala Pro Gln Gly Ser Arg Ser Leu 1105 1110 1115 1120
- Thr Pro Cys Thr Cys Gly Ser Ser Asp Leu Tyr Leu Val Thr Arg His 1125 1130 1135

- Ala Asp Val Ile Pro Val Arg Arg Arg Gly Asp Ser Arg Gly Ser Leu 1140 1145 1150
- Leu Ser Pro Arg Pro Ile Ser Tyr Leu Lys Gly Ser Ser Gly Gly Pro 1155 \$1160\$
- Leu Leu Cys Pro Ala Gly His Ala Val Gly Leu Phe Arg Ala Ala Val
- Cys Thr Arg Gly Val Ala Lys Ala Val Asp Phe Ile Pro Val Glu Asn 1185 1190 1195 1200
- Leu Gly Thr Thr Met Arg Ser Pro Val Phe Thr Asp Asn Ser Ser Pro 1205 1210 1215
- Pro Ala Val Pro Gln Ser Phe Gln Val Ala His Leu His Ala Pro Thr \$1220\$ \$1225\$ \$1230\$
- Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Thr Lys Val Pro Ala Ala Tyr Ala Ala Gln Gly 1235 1240 1245
- Tyr Lys Val Leu Val Leu Asn Pro Ser Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Gly Phe 1250 1255 1260
- Gly Ala Tyr Met Ser Lys Ala His Gly Val Asp Pro Asn Ile Arg Thr 1265 1270 1275 1280
- Gly Val Arg Thr Ile Thr Thr Gly Ser Pro Ile Thr Tyr Ser Thr Tyr 1285 1290 1295
- Gly Lys Phe Leu Ala Asp Gly Gly Cys Ser Gly Gly Ala Tyr Asp Ile $1300 \hspace{1.5cm} 1305 \hspace{1.5cm} 1310$
- Ile Ile Cys Asp Glu Cys His Ser Thr Asp Ala Thr Ser Ile Leu Gly \$1315\$ \$1320\$ \$1325\$
- Ile Gly Thr Val Leu Asp Gln Ala Glu Thr Ala Gly Ala Arg Leu Val 1330 1335 1340
- Val Leu Ala Thr Ala Thr Pro Pro Gly Ser Val Thr Val Ser His Pro 1345 1350 1355 1360
- Asn Ile Glu Val Ala Leu Ser Thr Thr Gly Glu Ile Pro Phe Tyr \$1365\$ \$1370\$ \$1375\$
- Gly Lys Ala Ile Pro Leu Glu Val Ile Lys Gly Gly Arg His Leu Ile 1380 1385 1390

- Phe Cys His Ser Lys Lys Lys Cys Asp Glu Leu Ala Ala Lys Leu Val
- Ala Leu Gly Ile Asn Ala Val Ala Tyr Tyr Arg Gly Leu Asp Val Ser 1410 1415 1420
- Val Ile Pro Thr Ser Gly Asp Val Val Val Val Ser Thr Asp Ala Leu 1425 1430 1435 1440
- Met Thr Gly Phe Thr Gly Asp Phe Asp Ser Val Ile Asp Cys Asn Thr 1445 1450 1455
- Cys Val Thr Gln Thr Val Asp Phe Ser Leu Asp Pro Thr Phe Thr Ile \$1460\$ \$1465\$ \$1470\$
- Glu Thr Thr Leu Pro Gln Asp Ala Val Ser Arg Thr Gln Arg Arg 1475 1480 1485
- Gly Arg Thr Gly Arg Gly Lys Pro Gly Ile Tyr Arg Phe Val Ala Pro 1490 \$1490\$
- Gly Glu Arg Pro Ser Gly Met Phe Asp Ser Ser Val Leu Cys Glu Cys 1505 1510 1515 1520
- Tyr Asp Ala Gly Cys Ala Trp Tyr Glu Leu Thr Pro Ala Glu Thr Thr 1525 1530 1535
- Val Arg Leu Arg Ala Tyr Met Asn Thr Pro Gly Leu Pro Val Cys Gln 1540 1545 1550
- Asp His Leu Glu Phe Trp Glu Gly Val Phe Thr Gly Leu Thr His Ile \$1555\$
- Asp Ala His Phe Leu Ser Gln Thr Lys Gln Ser Gly Glu Asn Phe Pro 1570 1575 1580
- Tyr Leu Val Ala Tyr Gln Ala Thr Val Cys Ala Arg Ala Gln Ala Pro 1585 1590 1595 1600
- Pro Pro Ser Trp Asp Gln Met Trp Lys Cys Leu Ile Arg Leu Lys Pro 1605 1610 1615
- Thr Leu His Gly Pro Thr Pro Leu Leu Tyr Arg Leu Gly Ala Val Gln 1620 1625 1630
- As Glu Val Thr Leu Thr His Pro Ile Thr Lys Tyr Ile Met Thr Cys 1635 1640 1645

- Met Ser Ala Asp Leu Glu Val Val Thr Ser Thr Trp Val Leu Val Gly
- Gly Val Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Tyr Cys Leu Ser Thr Gly Cys Val 1665 1670 1675 1680
- Val Ile Val Gly Arg Ile Val Leu Ser Gly Lys Pro Ala Ile Ile Pro 1685 1690 1695
- Asp Arg Glu Val Leu Tyr Gln Glu Phe Asp Glu Met Glu Glu Cys Ser 1700 1705 1710
- Gln His Leu Pro Tyr Ile Glu Gln Gly Met Met Leu Ala Glu Gln Phe 1715 1720 1725
- Lys Gln Lys Ala Leu Gly Leu Leu Gln Thr Ala Ser Arg His Ala Glu 1730 1735 1740
- Val Ile Thr Pro Ala Val Gln Thr Asn Trp Gln Lys Leu Glu Val Phe 1745 1750 1755 1760
- Trp Ala Lys His Met Trp Asn Phe Ile Ser Gly Ile Gln Tyr Leu Ala 1765 1770 1775
- Gly Leu Ser Thr Leu Pro Gly Asn Pro Ala Ile Ala Ser Leu Met Ala 1780 1785 1790
- Phe Thr Ala Ala Val Thr Ser Pro Leu Thr Thr Gly Gln Thr Leu Leu 1795 1800 1805
- Phe Asn Ile Leu Gly Gly Trp Val Ala Ala Gln Leu Ala Ala Pro Gly 1810 1815 1820
- Ala Ala Thr Ala Phe Val Gly Ala Gly Leu Ala Gly Ala Ala Ile Gly 1825 1830 1835 1840
- Ser Val Gly Leu Gly Lys Val Leu Val Asp Ile Leu Ala Gly Tyr Gly 1845 1850 1855
- Ala Gly Val Ala Gly Ala Leu Val Ala Phe Lys Ile Met Ser Gly Glu 1860 1865 1870
- Val Pro Ser Thr Glu Asp Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Leu Ser 1875 1880 1885
- Pro Gly Ala Leu Val Val Gly Val Val Cys Ala Ala Ile Leu Arg Arg 1890 1895 1900

His Val Gly Pro Gly Glu Gly Ala Val Gln Trp Met Asn Arg Leu Ile 1905 1910 1915 1920

Ala Phe Ala Ser Arg Gly Asn His Val Ser Pro Thr His Tyr Val Pro

Glu Ser Asp Ala Ala Ala Arg Val Thr Ala Ile Leu Ser Ser Leu Thr

Val Thr Gln Leu Leu Arg Arg Leu His Gln Trp Ile Ser Ser Glu Cys 1955 1960 1965

Thr Thr Pro Cys Ser Gly Ser Trp Leu Arg Asp Ile Trp Asp Trp Ile 1970 1975 1980

Cys Glu Val Leu Ser Asp Phe Lys Thr Trp Leu Lys Ala Lys Leu Met 1985 1990 1995 2000

Pro Gln Leu Pro Gly Ile Pro Phe Val Ser Cys Gln Arg Gly Tyr Arg 2005 2010 2015

Gly Val Trp Arg Gly Asp Gly Ile Met His Thr Arg Cys His Cys Gly $2020 \hspace{1cm} 2025 \hspace{1cm} 2030$

Ala Glu Ile Thr Gly His Val Lys Asn Gly Thr Met Arg Ile Val Gly
2035 2040 2045

Pro Arg Thr Cys Arg Asn Met Trp Ser Gly Thr Phe Pro Ile Asn Ala 2050 2055 2060

Tyr Thr Thr Gly Pro Cys Thr Pro Leu Pro Ala Pro Asn Tyr Lys Phe 2065 2070 2075 2080

Ala Leu Trp Arg Val Ser Ala Glu Glu Tyr Val Glu Ile Arg Arg Val $2085 \hspace{1.5cm} 2090 \hspace{1.5cm} 2095$

Gly Asp Phe His Tyr Val Ser Gly Met Thr Thr Asp Asn Leu Lys Cys 2100 2105 2110

Pro Cys Gln Ile Pro Ser Pro Glu Phe Phe Thr Glu Leu Asp Gly Val 2115 2120 2125

Arg Leu His Arg Phe Ala Pro Pro Cys Lys Pro Leu Leu Arg Glu Glu 2130 2135 2140

Val Ser Phe Arg Val Gly Leu His Glu Tyr Pro Val Gly Ser Gln Leu 2145 2150 2155 2160 Pro Cys Glu Pro Glu Pro Asp Val Ala Val Leu Thr Ser Met Leu Thr \$2165\$ \$2170\$ \$2175\$

Asp Pro Ser His Ile Thr Ala Glu Ala Ala Gly Arg Arg Leu Ala Arg \$2180\$ \$2185\$ \$2190

Gly Ser Pro Pro Ser Met Ala Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Gln Leu Ser Ala 2195 2200 2205

Pro Ser Leu Lys Ala Thr Cys Thr Ala Asn His Asp Ser Pro Asp Ala 2210 2215 2220

Glu Leu Ile Glu Ala Asn Leu Leu Trp Arg Gln Glu Met Gly Gly Asn 2225 2230 2235 2240

Ile Thr Arg Val Glu Ser Glu Asn Lys Val Val Ile Leu Asp Ser Phe \$2245\$ \$2250 \$2255\$

Asp Pro Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Asp Glu Arg Glu Val Ser Val Pro Ala 2260 2265 2270

Glu Ile Leu Arg Lys Ser Arg Arg Phe Ala Arg Ala Leu Pro Val Trp 2275 2280 2285

Ala Arg Pro Asp Tyr Asn Pro Pro Leu Val Glu Thr Trp Lys Lys Pro 2290 2295 2300

Asp Tyr Glu Pro Pro Val Val His Gly Cys Pro Leu Pro Pro Pro Arg 2305 2310 2315 2320

Ser Pro Pro Val Pro Pro Pro Arg Lys Lys Arg Thr Val Val Leu Thr 2325 2330 2335

Glu Ser Thr Leu Ser Thr Ala Leu Ala Glu Leu Ala Thr Lys Ser Phe \$2340\$ \$2345\$ \$2350

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Tyr Ser Ser Met Pro Pro Leu Glu Gly Glu Pro Gly Asp Pro Asp Leu 2385 2390 2395 2400

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- Val Val Cys Cys Ser Met Ser Tyr Ser Trp Thr Gly Ala Leu Val Thr \$2420\$ \$2425\$ \$2430\$
- Pro Cys Ala Ala Glu Glu Gln Lys Leu Pro Ile Asn Ala Leu Ser Asn \$2435\$ \$2440\$ \$2445\$
- Ser Leu Leu Arg His His Asn Leu Val Tyr Ser Thr Thr Ser Arg Ser 2450 2455 2460
- Ala Cys Gln Arg Gln Lys Lys Val Thr Phe Asp Arg Leu Gln Val Leu 2465 2470 2475 2480
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- Lys Val Lys Ala Asn Leu Leu Ser Val Glu Glu Ala Cys Ser Leu Thr \$2500\$ \$2505\$ \$2510
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Gly Asp Asp Leu Val Val Ile Cys Glu Ser Ala Gly Val Glu Asp \$2740\$ \$2745\$ \$2750

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Pro Pro Gly Asp Pro Pro Gln Pro Glu Tyr Asp Leu Glu Leu Ile Thr 2770 2775 2780

Ser Cys Ser Ser Asn Val Ser Val Ala His Asp Gly Ala Gly Lys Arg 2785 2790 2795 2800

Val Tyr Tyr Leu Thr Arg Asp Pro Thr Thr Pro Leu Ala Arg Ala Ala 2805 2810 2815

Trp Glu Thr Ala Arg His Thr Pro Val Asn Ser Trp Leu Gly Asn Ile \$2820\$ \$2825\$ \$2830

Ile Met Phe Ala Pro Thr Leu Trp Ala Arg Met Ile Leu Met Thr His $2835 \hspace{1cm} 2845$

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Cys Glu Ile Tyr Gly Ala Cys Tyr Ser Ile Glu Pro Leu Asp Leu Pro 2865 2870 2875 2880

Pro Ile Ile Gln Arg Leu His Gly Leu Ser Ala Phe Ser Leu His Ser 2885 2890 2895

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMA JRK OFFICE

Applicant(s): Masayuki Yanagi, et al.

Serial No. : 09/014,416 Group Art Unit: To be assigned

Filed: January 27, 1998 Examiner: To be assigned

For : CLONED GENOMES OF INFECTIOUS

HEPATITIS C VIRUSES AND USES THEREOF

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Date 30 Beach 1996

Washington, D.C. 20231

ASSOCIATE POWER OF ATTORNEY

Dear Sir:

Pursuant to the provisions of 37 CFR 1.33 and 1.34 and MPEP 402.02, the undersigned attorney of record hereby appoints the following as associate attorneys to prosecute this application, to receive the patent, and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office in connection with the above-identified application:

Kurt E. Richter (Reg. No. 24,052); Eugene Moroz (Reg. No. 25,257); William S. Feiler (Reg. No. 26,728); Israel Blum (Reg. No. 26,710); Bartholomew Verdirame (Reg. No. 28,483); Maria C. H. Lin (Reg. No. 29,232); Eugene C. Rzucidlo (Reg. No. 31,900); Mary J. Morry (Reg. No. 34,498); Kathyn M. Brown (Reg. No. 34,556); Leslie A. Serunian (Reg. No. 35,353); Dorothy R. Auth (Reg. No. 36,434); Richard W. Bork (Reg. No. 36,459); and David V. Rossi (Reg. No. 36,659) of Morgan & Finnegan, L.L.P. whose address is: 345 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10,154.

Respectfully submitted,

Susan S. Rucker

Registration No. 35,762

Patent Branch
Office of Technol Ogy Transfer
National Institutes of Health
Box 13
6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325
Rockville, MD 20852
Tel. No. (301) 49 6-7056

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Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

CHANGE OF CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

Dear Sir:

Please address all future correspondence in the above-identified application to:

William S. Feiler, Esq. Morgan & Finnegan, L.L.P. 345 Park Avenue New York, New York 10154 Tel. No. (212) 758-4800 Fax No. (212) 751-6849

Respectfully submitted,

Date 10 CACCE / 1998.

Susan S. Rucker Registration No. 35,762

Patent Branch Office of Technology National Institutes of Health Box 13 6011 Executive Boulevard, Suite 325 Rockville, Maryland 20852

Tel. No. (301) 496-7056 Fax No. (301) 4O2-0220